Registration number: 4590427

A1 PPP Infrastructure Holdings Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2016

A5F1X7JT
A24 07/09/2016 #176
COMPANIES HOUSE

Contents

	Page(s)
Company Information	1
Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2016	2
Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2016	3 to 4
Independent Auditors' Report to the members of A1 PPP Infrastructure Holdings Limited	5 to 7
Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2016	8
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2016	9
Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2016	10
Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2016	11 to 19

Company Information

Directors

N Rae

PPP Nominee Directors Limited

Company secretary

Semperian Secretariat Services Limited

Registered office

Third Floor

Broad Quay House Prince Street

Bristol BS1 4DJ

Independent Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

2 Glass Wharf

Bristol BS2 0FR

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2016

The strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2016.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company comprises the holding of an investment in a road construction consortium, Road Management Services (Darrington) Holdings Limited. This entity owns the trading company Road Management Services (Darrington) Limited, which has entered into a design, build, finance and operate contract with the Secretary of State for Transport, to upgrade a section of the A1 (M) in Yorkshire.

Results and review of business

The profit for the financial year is set out in the profit and loss account on page 8. The company has continued to received income from its subsidiaries and the directors are satisfied that the company's investments are performing in line with the directors' long term expectations. Accordingly, the carrying value of investments, as shown in the balance sheet, remains supportable, and the prospects for the future are considered to be satisfactory.

Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the company, the principal risks and uncertainties and financial risk management policies are integrated with the principal risks of the Semperian PPP Investment Partners Holdings Limited group of companies ("the group") and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of Semperian PPP Investment Partners Holdings Limited, which include those of the company, are discussed in the Semperian PPP Investment Partners Holdings Limited consolidated report and financial statements which does not form part of this report.

Key performance indicators ('KPIs')

Given the nature of the business, the company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPIs is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

Transition to FRS 102

This is the first year that the company has presented its results under FRS 102. The last financial statements under UK GAAP were for the year ended 31 March 2015. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 April 2014.

The adoption of FRS 102 had no material impact on the financial statements.

2 6 JUL 2016

Approved by the Board on and signed by order of the board:

Semperian Secretar at Services Limited

Company secretary \

2 8 JUL 2016

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

Registration number: 4590427

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016.

Future developments

No significant changes are expected to the company's activities, as set out in the Strategic Report, in the foreseeable future.

Dividends

No dividend was paid during the year (2015: £1,800,000).

Directors of the Company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

N Rae

PPP Nominee Directors Limited

Directors' responsibilities statement

The responsible for preparing the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the prepared the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (FRS 102).

Under company law the must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- notify its shareholders in writing about the use of disclosure exemptions, if any, of FRS 102 used in the preparation of financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Director has taken steps that ought to have taken as a Director in order to make aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information. The that there is no relevant information that of and of which the auditors are unaware.

Reappointment of auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors, have signified their willingness to continue in office.

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

Approved by the Board on and signed by order of the board:

Semperian Secretariat Services Limited Company secretary

St. Jak

2 6 JUL 2016

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of A1 PPP Infrastructure Holdings Limited

Report on the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, A1 PPP Infrastructure Holdings Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

What we have audited

The financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), comprise:

- the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2016;
- the Profit and Loss Account for the year then ended; and
- · the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Other matters on which we are required to report by exception Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of A1 PPP Infrastructure Holdings Limited (continued)

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit Our responsibilities and those of the directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements!

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Paul Nott (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Bristol

Date: 25 August 2016

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Administrative expenses		5	
Operating profit	4	5	-
Income from shares in group undertakings	5	419,334	998,893
Other Interest receivable and similar income	6	590,637	625,100
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(7,714)	(7,452)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,002,262	1,616,541
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(116,586)	(129,706)
Profit for the financial year		885,676	1,486,835

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

The company has no other Comprehensive Income for the year other than the profit for the financial year stated above.

HIM JUL + S

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	9	3,245,083	3,408,893
Current assets			
Debtors: Amounts falling due within one year	10	267,903	1,069
Debtors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	11	5,377,934	4,608,402
		5,645,837	4,609,471
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	12	(116,586)	(129,706)
Net current assets		5,529,251	4,479,765
Total assets less current liabilities		8,774,334	7,888,658
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)
Net assets		5,774,334	4,888,658
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	4,702,502	4,702,502
Profit and loss account		1,071,832	186,156
Total equity		5,774,334	4,888,658

2 8 JUL 2016

Approved and authorised by the Board onand signed by order of the board:

