COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 04535199

Creativity International Limited Abbreviated Accounts For the Year Ended 31 December 2009

FRIDAY



03/09/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

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Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
Sterling House
71 Francis Road
Edgbaston
Birmingham
B16 8SP

Independent Auditor's Report to Creativity International Limited

IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 3 OF SECTION 16 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 5, together with the financial statements of Creativity International Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Section 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section

DARREN HOLDWAY (Senior

Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of

HW

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Sterling House 71 Francis Road Edgbaston Birmingham B16 8SP

31 August 2010

Abbreviated Balance Sheet

31 December 2009

		2009		2008	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed Assets	2	_			
Intangible assets			(320,619)		(345, 282)
Tangible assets			46,240		69,475
			(274,379)		(275,807)
Current Assets			(=, 1,0.0)		(2. 5,55.)
Stocks		1,245,278		1,090,175	
Debtors		1,063,971		944,725	
Cash at bank and in hand		578,650		350,136	
		2,887,899		2,385,036	
Creditors: Amounts Falling due Wit	hin	_,,		,	
One Year		907,718		613,741	
Net Current Assets			1,980,181		1,771,295
Total Assets Less Current Liabilitie	S		1,705,802		1,495,488
Provisions for Liabilities			_		1,844
			4 705 902		1,493,644
			1,705,802		1,493,044
Capital and Reserves					
Called-up equity share capital	3		598,147		598,147
Profit and loss account			1,107,655		895,497
Shareholders' Funds			1,705,802		1,493,644
			-,,		.,,

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 23 the 20th, and are signed on their behalf by

C J Bailey Director R W Ireland Director

Company Registration Number 04535199

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 31 December 2009

1. Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill

5% straight line

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Plant & Machinery

- 20% straight line

Fixtures & Fittings

20% straight line

Motor Vehicles

- 20% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Operating Lease Agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Pension Costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 31 December 2009

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Invoice Discounting

The company invoice discounts its trade debts. The accounting policy is to include trade debtors discounted with recourse under trade debtors. The returnable element is included in other creditors. Discount fees and interest is charged to the profit and loss account when paid. Bad debts are borne by the company and charged to the profit and loss account when incurred

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 31 December 2009

2.	Fixed Assets				
		Intangib Asse £		Tangible Assets £	Total £
	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions	(493,2	60) —	~ 209,587 7,500	(283,673) 7,500
	At 31 December 2009	(493,2	<u>60</u>)	217,087	(276,173)
	Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for year	(147,978) (24,663)		140,112 30,735	(7,866) 6,072
	At 31 December 2009	(172,6	<u>41</u>)	170,847	(1,794)
	Net Book Value At 31 December 2009	(320,6	19)	46,240	(274,379)
	At 31 December 2008	(345, 28	82)	69,475	(275,807)
3.	Share Capital				
	Authorised share capital:				
	5 000 000 Onderson observed 604 and		2009 £		2008 £
	5,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	5,0	000,000		5,000,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	598,147 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2009 No 598,147	£ 598,147	2008 No 598,147	£ 598,147

4. Control

The ultimate controlling party is C J Bailey, a director of the company