Registration number: 04571675

# CONFINED SPACE CONTRACT SERVICES (UK) LIMITED

Filleted Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2022

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## **Company Information**

**Director** M Lemon

Registered office Suite 6, Birtley Business Centre

Station Lane

Birtley

Tyne and Wear DH3 1QT

Bankers Natwest

The Galleries Washington Centre Washington Tyne and Wear NE38 7SG

Accountants Azets

Bulman House Regent Centre Gosforth

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE3 3LS

# (Registration number: 04571675) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 July 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets		440.047	444.044
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	148,817	141,241
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	8,419	8,800
Debtors	<u>5</u> <u>6</u>	452,373	584,373
Cash at bank and in hand		1,219,004	900,861
		1,679,796	1,494,034
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(344,413)	(505,883)
Net current assets		1,335,383	988,151
Total assets less current liabilities		1,484,200	1,129,392
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(199,966)	(276,038)
Provisions for liabilities		(28,976)	(17,870)
Net assets		1,255,258	835,484
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Capital redemption reserve		308	308
Profit and loss account		1,254,850	835,076
Total equity	_	1,255,258	835,484

For the financial year ending 31 July 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Income Statement has been taken.

The notes on pages  $\underline{4}$  to  $\underline{9}$  form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 04571675)
Statement of Financial Position as at 31 July 2022 (continued)

Approved and authorised by the director on 25 October 2022
MI aman
M Lemon
Director

### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2022

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is Suite 6, Birtley Business Centre, Station Lane, Birtley, Tyne and Wear, DH3 1QT.

#### 2 Accounting policies

### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention.

These financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through cash generated from operations and external borrowings. The company's forecasts and projections for the next twelve months show that the company should be able to continue in operational existence for that period, taking into account reasonable possible changes in trading performance.

Based on the factors set out above the director believes that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2022 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Government grants

Government grants are recognised based on the accrual model and are measured at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are classified as relating either to revenue or to assets. Grants relating to revenue are recognised in income over the period in which the related costs are recognised. Grants relating to assets are recognised over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income.

Other operating income includes £1,037 (2021 - £47,407) UK Government assistance provided through the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme during the Covid-19 pandemic.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Plant and machinery

Fixtures and fittings

Office equipment

Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate
15% reducing balance
20% reducing balance
33% reducing balance
25% reducing balance

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2022 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the income statement over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the income statement and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2022 (continued)

### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 23 (2021 - 23 ).

#### 4 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Plant and machinery £	Office equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 August 2021	8,068	61,367	18,098	132,955	220,488
Additions				44,649	44,649
At 31 July 2022	8,068	61,367	18,098	177,604	265,137
Depreciation					
At 1 August 2021	4,501	22,069	13,396	39,281	79,247
Charge for the year	712	5,895	1,552	28,914	37,073
At 31 July 2022	5,213	27,964	14,948	68,195	116,320
Carrying amount					
At 31 July 2022	2,855	33,403	3,150	109,409	148,817
At 31 July 2021	3,567	39,298	4,702	93,674	141,241

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2022 (continued)

5 Stocks			
		2022	2021
		£	£
Other inventories		8,419	8,800
6 Debtors			
		2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors		452,373	583,336
Other debtors		<u>-</u>	1,037
		452,373	584,373
7 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
•		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	8	77,693	115,229
Trade creditors	_	92,259	218,101
Taxation and social security		66,746	67,013
Accruals and deferred income		2,920	3,950
Other creditors		2,075	1,963
Corporation tax liability		102,720	97,905
Director's loan account		<u> </u>	1,722
		344,413	505,883
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	199,966	276,038

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2022 (continued)

### 8 Loans and borrowings

	2022	2021
Constant leaves and heaves there	£	£
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	50,000	92,353
Hire purchase and finance lease liabilities	27,693	22,876
	77,693	115,229
	2022	2021
	£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	158,333	219,813
Hire purchase and finance lease liabilities	41,633	56,225
	199,966	276,038

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.