N Rae

Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2016

	Note	Share capital	Profit and loss account	Total Equity.
At 1 April 2014		4,702,502	499,321	5,201,823
Profit for the financial year	٠.	<u> </u>	1,486,835	1,486,835
Total comprehensive income		. · · -	1,486,835	1,486,835
Dividends	14	<u> </u>	(1,800,000)	(1,800,000)
At 31 March 2015		4,702,502	186,156	4,888,658
	Note .	Share capital	Profit and loss account	Total Equity
At 1 April 2015	•	4,702,502	186,156	4,888,658
Profit for the financial year		, -	885,676	885,676
Total comprehensive income		• -	885,676	885,676
At 31 March 2016	· · · · .	4,702,502	1,071,832	5,774,334

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2016

1 General information

The principal activity of the company comprises the holding of an investment in a road construction consortium, Road Management Services (Darrington) Holdings Limited. This entity owns the trading company Road Management Services (Darrington) Limited, which has entered into a design, build, finance and operate contract with the Secretary of State for Transport, to upgrade a section of the A1 (M) in Yorkshire.

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in England.

The address of its registered office is:

Third Floor Broad Quay House Prince Street Bristol BS1 4DJ

The company's functional and presentation currency is the pound sterling.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

Group Accounts not prepared

The financial statements contain information about A1 PPP Infrastructure Holdings Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information. The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial information, under section 401 of the Companies Act 2006, as its results are included in the consolidated financial statements of Semperian PPP Investments Holdings Limited.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Investment income

Investment income may include dividends and interest receivable. Dividends are included, as 'Income from shares in group undertakings', when declared by the paying company. Interest receivable is included, as 'Interest receivable and similar income', on an accruals basis. This heading may also include the amortisation of any premium or discount on the purchase of the loan which has been spread over the life of the loan to determine a effective interest rate.

Fixed asset investments

Investments in equity and subordinated loan notes are held as fixed assets and are stated at cost less an appropriate provision to reflect any impairment in the value of the investments. Premiums and discounts on subordinated loan note investments have been amortised over the life of the loan to give a constant effective finance rate. Repayments of loans have been disclosed as disposals of fixed asset investments. Any other impairment of fixed assets is reflected as impairment charges. Where an equity investment has fixed return the premium paid for the equity has been amortised in proportion to the actual dividends to total dividends.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Financial Instruments

The company has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

(i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables, finance debtors, cash and bank balances, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

(ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions. These exemptions are:

- (i) the requirement to prepare a statement of cash flows;
- (ii) certain financial instrument disclosures providing equivalent disclosures are included in the consolidated financial statements of the group in which the entity is consolidated;
- (iii) the requirement to disclose related party transactions, with the members of the same group, that are wholly owned;
- (iv) the requirement to provide consolidated financial statements.

3 Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

Judgements, estimates and associated assumptions are based upon historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. Actual results may subsequently differ from these estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

3 Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty (continued)

The judgements, estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to the accounting estimates made are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Certain critical accounting judgements, adopted by management, in applying the company's accounting policies are described below:

Impairment of investments

Management makes an estimate of the likely recoverable value of investments by considering factors including the historic, and future forecasts of, performance of the respective investment. See note 9 for the carrying value of the investments.

4 Operating profit

The company had no employees, other than the directors, during the year (2015: none). The emoluments of the directors are paid by the controlling parties. The directors services to this company and to a number of fellow group companies are primarily of a non executive nature and their emoluments are deemed to be wholly attributable to the controlling parties. The controlling parties charged £nil (2015: £nil) to the company in respect of these services.

The audit fee has been borne on the Company's behalf by a related company, Semperian Capital Management Limited, for which no recharge has been made during the current or previous year.

The audit fee in respect of the company was £nil for the year (2015: £nil).

5 Income from shares in group undertakings

Income from shares in group undertakings	2016 £ 419,334	2015 £ 998,893
6 Other Interest receivable and similar income		•
Other interest receivable and similar income	2016 £	2015 £
Interest income on subordinated debt	590,637	625,100
7 Interest payable and similar charges		
	2016	2015
Interest payable on loans from group undertakings	7,714	7,452

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

8 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

(a) Tax expense included in profit or loss

	2016 £	2015 £
Current taxation UK corporation tax	116.586	129.706
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	116,586	129,706

(b) Reconciliation of tax charge

The tax on profit on ordinary activities before taxation for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2015: lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 20% (2015: 21%).

