Report and Financial Statements
31 December 2007

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2007

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

G Catrını M J Folkard

COMPANY SECRETARY

G Catrini

REGISTERED OFFICE

85E Centurion Court Milton Park Abingdon Oxfordshire OX14 4RY

BANKERS

The Royal Bank of Scotland Plc London Drummonds Branch 49 Charing Cross London SW1A 2DX

SOLICITORS

Eversheds LLP 1 Callaghan Square Cardiff CF10 5BT

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors The Atrium 1 Harefield Road Uxbridge Middlesex UB8 1EX

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2007. This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company's principal activity is the management of car parking facilities at Glasgow Royal Infirmary

REVIEW OF BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The results for the year are set out in detail on page 6

The directors consider the future prospects of the company to be satisfactory

The directors believe that preparing the accounts on the going concern basis is appropriate due to the actions taken to improve the performance of the company, the forecast long-term profitability of the project and the continued financial support of the ultimate parent company, Impregilo SpA

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The company's loss for the financial year was £139,863 (2006 £607,027), which will be deducted from reserves The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2006 £nil)

DIRECTORS

The following directors held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements

G Comoretto (Resigned on 24 September 2007)

G Catrini (Appointed on 24 September 2007)

M J Folkard

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS POLICY

The company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates and movements in the Retail Price Index ("RPI") The company uses interest rate and RPI swap contracts to hedge these exposures. The company does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

AUDITORS AND DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- (1) so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- (2) the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s234ZA of the Companies Act 1985

DIRECTORS' REPORT

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in the office as the company's auditors and a resolution for their reappointment will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

G Catrini
Company Secretary
Date 08 08

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business, in which case there should be supporting assumptions and qualifications as necessary

The directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF IMPREGILO PARKING (GLASGOW) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Impregilo Parking (Glasgow) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2007 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion

the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2007 and of its loss for the year then ended,

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the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

West London

15 Ayr62 2008 Date

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
TURNOVER		1,365,168	1,165,231
Cost of sales		(599,351)	(472,419)
GROSS PROFIT		765,817	692,812
Administrative expenses		(449,882)	(560,932)
OPERATING PROFIT	2	315,935	131,880
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	3 4	27 (774,881)	682 (739,589)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(458,919)	(607,027)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	6	319,056	
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	13	(139,863)	(607,027)

All activities derive from continuing operations

There have been no recognised gains and losses for the current or prior financial years other than as stated in the profit and loss account, therefore a statement of recognised gains and losses is not presented

There is no material difference between the loss on ordinary activities before taxation and the loss for the year stated above and their historical cost equivalents

BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2007

FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	7 8 9	425, 774, (1,122,	,171 ,690 —— ,861	9,714,461 290,005 119,278 409,283 (918,887) (509,604)
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		349, 425, 774, (1,122,	,171 ,690 ,861 ,328)	290,005 119,278 409,283 (918,887)
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		425, 774, (1,122,	,861 ,328)	119,278 409,283 (918,887)
Cash at bank and in hand CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		425, 774, (1,122,	,861 ,328)	119,278 409,283 (918,887)
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	9	774	,861	409,283
one year NET CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	9	(1,122	,328)	(918,887)
one year NET CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	9	(1,122	,328)	(918,887)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	9			
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		(347	,467)	(509,604)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			,,,,,	(505,001)
I I A DILI ITUDO				
LIABILITIES		9,026	,827	9,204,857
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after				
more than one year	10	(10.302	.349)	(10,394,318)
		(-1,21-	, ,	(,,
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND	11			
CHARGES		(53	,802)	
NET LIABILITIES		(1,329	324)	(1,189,461)
		(1,52)		(1,10),101)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital	12		,000	1,000
Profit and loss account	13	(1,330	,324)	(1,190,461)
TOTAL EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS'	13			
DEFICIT	_	(1,329	,324)	(1,189,461) 3usV

These financial statements on page 6 to 14 were approved by the Board of Directors on Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

M I Forkard Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom The principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently throughout the year, are set out below

Turnover

Turnover represents revenue due from the management of the car park at Glasgow Royal Infirmary excluding VAT and is recognised at the point the service is provided. It includes both a fixed element invoiced monthly in advance and a variable element invoiced monthly in arrears.

The turnover and pre-tax loss, which arise in the United Kingdom, are attributable to the company's principal activity

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated at cost in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful economic lives of the assets. Cost includes the original purchase price and the costs attributable to bringing the assets to working condition for its intended use. The rates of depreciation are as follows.

Freehold land & Buildings - 30 years

Finance Cost - 23 7 years (over the life of loan)

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date

A net deferred tax asset is recognised as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits against which to recover carried forward tax losses and from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis

Finance costs

Finance costs which are directly attributable to the construction of tangible fixed assets are capitalised as part of the cost of these assets. The commencement of capitalisation begins when both finance costs and expenditures for the asset are being incurred and activities that are necessary to make the asset ready for use are in progress. Capitalisation ceases when substantially all the activities that are necessary to make the asset ready for use are complete.

Cash flow statement

The company is not presenting a cash flow statement, in accordance with the exemption in FRS 1 (Revised 1996) - "Cash flow statements" The ultimate parent company has included a consolidated cash flow statement in the group financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Derivative financial instruments

The company uses derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to the financial risk of changes in interest rates and adverse movements in the Retail Price Index. The company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. Gains and losses arising on these contracts are deferred and recognised in the profit and loss account only when gains and losses associated with the hedged transaction have themselves been reflected in the company's financial statements.

