Registration number: 04599083

Virpra Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2019

Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>	
Accountants' Report	2	
Abridged Balance Sheet	<u>3</u> to <u>4</u>	
Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements	<u>5</u> to <u>8</u>	

Company Information

Directors Mr D Bhatti

Mrs P Bhatti

Company secretary Mrs P Bhatti

Registered office D S House

306 High Street

Croydon Surrey CR0 1NG

Accountants DSK Partners LLP

Chartered Accountants

DS House 306 High Street Croydon Surrey CR0 1NG

Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of Virpra Limited for the Year Ended 31 August 2019

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Virpra Limited for the year ended 31 August 2019 as set out on pages 3 to 8 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/regulation.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Virpra Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Virpra Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Virpra Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Virpra Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Virpra Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Virpra Limited. You consider that Virpra Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Virpra Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

DSK Partners LLP
Chartered Accountants
DS House
306 High Street
Croydon
Surrey
CR0 1NG

......

27 August 2020

(Registration number: 04599083) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	1,257	1,524
Other financial assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	1,000	1,000
		2,257	2,524
Current assets			
Debtors		3,349,536	3,029,120
Cash at bank and in hand		4,819	1,862
		3,354,355	3,030,982
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(2,421,509)	(2,050,564)
Net current assets		932,846	980,418
Total assets less current liabilities		935,103	982,942
Provisions for liabilities		(239)	(211)
Net assets		934,864	982,731
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		934,764	982,631
Shareholders' funds	_	934,864	982,731

For the financial year ending 31 August 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 27 August 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

(Registration number: 04599083) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2019 (continued)

Mr D Bhatti Director

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: D S House 306 High Street Croydon Surrey CR0 1NG United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 27 August 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2019 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Fixtures and Fittings
Computer Equipment

Depreciation method and rate 15% Reducing balance method 25% Reducing balance method

Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value, derived from the current market prices for comparable real estate determined annually by external valuers. The valuers use observable market prices, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2019 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 5 (2018 - 4).

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2019 (continued)

4 Tangible assets

At 31 August 2019

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 September 2018	8,801	8,801
At 31 August 2019	8,801	8,801
Depreciation		
At 1 September 2018	7,277	7,277
Charge for the year	267	267
At 31 August 2019	7,544	7,544
Carrying amount		
At 31 August 2019	1,257	1,257
At 31 August 2018	1,524	1,524
5 Fixed Asset Investments	Shares in group undertakings £	Total £
Fixed Asset Investments		
Cost or valuation At 1 September 2018	1,000	1,000
At 31 August 2019	1,000	1,000
Impairment		
Carrying amount		

DSK Partners LLP
Chartered Accountants
DS House
306 High Street
Page 8

1,000

1,000

Croydon

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authermating and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.