J & R JOINERY LTD UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 March 2016

J & R JOINERY LTD ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2016

	2016		
Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2		
Intangible assets		7,700	9,240
Tangible assets		22,634	9,566
			18,806
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	4,696		6,710
Cash at bank and in hand	bank and in hand 12,220		8,867
	16,916		15,577
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	33,684		21,469
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(16,768)	,
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		13,566	12,914
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than o year	one	6,127	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		4,527	
		,	10,938
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up equity share capital	4		2
Profit and loss account		2,910	10,936
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		2,912	10,938

For the year ended 31 March 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 30 September 2016, and are signed on their behalf by:

Mr R Smith Director

Company Registration Number: 4537035

J & R JOINERY LTD

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for services provided during the year. Amounts receivable for services performed over time are based upon the stage of completion of the services performed. Turnover includes VAT.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill-10% straight line

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery-25% reducing balance

Motor vehicles-25% reducing balance

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible Assets	Tangible Assets	Lotal	
	£	£	£	
COST				
At 1 April 2015	15,400	22,480	37,880	
Additions	_	29,990	29,990	
Disposals	_	(22,230)	(22,230)	
At 31 March 2016	15,400	30,240	45,640	
DEPRECIATION	**********			
At 1 April 2015	6,160	12,914	19,074	
Charge for year	1,540	7,544	9,084	
On disposals	_	(12,852)	(12,852)	
At 31 March 2016	7,700	7,606	15,306	
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 March 2016	7,700	22,634	30,334	
At 31 March 2015	9,240	9,566	18,806	

3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Included in creditors due within one year, is a loan from the directors amounting to £22,910 (2015 - £10,833). This is repayable on demand. The directors received dividends of £30,000 during the year (2015 - £20,000). No other transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

2016		2015				
	No.		£	No.	£	
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each			2	2	2	2

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