LINDA KOSCIA LIMITED

Registered number: 04606514

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2016

	Notes		2016		2015
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		200		266
Current assets					
Stocks		1,500		1,425	
Debtors	3	9,648		6,724	
Cash at bank and in hand		23,880		34,241	
	_	35,028	-	42,390	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(7,254)		(7,533)	
Net current assets	_		27,774		34,857
Net assets		_	27,974	_	35,123
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			27,874		35,023
Shareholders' funds		_	27,974	_	35,123

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

LINDA KOSCIA

Director

Approved by the board on 26 February 2017

LINDA KOSCIA LIMITED

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 December 2016

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

25% written down value

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and

investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2 Tangible fixed assets

			Plant and machinery etc
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 January 2016		3,220
	At 31 December 2016		3,220
	Depreciation		
	At 1 January 2016		2,954
	Charge for the year		66
	At 31 December 2016		3,020
	Net book value		
	At 31 December 2016		200
	At 31 December 2015		266
3	Debtors	2016	2015
		£	£
	Trade debtors	8,994	5,836
	Other debtors	654	888
		9,648	6,724
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2016	2015
		£	£
	Corporation tax	6,729	7,533
	Other creditors	525	-
		7,254	7,533

5 Other information

LINDA KOSCIA LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

WEDGEWOOD

MAPLEDRAKES ROAD

EWHURST

SURREY

GU6 7QW

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