

Registered Number 04604312

Impact Services Northern Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

28 February 2014

Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2014

	Notes	2014	2013
		£	£
Fixed assets	2		
Tangible		8,003	9,121
		<u>8,003</u>	<u>9,121</u>
Current assets			
Debtors		1,133,037	859,885
Cash at bank and in hand		64,808	58,958
Total current assets		<u>1,197,845</u>	<u>918,843</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(1,073,874)	(827,561)
Net current assets (liabilities)		123,971	91,282
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>131,974</u>	<u>100,403</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	3	(13,000)	(18,963)
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>118,974</u>	<u>81,440</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4	100	100

Profit and loss account	118,874	81,340
Shareholders funds	<u>118,974</u>	<u>81,440</u>

- a. For the year ending 28 February 2014 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 28 November 2014

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr S McBride, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 28 February 2014

1 Accounting policies**Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax, together with service contract revenue which is recognised as contractual activity progresses, and is derived from the ordinary activities of the company which is that of the provision of security services. Revenue is recognised on the completion of services on an accruals basis.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are

debited direct to equity.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant & Machinery	0% Method for Plant & equipment
Fixtures & Fittings	0% Method for Fixtures & fittings
Motor Vehicles	0% Method for Motor vehicles

2 Fixed Assets

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
At 01 March 2013	87,900	87,900
Additions	1,548	1,548
At 28 February 2014	<u>89,448</u>	<u>89,448</u>
Depreciation		
At 01 March 2013	78,779	78,779
Charge for year	2,666	2,666
At 28 February 2014	<u>81,445</u>	<u>81,445</u>
Net Book Value		
At 28 February 2014	8,003	8,003
At 28 February 2013	<u>9,121</u>	<u>9,121</u>

3 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

4 Share capital

	2014	2013
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100

Approved and authorised for issue

**Allotted, called up and fully
paid:**

100 Ordinary of £1 each

100

100

**Directors' current
accounts**

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Mr A Platt had an interest free loan with the company during the year. The amount due was £125 (2013 - £125). The maximum balance outstanding during the year was £125.