Registered number: 04533397

RECRUITMENT SOLUTIONS (FOLKESTONE) LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020

RECRUITMENT SOLUTIONS (FOLKESTONE) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 04533397

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2020

	Note		2020		2019
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		1,496		1,995
Tangible assets	5		2,863		2,268
			4,359		4,263
CURRENT ASSETS			,		,
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	117,406		161,868	
Cash at bank and in hand		61,647		107,081	
		179,053	-	268,949	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(107,492)		(155,890)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			71,56 1		113,059
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			75,920		117,322
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			(50,000)		-
NET ASSETS			£25,920		£ 117,322
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	10		10		10
Profit and loss account			25,910		117,312
			£ 25,920		£ 117,322

RECRUITMENT SOLUTIONS (FOLKESTONE) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 04533397

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2020

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 14 May 2021.

J Brady	H Morgan
Director	Director

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020

1. General information

Recruitment Solutions (Folkestone) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. The company registration number is 04533397.

The registered office of the company is Oak House, 115 Sandgate Road, Folkestone, Kent, CT20 2BL.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the Statement of income and retained earnings over its useful economic life.

Other intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, as follows.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance basis
Fixtures and fittings - 25% straight line basis

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.6 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.7 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings in the same period as the related expenditure.

2.8 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.9 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.11 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.12 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

2.13 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 40 (2019 -80).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020

4. Intangible assets

5.

At 31 October 2019

			Goodwill
Cost			
At 1 November 2019			9,979
At 31 October 2020			9,979
Amortisation			
At 1 November 2019			7,984
Charge for the year on owned assets			499
At 31 October 2020			8,483
Net book value			
At 31 October 2020			£1,496
At 31 October 2019			£ 1,995
Tangible fixed assets			
	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings	Total
Cost or valuation			
At 1 November 2019	4,139	15,244	19,383
Additions	-	1,687	1,687
At 31 October 2020	4,139	16,931	21,070
Depreciation			
At 1 November 2019	4,139	12,976	17,115
Charge for the year on owned assets	-	1,092	1,092
At 31 October 2020	4,139	14,068	18,207
Net book value			
At 31 October 2020	£	£2,863	£2,863

2,268 £____

2,268

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020

	Debtors			
		2020		2019
	Trade debtors	45,428		155,195
	Other debtors	66,374		-
	Prepayments and accrued income	5,604		6,673
	£	117,406	£	161,868
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year			
		2020		2019
	Trade creditors	1,357		2,809
	Corporation tax	4,472		32,109
	Other taxation and social security	96,770		113,524
	Other creditors	1,671		3,931
	Accruals and deferred income	3,222		3,517
	£_	107,492	£	155,890
	At the belong short data of the graditary includes an execut of CNII (2010, C1 950) which is as	nurad an tha t		al a la tara
8.	At the balance sheet date, other creditors includes an amount of £Nil (2019 : £1,859) which is see Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	cured on the t	trade (debtors.
8.		cured on the t	trade d	debtors. 2019
8.			trade (
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	2020		
8. 9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans	2020 50,000	_	
	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans	2020 50,000	_	
	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans £	2020 50,000 50,000	_	2019
	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans £	2020 50,000	_	
	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans Loans Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:	2020 50,000 50,000	_	2019
	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans Loans Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below: Amounts falling due 1-2 years	2020 50,000 50,000 2020	_	2019

£____50,000 £_____

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020

10. Share capital

	202	0 2019
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2 (2019 -2) Ordinary A shares of £1.00 each	2	2
2 (2019 -2) Ordinary B shares of £1.00 each	2	2
2 (2019 -2) Ordinary C shares of £1.00 each	2	2
2 (2019 -2) Ordinary D shares of £1.00 each	2	2
1 (2019 -1) Ordinary E share of £1.00	1	1
1 (2019 -1) Ordinary F share of £1.00	1	1
	£10	£ 10

11. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £7,620 (2019 - £8,394). At the year end the amount owed to the pension fund was £692 (2019 - £345).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.