Registration number: 04614812

Spring Personal Loans Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

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Company Information

Director J H Margolis

Registered office C/o Anthony Cowen 1ST Floor Stanmore House

15-19 Church Road

Stanmore Middlesex HA7 4AR

Accountants Sterlings Ltd

Chartered Accountants Lawford House

Albert Place London N3 1QA

(Registration number: 04614812) Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	<u> </u>	
		<u> </u>	
Current assets			
Debtors due within one year	<u>5</u>	962,170	930,457
Debtors due after more than one year		618,965	709,939
Cash at bank and in hand		63,645	103,518
		1,644,780	1,743,914
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(8,816,280)	(7,869,107)
Net current liabilities		(7,171,500)	(6,125,193)
Total assets less current liabilities		(7,171,500)	(6,125,193)
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>6</u>	(1,471,060)	(1,761,060)
Net liabilities		(8,642,560)	(7,886,253)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		(8,642,660)	(7,886,353)
Total equity		(8,642,560)	(7,886,253)

For the financial year ending 30 June 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

(Registration number: 04614812) Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2020

Approved and authorised by the director on 4 February 2021		
J H Margolis		
Director		

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: C/o Anthony Cowen 1ST Floor Stanmore House 15-19 Church Road Stanmore Middlesex HA7 4AR United Kingdom

The principal place of business is: Kinetic Business Centre Theobald Street Elstree & Borehamwood Herts WD6 4PJ

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 4 February 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in Pounds Sterling, which is also the functional currency of the Company. Rounding of amounts shown in the financial statements is to the nearest Pound.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The company has net liabilities of the amount shown on the balance sheet. However Fiscal Financing Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, has given assurances that it will continue to support the company for the foreseeable future. On this basis the directors consider that it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis. The accounts do not include any adjustments that would result from a withdrawal of this support.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

Judgements

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described below, management is required to make judgements, estimates, and assumptions about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on judgement and experience together with any other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and any underlying assumptions used are reviewed on a continuing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both the current period and subsequent periods.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received and receivable for interest received on repayments of loans advanced in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Cost of sales represents interest paid and payable on funders' loans together with direct costs.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the initial transaction dates.

Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred corporation tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred corporation tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and on unused tax losses or tax credits in the company. Deferred corporation tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the net carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profit.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Fixtures and fittings

25% straight line

Depreciation is not charged on a tangible fixed asset until it is brought into use.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and eash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for secured loans advanced in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recorded initially at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

Recognition and measurement

A financial instrument is recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument with initial measurement being at the transaction price.

Impairment

Financial assets are assessed for indications of impairment at the end of each accounting period. They are considered to be impaired when there is evidence that the estimated future cash flows of the asset have been affected.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 2 (2019 - 2).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 July 2019	276	276
At 30 June 2020	276	276
Depreciation		
At 1 July 2019	276	276
At 30 June 2020	276	276
Carrying amount		
At 30 June 2020		
At 30 June 2019		
5 Debtors		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	726,407	827,910
Other debtors	854,728	812,486
	1,581,135	1,640,396
Less non-current portion	(618,965)	(709,939)
	962,170	930,457

Trade debtors are the amounts due from borrowers and are secured by legal charges held over land and buildings, in respect of which the company had received professional valuations. Trade debtors are shown net of bad debt provisions of £178,039 (2019 - £178,039).

Details of non-current trade and other debtors

£618,965 (2019 -£709,939) of Trade debtors is classified as non current.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

6 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	8,725,040	7,799,366
Taxation and social security		70,780	52,293
Accruals and deferred income		19,192	14,547
Other creditors		1,268	2,901
		8,816,280	7,869,107

The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £10,196,100 (2019 - £9,560,426). Other creditors comprise a loan from Fiscal Financing Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. The loan facility is for a maximum of £30,000,000. Interest is payable six months in arrears. Fiscal Financing Limited holds a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than on	e year			
		Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		<u>8</u>	1,471,060	1,761,060
7 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
8 Loans and borrowings			2020	2010
			2020 £	2019 £
Non-current loans and borrowings			~	~
Other borrowings			1,471,060	1,761,060
			2020	2019
			£	£
Current loans and borrowings			0.725.040	7 700 344
Other borrowings			8,725,040	7,799,366

9 Dividends

The directors are proposing no final dividend. No dividend has been accrued in the Balance Sheet.

10 Related party transactions

Other related party transactions

During the year the company made the following related party transactions:

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

J H Margolis, a director of the company, is also a director of Clermont Consultants (UK) Limited. During the year the company incurred fees amounting to £6,510 (2019 - £13,332) for accountancy and bookkeeping services performed by Clermont Consultants (UK) Limited.

N C Epstein, a director of the company, has a loan account from the company for the sum of £Nil (2019 - £32,502). This balance is included within other debtors. Interest was charged in respect of the loan in the amount of £569 (2019 - £792). The loan account balance amounting to £33,071 was written off at the date of death of the director.

11 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Whithaven Investments Limited, incorporated in England and Wales. The ultimate parent is Whithaven Investments Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

Albert Place

Lathindocument was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the Neggistrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.