

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04592497

**T. E. Gallimore and Sons Limited**

**Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements**

**31 December 2019**

# T. E. Gallimore and Sons Limited

## Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks		4,350	4,350
Debtors	6	7,424	6,578
Cash at bank and in hand		563	1,157
		-----	-----
		12,337	12,085
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	7	12,176	11,937
		-----	-----
<b>Net current assets</b>			161
			----
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			161
			----
<b>Net assets</b>			161
			----

**T. E. Gallimore and Sons Limited**  
**Statement of Financial Position** *(continued)*

**31 December 2019**

	Note	2019 £	£	2018 £
<b>Capital and reserves</b>				
Called up share capital			1	1
Profit and loss account			160	147
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<b>Shareholders funds</b>			161	148
			----	----

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 10 September 2020 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr M. Gallimore

Director

Company registration number: 04592497

# **T. E. Gallimore and Sons Limited**

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### **Year ended 31 December 2019**

#### **1. General information**

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 2 The Nurseries, Linstock, Carlisle, Cumbria, CA6 4RR.

#### **2. Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### **3. Accounting policies**

##### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### **Disclosure exemptions**

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102: (a) Disclosures in respect of each class of share capital have not been presented. (b) No cash flow statement has been presented for the company. (c) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented. (d) Disclosures in respect of share-based payments have not been presented. (e) No disclosure has been given for the aggregate remuneration of key management personnel.

##### **Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

##### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

**Income tax**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

**Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

**Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and Machinery	-	25% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	-	25% reducing balance
Office Equipment	-	25% reducing balance

**Impairment of fixed assets**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

**Stocks**

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

## Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2018: 1 ).

## 5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
<b>Cost</b>				
<b>At 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019</b>	691	3,166	7,316	11,173
	----	-----	-----	-----
<b>Depreciation</b>				
<b>At 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019</b>	691	3,166	7,316	11,173
	----	-----	-----	-----
<b>Carrying amount</b>				
<b>At 31 December 2019</b>	—	—	—	—
	----	-----	-----	-----
At 31 December 2018	—	—	—	—
	----	-----	-----	-----

## 6. Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade debtors	7,388	6,542
Other debtors	36	36
	-----	-----
	7,424	6,578
	-----	-----

## 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	39	512
Corporation tax	1	11
Social security and other taxes	100	36
Other creditors	12,036	11,378
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	12,176	11,937
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## 8. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2019			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr M. Gallimore	( 11,078)	( 658)	( 11,736)
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2018			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr M. Gallimore	( 31)	( 11,047)	( 11,078)
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## 9. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mr M Gallimore throughout the current period. Mr M Gallimore is the managing director and majority shareholder. The dividends shown in these accounts were all paid to Mr M Gallimore. No other transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under FRS 102.



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