# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

**COUNTYWIDE J9 M6 (NO.2) LIMITED** 

**FOR** 

\*A48QU62X\* A06 03/06/2015 # COMPANIES HOUSE

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### **COUNTYWIDE J9 M6 (NO.2) LIMITED**

# COMPANY INFORMATION for the year ended 30 September 2014

**DIRECTORS:** 

A C Gallagher

G H Gosling

**SECRETARY:** 

S A Burnett

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

15 Hockley Court

Stratford Road Hockley Heath

Solihull

West Midlands B94 6NW

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

04604119 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Birmingham United Kingdom

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

for the year ended 30 September 2014

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2014.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of property investment, and the company disposed of its investment property during the year.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 October 2013 to the date of this report.

A C Gallagher G H Gosling

#### **GOING CONCERN**

The financial statements have been prepared other than on a going concern basis, due to the company's discontinued operations. The company will remain active until such time as all debts have been cleared, and as such the directors will maintain the company as non-trading.

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS for the year ended 30 September 2014

#### **AUDITORS**

Deloitte LLP were re-appointed as auditors during the year and have indicated their willingness to be re-appointed for another term. Appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be re-appointed as auditors in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

The Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to small companies exemption under Section 415A of the Companies Act 2006, which also provides an exemption from the preparation of a strategic report.

### ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

G H Gosling - Director

10 December 2014

# REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF COUNTYWIDE J9 M6 (NO.2) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Countywide J9 M6 (No.2) Limited for the year ended 30 September 2014 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet and related notes 1 to 18. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2014 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Emphasis of matter - Financial statements prepared other than on a going concern

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 1 to the financial statements, which explains that the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern.

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

# REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF COUNTYWIDE J9 M6 (NO.2) LIMITED

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Jonathan Dodworth (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Birmingham

United Kingdom

10 December 2014

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 30 September 2014

N	otes	30.9.14 £	30.9.13 £
TURNOVER		973,626	2,412,414
Cost of sales		(1,235,565)	(79,867)
GROSS (LOSS)/PROFIT		(261,939)	2,332,547
Administrative expenses		(19,713)	(24,438)
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	3	(281,652)	2,308,109
Loss on sale of revalued freehold investment property		(252,475)	<del>-</del>
		(534,127)	2,308,109
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	4 5	54,841 (764,675)	36,143 (1,419,733)
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(1,243,961)	924,519
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	6	157,051	(353,776)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	17	(1,086,910)	570,743

# DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

All of the company's activities were discontinued during the current year.

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES for the year ended 30 September 2014

	30.9.14 £	30.9.13 £
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR Revaluation of freehold	(1,086,910)	570,743
investment property	<del>_</del>	89,500
TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES RELATING TO THE YEAR	(1,086,910)	660,243
NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND for the year ended 30 September 2014	LOSSES	
	30.9.14 £	30.9.13 £
REPORTED (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Realisation of property revaluation gains of previous	(1,243,961)	924,519
years	13,413,218	-
HISTORICAL COST PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	12,169,257	924,519
HISTORICAL COST PROFIT FOR THE YEAR RETAINED AFTER TAXATION AND DIVIDENDS	5,326,308	570,743
	<u> </u>	

# BALANCE SHEET 30 September 2014

	Notes	30.9.14 £	30.9.13 £
FIXED ASSETS		•	
Tangible assets	8	-	50,860,000
CURRENT ASSETS			•
Debtors	9	19,824	5,303,300
Cash at bank	9	89,010	808,305
Casii at balik			
		108,834	6,111,605
CREDITORS		• • •	, ,
Amounts falling due within one year	10	(2,500)	(19,875,748)
		<del></del>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILI	TIES)	106,334	(13,764,143)
			·
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			47.005.057
LIABILITIES	(	106,334	37,095,857
CREDITORS	,		
Amounts falling due after more than on	10		
year	11	_	(28,861,000)
year	11		(20,001,000)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	13	. •	(41,613)
NET ASSETS		106,334	8,193,244
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		_	_
Called up share capital	14	2	2
Revaluation reserve	15	-	13,413,218
Profit and loss account	15	106,332	(5,219,976)
CHADEHOLDEDCI EUNDC	17	106 224	9 102 244
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17	106,334	8,193,244

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 10 December 2014 and were signed on its behalf by:

G H Gosling - Director

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 September 2014

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Accounting convention**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by revaluation of investment properties in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. In order to show a true and fair view, the company's accounting policy in respect of investment properties departs from the requirement of the Companies Act 2006. Details of this departure are given below. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently in both periods, is set out below.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared other than on a going concern basis, due to the company's discontinued operations. The company will remain active until such time as all debts have been cleared, and as such the directors will maintain the company as non-trading.

