

The Insolvency Act 1986  
Liquidator's Statement of  
Receipts and Payments  
Pursuant to Section 192 of the  
Insolvency Act 1986

**S.192**

To the Registrar of Companies

For official use

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Company Number

**04598271**

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of  
Company

(a)

**Davison Bedworth**

Limited

(b) Insert full name(s)  
and address(es)

I/We (b)

Giles Richard Frampton  
Richard J Smith & Co  
53 Fore Street  
Ivybridge  
PL21 9AE

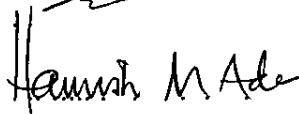
Hamish Millen Adam  
Richard J Smith & Co  
53 Fore Street  
Ivybridge  
PL21 9AE

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of  
Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

date 1 July 2010

Signed



date 1 July 2010

Presenter's name,  
address and  
reference  
(if any)

For official use

Liquidation Section

Post Room

FRIDAY



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A11

02/07/2010

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COMPANIES HOUSE

## Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of company **Davison Bedworth Limited**

Company's registered number **04598271**

State whether members' or creditors voluntary winding up **Member's**

Date of commencement of winding up **2 January 2008**

Date to which this statement is brought down **1 July 2010**

Name and address of liquidator

Giles Richard Frampton  
Richard J Smith & Co  
53 Fore Street  
Ivybridge PL21 9AE

### NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

### Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

### Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

**Liquidator's statement of account  
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986**

**Note:** No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and

Form 4.68 contd.

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount £
12-Apr-10	R J Smith & Co	<b>Brought forward</b>	1,143,828 89
		Liquidators Disbursements	626 96
		VAT	1 22
<b>Carried forward</b>			1,144,457 07

disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

**Analysis of balance**

Total realisations  
Total disbursements

Balance £

£  
1,147,198 24  
1,144,457 07

2,741 17

The balance is made up as follows-

- 1 Cash in hands of liquidator
- 2 Balance at bank
- 3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account

- 4 Amount invested by liquidator  
Less the costs of investment realised

Balance

Total balance as shown above

£

-  
2,741 17

£ 2,741 17

(NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement)

The liquidator should also state -

- (1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

£

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors- including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities -Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Unsecured creditors

536200

- (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash

146000

Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here attach a separate sheet)

None

- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Lease disposal

- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

2 months