2. OPERATING PROFIT

	2007	2006
	£	£
Operating profit is stated after charging		
Depreciation	340,167	340,166
Services provided by the company's auditors	•	,
- fees payable for the audit	7,000	5,500
- fees payable for other services – tax services	2,000	2,000

3. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2007	2006
	£	£
Bank interest receivable	27	682

4. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2007 £	2006 £
Bank loans Loans from group undertakings	617,353 157,528	601,764 137,825
	774,881	739,589

3007

2006

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

5. DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

The directors were the only employees of the company during the financial year and the prior financial year. The directors were remunerated by other group companies for their services to the group as a whole. It is not practicable to allocate their remuneration between services to the company and their services to other group companies.

6. TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2007 £	2006 £
Current tax	~	4 -
United Kingdom corporation tax		
Current tax on income for the year at 30% (2006 30%)	-	-
Group relief - current year	(56,498)	
- prior year	(316,360)	
Total current tax	(372,858)	
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 11)	53,802	
Tax (credit)/charge on loss on ordinary activities	(319,056)	-
The difference between the current tax shown above and the amount calculated of UK corporation tax to the loss before tax is as follows	by applying the si	tandard rate
	£	£
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(458,919)	(607,027)

	ž.	£
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(458,919)	(607,027)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate in the UK of 30% (2006) 30%)	137,676	182,108
Factors affecting credit for the period		
Prior year adjustment	316,360	=
Depreciation in excess of capital allowance	10,919	(96,375)
Tax losses not recognised	-	(85,733)
Expenses not deductible	(92,097)	
Current tax credit for period	372,858	

Effective 1 April 2008, the applicable rate of UK corporation tax will be 28%

Should the company become profitable in the future, the availability of tax losses carried forward should have the effect of reducing the effective tax rate

In 2006 the company had an unrecognised deferred tax asset. It is now in a deferred tax liability position (see Note 11)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

		2007	2006
	Trading losses carried forwards	£	£ 357,941
	Accelerated capital allowances	_	(1,593)
	Short-term timing differences	-	(128,005)
	Unrecognised deferred tax asset		228,343
7.	TANGIBLE ASSETS		
			Freehold land and buildings £
	Cost		
	At 1 January and 31 December 2007		10,196,364
	Accumulated depreciation		
	At 1 January 2007		481,903
	Charge for the year		340,167
	At 31 December 2007		822,070
	Net book amount		
	At 31 December 2007		9,374,294
	At 31 December 2006		9,714,461
	Cumulative finance costs capitalised included in the cost of tangible fixed assets ame £452,501)	ount to £452,	501 (2006
8.	DEBTORS		
		2007 £	2006 £
	Trade debtors	273,822	228,543
	Prepayments and other debtors	75,349	61,462
		349,171	290,005

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

9. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

2007 £	2006 £
91,969	52,554
117,435	173,282
742,680	484,372
38,928	36,266
131,316	172,413
1,122,328	918,887
	91,969 117,435 742,680 38,928 131,316

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand

10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

2007 £	2006 £
8,508,376	8,600,345 1,793,973
1,793,973	1,793,973
10,302,349	10,394,318
	£
91,969	52,554
96,348	91,969
328,459	289,044
8,083,569	8,219,332
8,600,345	8,652,899
	\$,508,376 1,793,973 10,302,349 91,969 96,348 328,459 8,083,569

The bank loans are secured against the assets of the company. Interest is charged at 6.99% including margin. The loans are repayable by instalments ending in June 2029.

Interest charges on amounts shown are based on floating LIBOR. The company has entered into a interest rate swap agreement whereby it pays a fixed rate of 5 67% plus margin per annum in respect of amounts drawn under the facility. The swap expires on 30 June 2029.

The fair value of the swap at 31 December 2007 was £678,580 (2006 £758,866)

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured and interest is charged at 8 86% (2006 8 43%)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

11. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

			£
	Deferred taxation		
	1 January 2007		-
	Charged to the profit and loss account (Note 6)		53,802
	31 December 2007		53,802
	The amounts of deferred taxation provided in the financial statements are as follows	3	
		2007	2006
		£	£
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	1,810	_
	Short term timing differences	111,046	_
	Losses unutilized	(59,054)	
		53,802	
12.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		2007	2006
		£	£
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid	1.000	1.000
	1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000

13. COMBINED STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES AND RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT

	Share capital	Profit and loss account	Total 2007	2006
	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January	1,000	(1,190,461)	(1,189,461)	(582,434)
Loss for the year	-	(139,863)	(139,863)	(607,027)
Balance at 31 December	1,000	(1,330,324)	(1,329,324)	(1,189,461)

14. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company holds swap contracts to hedge its exposure to adverse movements in the Retail Price Index ("RPI") The fair value of the swaps at 31 December 2007 was £1,381,039 (2006 £820,697)

Details of the interest rate swaps held are given in Note 10

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided in Financial Reporting Standard 8, and not disclosed transactions with group companies of which the group owns more than 90% of the voting rights, and which are eliminated on consolidation

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

16. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The directors consider that the immediate parent company is Impregilo International Infrastructures NV, a company registered in Holland

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is Impregilo SpA, a company registered in Italy

Impregilo SpA is the parent of the largest and smallest group of which the company is a member and for which consolidated accounts are prepared

Copies of the financial statements of the above companies are available from 85E Centurion Court, Milton Park, Abingdon, Oxfordshire, OX14 4RY