#### Cash flow statement

The company is a subsidiary of Gallagher Investments Holdco Limited and is included in the consolidated accounts of Gallagher Investments Holdco Limited, which are publicly available. Consequently, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS1 (revised) - 'Cash flow statements'.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents rental income receivable, service charges and other recoveries from investment properties in the United Kingdom.

In circumstances where a tenant has been given an incentive to enter into a lease by way of a payment the incentive is included in other debtors and treated as a reduction in rental income. It is amortised on a straight line basis over the period from term commencement to the date of the first rent review in accordance with UITF 28. Similarly, where an incentive is given to a tenant by way of a rent free period the total rental income receivable for the period to the first rent review is recognised on a straight line basis from term commencement to the date of the first rent review in accordance with UITF 28.

#### Cost of sales

Cost of sales represents expenses relating to the servicing of property and collection of rental income.

#### **Taxation**

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Full provision is made on a non-discounted basis for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising due to timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition in the tax computation at the current rate of tax. Deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is considered more likely than not that they will be realised.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2014

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Investment property**

Until investment properties are completed they are included in the financial statements at cost. Once completed open market valuations are performed on an annual basis. The valuations are incorporated into these financial statements with the resulting revaluation adjustments taken to the revaluation reserve.

The Companies Act 2006 requires all properties to be depreciated. However, this requirement conflicts with the generally accepted accounting principle set out in SSAP 19. The directors consider that, because these properties are not held for consumption but for their investment potential, to depreciate them would be inappropriate. The accounting policy adopted is therefore necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount, which might otherwise have been shown, cannot reasonably be separately identified or quantified.

In accordance with SSAP19, where a property valuation at the balance sheet date is less than the historic cost of the property and the directors believe that the decline in value is temporary, then the reduction in value is taken as a deficit on revaluation reserve and is not charged to the profit and loss account.

#### Amortisation of loan issue costs

Costs incurred in respect of obtaining loan finance are disclosed against the bank loan creditor and the costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the loan.

#### 2. STAFF COSTS

There were no direct staff costs for the year ended 30 September 2014 (2013: none).

The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:

		Number	Number
	Directors	2	2
3.	OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT		
	The operating loss (2013 - operating profit) is stated after charging:		
	Auditors' remuneration	30.9.14 £ 1,000	30.9.13 £ 1,500
	Directors' remuneration	<del>_</del>	

30.9.13

30.9.14

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2014

#### 3. OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT - continued

The Auditors' remuneration relates to fees payable to the Company's auditors for the audit of the Company's annual accounts. There were no non-audit services provided to this company in either period.

The directors are paid by Gallagher UK Limited, a company owned by the ultimate shareholder Mr A C Gallagher, and their emoluments are disclosed in the financial statements of that company. No recharge of directors' remuneration is made to this company.

#### 4. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	•	30.9.14 £	30.9.13 £
	Deposit account interest	613	-
	Interest receivable on loans to group		
	undertakings	54,228	36,143
		54,841	36,143
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	30.9.14 £	30.9.13 £
	Bank interest Interest payable on loans	341,046	1,071,309
	from group undertakings	107,054	284,502
	Amortisation of loan issue costs	316,575	63,922
		764,675	1,419,733

#### 6. TAXATION

#### Analysis of the tax (credit)/charge

The tax (credit)/charge on the loss on ordinary activities for the year was as follows:				
	30.9.14	30.9.13		
	£	£		
Current tax:				
UK corporation tax	-	355,393		
Group relief	(115,439)	3,975		
Prior year corporation tax	-	(6,479)		
Group relief prior year	1	6,312		
Total current tax	(115,438)	359,201		
Deferred tax	(41,613)	(5,425)		
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	<u>(157,051</u> )	353,776		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2014

#### 6. TAXATION - continued

The current corporation tax charge differs from the standard UK corporation tax rate applied to the profit for the year. The differences are:

	30.9.14	30.9.13
	£	£
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of 22% (2013:		
23.5%)	(273,638)	217,249
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	353,880	142,953
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	35,195	(834)
Prior year tax	1	(167)
	115,438	359,201

Legislation reducing the main rate of corporation tax to 23% with effect from 1 April 2014 was substantively enacted on 17 July 2013. Accordingly, the current period tax charge has been provided for at an effective rate of 22% for the year ended 30 September 2014.

