DEVONSHIRE ADMINISTRATION LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

THURSDAY



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14/10/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2009

		2	009	20	008
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	2	12,933		167,224	
Cash at bank and in hand		23,423		7,047 ———	
		36,356		174,271	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	i e	(188,522)		(66,962)	
Total assets less current liabilities			(152,166)		107,309
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			(1,450,000)		(1,450,000)
more than one you.			·		
			(1,602,166)		(1,342,691) ————
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	3		50,000		50,000
Profit and loss account			(1,652,166) ————		(1,392,691)
Shareholders' funds			(1,602,166)		(1,342,691)

For the financial year ended 31 December 2009 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 Companies Act 2006. No member of the company has deposited a notice, pursuant to section 476, requiring an audit of these financial statements under the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act and for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

Approved by the Board for issue on 28 September 2010

Mr S Farrugia

Director

Company Registration No 4565061

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

1 Accounting policies

11 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Although the company has incurred losses in the current period, these have been anticipated by the directors. Further losses have been sustained subsequent to the year end and the directors have formulated plans to curtail these losses and generate profits. The successful implementation of these plans is dependent upon both the continued financial support of the directors and further funding from a related undertaking, Lex Holdings SA.

On the basis of these plans, the directors believe that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis which assumes the company will have sufficient funding to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. If this were not the case, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the value of the balance sheet value of assets to their recoverable amounts, and to provide for further liabilities that might arise and to reclassify fixed assets and any long term liabilities as current assets and liabilities.

12 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

1 3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows.

Computer equipment

33 3% straight line

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

33 3% straight line

14 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term

1.5 Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2 Debtors

Debtors include an amount of £- (2008 - £160,001) which is due after more than one year

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

3	Share capital	2009 £	2008 £
	Authorised 50,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 3,000,000 Preference shares of £1 each	3,000,000 3,050,000	50,000 3,000,000 3,050,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 50,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000