

**DUNCAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING LTD**  
**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

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# DUNCAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING LTD

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

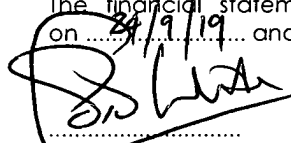
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

|                                                       | Notes | 2018<br>£        | £                | 2017<br>£        | £                |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| <b>Fixed assets</b>                                   |       |                  |                  |                  |                  |
| Tangible assets                                       | 3     |                  | 589              |                  | 881              |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                 |       |                  |                  |                  |                  |
| Debtors                                               | 4     | 2,329,663        |                  | 2,313,401        |                  |
| Cash at bank and in hand                              |       | 126,138          |                  | 101,259          |                  |
|                                                       |       | <u>2,455,801</u> |                  | <u>2,414,660</u> |                  |
| <b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b> | 5     | <u>(200,886)</u> |                  | <u>(183,277)</u> |                  |
| <b>Net current assets</b>                             |       |                  | <u>2,254,915</u> |                  | <u>2,231,383</u> |
| <b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>          |       |                  | <u>2,255,504</u> |                  | <u>2,232,264</u> |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b>                           |       |                  |                  |                  |                  |
| Called up share capital                               | 6     |                  | 112              |                  | 112              |
| Profit and loss reserves                              |       |                  | <u>2,255,392</u> |                  | <u>2,232,152</u> |
| <b>Total equity</b>                                   |       |                  | <u>2,255,504</u> |                  | <u>2,232,264</u> |

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29/12/19 and are signed on its behalf by:



Mr C White  
Director

Company Registration No. 04617243

# DUNCAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Duncan International Trading Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 3 Cygnus Court, Beverley Road, East Midlands Airport, Derbyshire, DE74 2SA.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Reporting period

The company has changed its financial year end from 30 June to 31 December in order to align with its ultimate parent company's year end. The financial statements presented are for the 18 month period ended 31 December 2018 and the comparatives are presented for the 12 month period ended 30 June 2017.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

# DUNCAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

|                       |                   |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Fixtures and fittings | 25% straight line |
|-----------------------|-------------------|

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### 1.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

##### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

# DUNCAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **1.8 Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### **1.9 Taxation**

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

##### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

##### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

# DUNCAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.12 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

#### 1.13 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the income statement for the period.

### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the period was 8 (2017 - 10).

# DUNCAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 3 Tangible fixed assets

|                                    | Fixtures and fittings<br>£ |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                        |                            |
| At 1 July 2017                     | 50,175                     |
| Additions                          | 517                        |
|                                    | <hr/>                      |
| At 31 December 2018                | 50,692                     |
|                                    | <hr/>                      |
| <b>Depreciation and impairment</b> |                            |
| At 1 July 2017                     | 49,294                     |
| Depreciation charged in the period | 809                        |
|                                    | <hr/>                      |
| At 31 December 2018                | 50,103                     |
|                                    | <hr/>                      |
| <b>Carrying amount</b>             |                            |
| At 31 December 2018                | 589                        |
|                                    | <hr/>                      |
| At 30 June 2017                    | 881                        |
|                                    | <hr/>                      |

### 4 Debtors

|                                             | 2018<br>£ | 2017<br>£ |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b> |           |           |
| Trade debtors                               | 119,025   | 156,482   |
| Amounts owed by group undertakings          | 2,116,966 | 2,105,332 |
| Other debtors                               | 93,672    | 51,587    |
|                                             | <hr/>     | <hr/>     |
|                                             | 2,329,663 | 2,313,401 |
|                                             | <hr/>     | <hr/>     |

### 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

|                                    | 2018<br>£ | 2017<br>£ |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Trade creditors                    | 127,794   | 85,403    |
| Amounts owed to group undertakings | 9,668     | 55,057    |
| Corporation tax                    | 26,132    | -         |
| Other taxation and social security | 23        | 4,709     |
| Other creditors                    | 37,269    | 38,108    |
|                                    | <hr/>     | <hr/>     |
|                                    | 200,886   | 183,277   |
|                                    | <hr/>     | <hr/>     |

# DUNCAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 6 Called up share capital

|                                   | 2018       | 2017       |
|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|
|                                   | £          | £          |
| <b>Ordinary share capital</b>     |            |            |
| <b>Issued and fully paid</b>      |            |            |
| 112 Ordinary shares of of £1 each | 112        | 112        |
|                                   | <u>112</u> | <u>112</u> |
|                                   | <u>112</u> | <u>112</u> |

### 7 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Mark Rayner FCA.

The auditor was Keens Shay Keens MK LLP.

### 8 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as £7,318 (2017: £900).

### 9 Controlling Party

The immediate parent company is HAE Group Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent company is World Freight Company International SAS, a company registered in France. The company's results are included in the consolidated accounts of World Freight Company International SAS which are publicly available from Zone De Fret 4, 3 Rue Du Cercel Bat 3313, Roissy CDG Aeroport, France, F95705.