On 17 July 2013, legislation reducing the main rate of corporation tax to 20% from 1 April 2015 was enacted and therefore deferred tax assets and liabilities have been provided for at a rate of 20% in these financial statements.

7. <b>DIVIDENDS</b>	
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	30.9.14	30.9.13
	£	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each		
Interim	7,000,000	

### 8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	investment property £
COST OR VALUATION At 1 October 2013 Disposals	50,860,000 (50,860,000)
At 30 September 2014	<del>_</del>
NET BOOK VALUE At 30 September 2014	
At 30 September 2013	50,860,000

Freehold

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2014

#### 8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

The carrying value of fixed asset properties was reviewed by the directors in accordance with the group's accounting policy.

The historic cost of tangible fixed assets is £Nil (2013: £37,446,782).

Freehold investment properties are held for letting.

9.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
,		30.9.14	30.9.13
		£	£
	Trade debtors	4,857	105,780
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	14,967	3,676,168
	Prepayments and accrued income	-	1,521,352
		19,824	5,303,300
		,	
10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		30.9.14	30.9.13
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12)	-	524,526
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	18,179,578
	Corporation tax	-	275,393
	Accruals and deferred income	2,500	896,251
		2.500	10 975 749
	=	2,500	19,875,748
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN		
	ONE YEAR	20.0.14	20.0.12
		30.9.14	30.9.13
	D 11 ( 10)	£	£
	Bank loans (see note 12)	-	28,861,000

The bank loan in 2013 was on normal commercial terms and was secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. The company was a joint borrower and party to an £60 million bank loan facility with Countywide J9 M6 Limited and a cross guarantee with both companies had been put in place, but in 2014 this loan was repaid by these companies.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2014

### 12. LOANS

	C 41	. •.	C 1	•	•	1 1
An analysis	of the i	maturity	of loans	18	given	below:

		30.9.14 £	30.9.13 £
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: Bank loans Deferred issue costs	<u>-</u>	600,000 (75,474)
			524,526
	Amounts falling due between one and two years: Bank loans Deferred issue costs	<u>.</u>	600,000 (75,474)
			524,526
	Amounts falling due between two and five years: Bank loans Deferred issue costs	- -	28,500,000 (163,526)
			28,336,474
	Totals: Bank loans Deferred issue costs	 - -	29,700,000 (314,474) 29,385,526
13.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	30.9.14	30.9.13
	Deferred tax	£	£ 41,613
			Deferred tax £
	Balance at 1 October 2013 Utilised during year		41,613 (41,613)
	Balance at 30 September 2014		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2014

#### 14. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Allotted, iss Number:	ued and fully paid: Class:	Nominal value:	30.9.14 £	30.9.13 £
	2	Ordinary	£1	2	2
15.	RESERVES	5			
		·	Profit		
			and loss	Revaluation	
			account	reserve	Totals
			£	£	£
	At 1 Octobe	r 2013	(5,219,976)	13,413,218	8,193,242
	Deficit for the	ne year	(1,086,910)	-	(1,086,910)
	Transfer bet	ween reserves	13,413,218	(13,413,218)	-
	Dividends		(7,000,000)	-	(7,000,000)
	At 30 Septer	mber 2014	106,332	<del>_</del>	106,332

#### 16. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 8 - 'Related party disclosures', not to disclose transactions with other group companies, as it is a wholly owned subsidiary within a consolidated group.

There are no other related party disclosures to be made other than disclosed in these financial statements concerning the year ended 30 September 2014 (2013: None).

### 17. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

(Loss)/profit for the financial year Dividends	30.9.14 £ (1,086,910) (7,000,000)	\$0.9.13 £ 570,743
Other recognised gains and losses relating to the year (net)	(8,086,910)	570,743
Net (reduction)/addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	(8,086,910) 8,193,244	660,243 7,533,001
Closing shareholders' funds	106,334	8,193,244

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2014

### 18. **CONTROLLING PARTY**

Countywide J9M6 (No. 2) Limited is a subsidiary of Gallagher Investments Holdco Limited (incorporated in England and Wales). The ultimate controlling party of the company is Mr A C Gallagher by virtue of his ownership of the entire share capital of the parent undertaking.