Registered Number 04604312

Impact Services Northern Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

29 February 2016

Impact Services Northern Limited

Registered Number 04604312

Balance Sheet as at 29 February 2016

	Notes	2016		2015	
Fixed assets	2	£	£	£	£
Tangible			36,238		39,280
			36,238	-	39,280
			00,200		03,200
Current assets					
Debtors		2,015,870		1,414,458	
Cash at bank and in hand		147,707		89,875	
Total current assets		2,163,577		1,504,333	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(1,891,849)		(1,348,361)	
Net current assets (liabilities)			271,728		155,972
				_	
Total assets less current liabilities			307,966		195,252
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one					
year	3		(17,342)		(21,108)
Total net assets (liabilities)		-	290,624	_	174,144
		•	· .	-	· ·
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	4		100		100

Profit and loss account	290,524	174,044
Shareholders funds	290,624	174,144

- a. For the year ending 29 February 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 30 November 2016

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr S McBride, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 29 February 2016

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax, together with service contract revenue which is recognised as contractual activity progresses, and is derived from the ordinary activities of the company which is that of the provision of security services. Revenue is recognised on the completion of services on an accruals basis.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the

contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant & Machinery 25% Reducing balance
Fixtures & Fittings 25% Reducing balance
Motor Vehicles 25% Reducing balance

2 Fixed Assets

	Tangible	Total	
	Assets	iotai	
Cost or valuation	£	£	
At 01 March 2015	133,819	133,819	
Additions	21,023	21,023	
Disposals	(15,982)	(15,982)	
At 29 February 2016	138,860	138,860	
Depreciation			
At 01 March 2015	94,539	94,539	
Charge for year	15,076	15,076	
On disposals	(6,993)	(6,993)	
At 29 February 2016	102,622	102,622	
Net Book Value			
At 29 February 2016	36,238	36,238	
At 28 February 2015	39,280	39,280	

 $_{\mbox{\footnotesize 3}}$ Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

4 Share capital

	2016	2015
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100