

## **ENSCO U.K. Limited**

# Annual report and financial statements Registered number 4550389 31 December 2014

10/09/2015 COMPANIES HOUSE

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## **Directors and officers**

Directors Julian Richard Hall

Derek Andrew Sangster

Nicolas Jaciuk

Secretaries Julian Richard Hall

Derek Andrew Sangster

Nicolas Jaciuk

Johannes Bernardus Wilhelmus Gerardus Maria van Bohemen

Abogado Nominees Limited

Auditors KPMG LLP

37 Albyn Place Aberdeen AB10 1JB

Solicitors Baker & McKenzie

100 New Bridge Street

London EC4V 6JA

Registered office 100 New Bridge Street

London EC4V 6JA

## Strategic report

#### Principal activities

The principal activity of ENSCO U.K. Limited ("the Company") is the leasing of drilling rigs to other fellow subsidiaries of Ensco plc that provide drilling services to the offshore oil and gas industry.

#### Business model

The Company does not currently own drilling rigs and must lease rigs from a related party which are then sub-leased to another related party performing the contract on a cost plus basis.

#### Business review and results

Turnover increased significantly in 2014 compared with the previous year due to income from the lease of the ENSCO 5006, a semisubmersible rig. The Company also earns interest on the intercompany promissory note of \$1.3bn due to the Company from Ensco Worldwide Investments Limited. Interest is receivable on the unpaid principal balance at 3.8%. The entire principal balance is due on 1 May 2022.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The Company has minimal risks as its services are solely with fellow Ensco group companies.

The principal risks and uncertainties affecting the offshore oil and gas drilling industry include:

- market price of oil and natural gas and the stability thereof;
- global supply and demand for oil and natural gas;
- the ability of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries ("OPEC") to set and maintain production levels and pricing;
- the level of production by non-OPEC countries;
- · worldwide expenditures for offshore oil and natural gas drilling;
- long-term effect of worldwide energy conservation measures;
- the development and use of alternatives to hydrocarbon-based energy sources;
- laws and government regulations that limit, restrict or prohibit exploration and development of oil and natural gas in various jurisdictions;
- advances in exploration and development technology;
- · disruption to exploration and development activities due to severe weather conditions and the risk thereof;
- · acts of terrorism or military action impacting operations; and
- global economic conditions.

Furthermore, the Company's ultimate parent is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Additional discussion of these risks and uncertainties is included in the Ensco plc 2014 financial statements which can be obtained from the address shown in note 14.

#### **Future developments**

There has been a marked softening in the worldwide market for drilling rigs in 2014 and 2015 with a reduction in both utilization and market day rates. The Company will continue to seek leasing contracts with related parties but such opportunities are likely to be restricted for the remainder of 2015 and into 2016.

Nicolas Jaciuk
Company Secretary
9 September 2015

100 New Bridge Street London EC4V 6JA

# Directors' report

The directors present their directors' report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### Dividends

No dividends have been paid or proposed in respect of the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: \$nil). The profit for the year to be transferred to reserves is \$51.0m (2013: \$49.0m).

#### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Paul Mark Walker

(Resigned 29 July 2014)

Julian Richard Hall

Derek Andrew Sangster

Nicolas Jaciuk

(Appointed 29 July 2014)

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

By order of the board

Nicolas Jaciuk Company Secretary

9 September 2015

100 New Bridge Street London EC4V 6JA

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the strategic report, directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



## Independent auditor's report to the members of ENSCO U.K. Limited

We have audited the financial statements of ENSCO U.K. Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 set out on pages 6 to 12. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/apb/auditscopeukprivate">www.frc.org.uk/apb/auditscopeukprivate</a>.

## Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

David Derbyshire (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

37 Albyn Place

Aberdeen

AB10 1JB

United Kingdom

9 September 2015

## Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 \$000	2013 \$000
Turnover Cost of sales	2	134,015 (131,335)	34,456 (33,767)
Gross profit		2,680	689
Operating profit Interest receivable and similar income	3-5 6	2,680 48,298	689 48,298
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	on	50,978	48,987
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	-	-
Profit for the financial year	11	50,978	48,987

All of the above amounts relate to continuing operations.

The Company had no recognised gains or losses other than the profits for the financial years reported above.

The accompanying notes on pages 8 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# Balance sheet at 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 \$000	2014 \$000	2013 \$000	2013 \$000
Current assets Debtors (including \$1.3bn (2013: \$1.3bn) due after more than one					
year)	8	1,787,526		1,370,841	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(373,556)		(7,849)	
Net current assets		<del></del>	1,413,970		1,362,992
Total assets less current liabilities			1,413,970		1,362,992
Net assets			1,413,970		1,362,992
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		2		2
Share premium account	11		1,271,000		1,271,000
Profit and loss account	11		142,968		91,990
Shareholder's funds	12		1,413,970		1,362,992

The accompanying notes on pages 8 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 9 September 2015 and were signed on its behalf by:

Nicolas Jaciuk

Direct

#### **Notes**

### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and under the historical cost accounting rules.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1 "Cash Flow Statements," as it was a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Ensco plc throughout the year and its cash flows are included within the consolidated cash flow statement of that company.

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ensco plc, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group (or investees of the group qualifying as related parties). The consolidated financial statements of Ensco plc, within which this company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 14.

The functional currency of the Company is the United States Dollar (Dollar). The Dollar is the prevalent currency used within the oil industry and the Company has a significant level of Dollar denominated assets and financing. The financial statements are therefore presented in Dollars.

#### Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the strategic report on page 2. After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company, as part of the Ensco plc group, has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rates of exchange at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences arising on translation and settlement of the transactions are recorded in the profit and loss account.

## Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19.

## Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company

Following the adoption of FRS 25, financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity (i.e. forming part of shareholder's funds) only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions:

- a) they include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company; and
- b) where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is either a nonderivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of an issuance are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the Company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

## Notes (continued)

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

## Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company

Finance payments associated with financial liabilities are dealt with as part of interest payable and similar charges. Finance payments associated with financial instruments that are classified as part of shareholder's funds are dealt with as appropriations in the reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts derived from the provision of drilling rig services to a fellow subsidiary. Turnover is recognised on an accruals basis on delivery of the related services. Turnover is recorded at the fair value of consideration receivable, net of Value Added Tax.

#### 2 Analysis of turnover

Turnover is analysed by geographical destination as follows:

, , ,	2014 \$000	2013 \$000
Rest of world	134,015	34,456

All of the Company's turnover and the profit before taxation are derived from its principal activity. In the view of the directors, the Company has only one class of business.

### 3 Notes to the profit and loss account

	2014	2013
	\$000	\$000
Operating profit is stated after charging:		
Bareboat charter hire cost	131,335	33,767
Auditor's remuneration:		
Audit of these financial statements	14	17

The audit fee is borne by another Ensco plc group company.

## 4 Remuneration of directors

None of the directors received any remuneration from the Company during the year (2013: \$nil).

### 5 Staff numbers and costs

The Company had no employees during the year (2013: none).

## 6 Interest receivable and similar income

	2014 \$000	2013 \$000
Income from loans to fellow group companies	48,298	48,298
=		

On 1 May 2012, the Company sold two drilling rigs acquired from the Company's immediate parent company Ensco Overseas Limited ("EOL") to a fellow Ensco plc group company, Ensco Worldwide Investments Limited ("EWIL"), at no gain/loss. This transaction resulted in an intercompany promissory note of \$1.3bn due from EWIL.

Interest is receivable on the unpaid principal balance at 3.8% and is paid semi-annually in arrears on 30 June and 31 December. The entire principal balance is due on 1 May 2022.

## Notes (continued)

### 7 Taxation

UK Corporation Tax Tax on profit on ordinary activities	-	-
	\$000	\$000
Analysis of charge in year	2014	2013

## Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year

The rate of Corporation Tax in the UK was reduced from 23% to 21% effective 1 April 2014. The composite rate applied during the year is 21.5%. The current tax charge for the year is lower (2013: lower) than the standard rate of Corporation Tax in the UK 21.5% (2013: 23.25%). The differences are explained below:

	2014 \$000	2013 \$000
Current tax reconciliation Profit on ordinary activities before tax	50,978	48,987
Current tax at 21.5% (2013: 23.25%)	10,960	11,389
Effects of: Claim of group relief for nil consideration	(10,960)	(11,389)
Total current tax charge	-	

## Factors affecting the future tax charge

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 24% to 23% (effective 1 April 2013) was substantively enacted on 3 July 2012. Further reductions to 21% (effective from 1 April 2014) and 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) were substantively enacted on 2 July 2013. In the Budget on 8 July 2015, the Chancellor announced additional planned reductions to 18% by 2020. This will reduce the Company's future current tax charge accordingly.

#### 8 Debtors

	2014 \$000	2013 \$000
Amounts due from parent undertakings	380,560	311,184
Amounts due from fellow subsidiary undertakings	1,406,966	1,059,657
	1,787,526	1,370,841

Amounts due from fellow subsidiary undertakings includes a promissory note amounting to \$1.3bn due after more than one year (2013: \$1.3bn) (see note 6). Interest is receivable on the unpaid principal balance at 3.8% and is paid semi-annually in arrears on 30 June and 31 December. The entire principal balance is due on 1 May 2022.

# Notes (continued)

9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2014 \$000	2013 \$000
	Amounts due to fellow subsidiary undertakings	373,556	7,849
10	Called up share capital		
		2014	2013
	Allotted and called up	\$000	\$000
	1,001 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

On 1 May 2012, the Company's immediate parent company Ensco Overseas Limited ("EOL") transferred two drilling rigs valued at \$1.3bn to the Company in consideration for the issue of one £1 ordinary share issued at a premium of \$1.3bn.

## 11 Reserves

		Share premium \$000	Profit and loss account \$000
	At beginning of the year Profit for the financial year	1,271,000	91,990 50,978
	At end of the year	1,271,000	142,968
12	Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds		
		2014 \$000	2013 \$000
	Profit for the financial year being net addition to shareholder's funds Opening shareholder's funds	50,978 1,362,992	48,987 1,314,005
	Closing shareholder's funds	1,413,970	1,362,992

## Notes (continued)

### 13 Commitments

The Company had no capital commitments at 31 December 2014 (2013: \$nil).

The Company does not currently own drilling rigs and leases rigs from a related party which are then leased to the related party performing the contract. The lease term of the hire directly relates to the drilling contract term awarded to the related party. There is no fixed contract term and the contract can be terminated without notice.

## 14 Ultimate parent company

At the year end, the Company's immediate parent company is ENSCO Overseas Limited, a company registered in the Cayman Islands. The Company's ultimate parent company is Ensco plc, incorporated in the United Kingdom.

The largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Ensco plc. The consolidated financial statements of Ensco plc are available to the public and may be obtained from Ensco, Investor Relations Department, Suite 3300, 5847 San Felipe, Houston, Texas 77057.

The smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by ENSCO Overseas Limited. The consolidated accounts of this company are not available to the public.