

C.J.C. Joinery Ltd.

**Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 August 2019**

MB Accountancy Limited
Peacehaven
Coltstaple Lane
Horsham
West Sussex
RH13 9BB

C.J.C. Joinery Ltd.

Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Abridged Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>6</u>

C.J.C. Joinery Ltd.

Company Information

Director	Mr Garry L Baker
Registered office	14 Park Farm Hundred Acre Lane Wivelsfield Green Haywards Hea West Sussex RH17 7RU
Accountants	MB Accountancy Limited Peacehaven Coltstaple Lane Horsham West Sussex RH13 9BB

C.J.C. Joinery Ltd.

(Registration number: 04528556)

Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	2,932	3,910
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	4,100	5,170
Debtors		4,785	28,662
Cash at bank and in hand		-	2,118
		<u>8,885</u>	<u>35,950</u>
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		<u>(107,665)</u>	<u>(110,001)</u>
Net current liabilities		<u>(98,780)</u>	<u>(74,051)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>(95,848)</u>	<u>(70,141)</u>
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		<u>(12,200)</u>	<u>(12,200)</u>
Net liabilities		<u><u>(108,048)</u></u>	<u><u>(82,341)</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		<u>(108,049)</u>	<u>(82,342)</u>
Total equity		<u><u>(108,048)</u></u>	<u><u>(82,341)</u></u>

For the financial year ending 31 August 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

The notes on pages 4 to 6 form an integral part of these abridged financial statements.

C.J.C. Joinery Ltd.

(Registration number: 04528556)

Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2019

Approved and authorised by the director on 14 February 2020

.....

Mr Garry L Baker

Director

The notes on pages 4 to 6 form an integral part of these abridged financial statements.

Page 3

C.J.C. Joinery Ltd.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is:

14 Park Farm
Hundred Acre Lane
Wivelsfield Green Haywards Hea
West Sussex
RH17 7RU

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 14 February 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Plant and machinery	25% reducing balance
Office equipment	33% straight line
Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

C.J.C. Joinery Ltd.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2019

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

C.J.C. Joinery Ltd.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2019

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 4 (2018 - 4).

4 Tangible assets

	Total £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 September 2018	50,897
At 31 August 2019	50,897
Depreciation	
At 1 September 2018	46,987
Charge for the year	978
At 31 August 2019	47,965
Carrying amount	
At 31 August 2019	2,932
At 31 August 2018	3,910

5 Stocks

	2019 £	2018 £
Work in progress	4,100	5,170

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.