Company registration number: 04511063

Ark Nursing and Care Agency Limited Trading as Ark Nursing and Care Agency Limited

Financial statements

31 August 2016

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Directors and other information

Director Mrs Rowena Rhead

Secretary Mr A M Preston Barnes

Company number 04511063

Registered office 140 Bay View Road

Northam Bideford Devon EX39 1BJ

Business address 140 Bay View Road

Northam Bideford Devon EX39 1BJ

Auditor Davisons Audit Limited

Lime Court

Pathfields Business Park

South Molton Devon EX36 3LH

Accountants Davisons Limited

Lime Court

Pathfields Business Park

South Molton Devon

EX36 3LH

Director's responsibilities statement Year ended 31 August 2016

The director is responsible for preparing the director's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of financial position 31 August 2016

		2016		2015	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6	3,950		3,000	
			3,950		3,000
Current assets					
Debtors	7	1,412,410		1,175,017	
Cash at bank and in hand		398,265		294,189	
		1,810,675		1,469,206	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	8	(133,889)		(134,579)	
Net current assets			1,676,786		1,334,627
Total assets less current liabilities			1,680,736		1,337,627
Net assets			1,680,736		1,337,627
net assets			=====		======
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		2		2
Profit and loss account			1,680,734		1,337,625
Shareholders funds			1,680,736		1,337,627

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 August 2016

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20.410..., and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mrs Rowena Rhead

Director

Company registration number: 04511063

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 August 2016

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 140 Bay View Road, Northam, Bideford, Devon, EX39 1BJ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 September 2014. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 14.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 August 2016

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25-50% straight line Motor vehicles - 25% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 August 2016

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2016	2015
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	2,317	1,556

2046

2045

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 August 2016

5. Dividends

	Equity dividends	2016	2015
		£	£
	Dividends paid during the year (excluding those for which a liability existed at the end of the prior year)	12,000	5,000
6.	Tangible assets	94 - 4	Tatal
	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
	Cost 25,582 At 1 September 2015 25,582 Additions 3,267	6,000 -	31,582 3,267
	At 31 August 2016 28,849	6,000	34,849
	Depreciation		
	At 1 September 2015 25,582	3,000	28,582
	Charge for the year 817	1,500	2,317
	At 31 August 201626,399	4,500	30,899
	Carrying amount At 31 August 2016 2,450	1,500	3,950
	At 31 August 2015 -	3,000	3,000
7.	Debtors		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Trade debtors	682,372	567,068
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the	717 047	
	company has a participating interest Prepayments and accrued income	717,347 12,691	562,046 45,903
		1,412,410	1,175,017
		========	

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 August 2016

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2016	2015
	£	£
Trade creditors	8,175	1,921
Accruals and deferred income	18,946	18,896
Corporation tax	88,348	88,639
Social security and other taxes	16,292	22,420
Director loan accounts	903	900
Other creditors	1,225	1,803
	133,889	134,579

The bank has an unlimited debenture in place.

9. Called up share capital Issued, called up and fully paid

	2016		2015	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares shares of £ 1.00 each	1	1	1	1
Ordinary Class A shares shares of £ 1.00 each	1	1	1	1
	2	2	2	2

10. Summary audit opinion

The auditor's report for the year dated 20 April 2017 was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Mrs Elizabeth Smith FCCA, ACA, CTA, for and on behalf of Davisons Audit Limited.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 August 2016

11. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2016	_	Advances /(credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		£	£	£	£
Mrs Rowena Rhead		(900)	(903)	900	(903)
	2015				
		Balance	Advances	Amounts	Balance
		brought	/(credits) to	repaid	o/standing
		forward	the director		
		£	£	£	£
Mrs Rowena Rhead		(900)	(900)	900	(900)

12. Related party transactions

During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	Transaction value		Balance owed by/(owed	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	£	£	£	£
Sales to related company	104,667	89,075	-	-
Wages recharged to related company	78,897	75,060	-	-
Debtor owed by related company	-	-	390,347	312,046
Trade Debtor owed by related company	-	-	554,380	449,713
Debtor due from parent company	-	-	327,000	250,000
· · ·				

13. Controlling party

During the year the company was under the control of Mrs Rowena Rhead, its director.

14. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 September 2014.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 August 2016

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.

15. Transations with director

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During the year the company paid rent of £180 per month to the director Rowena Rhead for the use of an office.

16. Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent company is Ark Property & Investments Ltd.