The differences are reconciled below:

:			•		•	2016 £	2015 £
Profit on ordinary ac	tivities before	taxation	•			1,002,262	1,616,541
Corporation tax at sta Income not subject to	•					200,452 (83,866)	339,474 (209,768)
Total tax charge	tax ·			. •		116,586	129,706

(c) Tax rate changes

A change to the UK corporation tax rate was announced in the Chancellor's Budget on 16 March 2016. The change announced is to reduce the main rate to 17% from 1 April 2020. Changes to reduce the UK corporation tax rate to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 18% from 1 April 2020 had already been substantively enacted on 26 October 2015.

As the change to 17% had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date its effects are not included in these financial statements.

9 Investments

			Equity	Subordinated debt	Total
Cost and net book value:		•	£	£	£
At 1 April 2015		* · · ·	130,062	3,278,831	3,408,893
Debt repayments	•		• · · · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. (163,810)	(163,810)
At 31 March 2016			130,062	3,115,021	3,245,083

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

9 Investments (continued)

The equity investment consist of £130,062 (£1 Ordinary Shares) held in Road Management Services (Darrington) Holdings Limited, a road construction consortium registered in England and Wales, which represents 25% of its capital.

The principal activity of Road Management Services (Darrington) Holdings Limited is to hold an investment in Road Management Services (Darrington) Limited.

10 Debtors: Amounts falling due within one year

		2016 £	2015 £
Amounts owed by group undert	akings	267,903	1,069
11 Debtors: Amounts falling	lue after more than one year		•
Amounts owed by group undert	akings	2016 £ 5,377,934	2015 £ 4,608,402
12 Creditors			
		2016 £	2015 £
Amounts falling Due within o	ie year		
Group relief		116,586	129,706
Amounts falling Due after mo	re than one vear		,
Amounts owed to group underta		. 3,000,000 .	3,000,000

Amounts owed to group undertakings bears interest at LIBID less 30 basis points and is repayable by 31 March 2035.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

13 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

Anotted, caned up and juny par		2016	6	201:	5
		No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each		4,702,502	4,702,502	4,702,502	4,702,502
14 Dividends		,	•.		
	:			2016 £	2015 £
Final dividend of nil (2015: £1,80	00,000 £	EO. per ordinary sha	are)		1,800,000

15 Related party transactions

As a wholly owned subsidiary of Semperian PPP Investment Partners Holdings Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 102 - paragraph 33.1A of the requirement to disclose transactions between it and other group companies.

The company holds investments in associates and subsidiaries under 100% (see note 17). All transactions with these related parties have been conducted in the normal course of business. The table below discloses the aggregated related party transactions and balances with these companies.

	·	•	 Year ended 31 March 2016 £	Year ended 31 March 2015 £
Dividend Income	 <u>.</u>		419,334	998,893
Interest Income		٠.	323,796	3.40,190

The balance outstanding for equity investment and subordianted loan notes due from associates are disclosed in note 9.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

16 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Semperian PPP Investment Partners No.2 Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent and controlling party is Semperian PPP Investment Partners Holdings Limited, incorporated in Jersey. The smallest group and largest group to consolidate these financial statements is Semperian PPP Investment Partners Holdings Limited.

These financial statements are available upon request from the Company Secretary at Third Floor, Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BS1 4DJ.

17 Subsidiary and related undertakings

The company holds investments in the following undertakings incorporated in the UK:

Direct investment undertakings	Activities	of ordinary shares held
Road Management Services (Darrington) Holdings Limited	Investment holding company	25
Indirect investment undertakings	Activities	Percentage of ordinary shares held
Road Management Services (Darrington) Limited	Intermediate investment holding company	25
Road Management Services (Finance) Plc	Road services	25

Parcentage

The equity investment consists of 130,062 (2015: 130,062) £1 ordinary share held in Road Management Services (Darrington) Holdings Limited, a road construction consortium registered in England and Wales, which represents 25% of its share capital.

The principal activity of Road Management Services (Darrington) Holdings Limited is to hold investment in Road Management Services (Darrington) Limited.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

18 Transition to FRS 102

This is the first year that the company has presented its results under FRS 102. The last financial statements under the UK GAAP were for the year ended 31 March 2015. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 April 2014. Under UK GAAP, the company has previously shown its various income streams within turnover and the amortisation of premiums paid to acquire loans within administrative expenses. On adoption of FRS 102 the company has shown dividends from subsidiaries and interest income as separate line items within in the profit and loss account, and amortisation of loan premiums is now required to be included within interest income as part of the effective interest rate on the loan investment. This change is presentational only and has had no impact on the profit for the year. There were no other adjustments to the company profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2015 or the company balance sheet at 1 April 2014 or 31 March 2015 on transition to FRS 102. Accordingly, no reconciliation is presented.