REGISTERED	NUMBER	04495445 ((England and	l Wales

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2022

FOR

BANCROFT PROPERTY LIMITED

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for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

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BANCROFT PROPERTY LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

DIRECTOR:	Ms J Bancroft
REGISTERED OFFICE:	Landmark House Station Road Cheadle Hulme Cheadle Greater Mancherster SK8 7BS
REGISTERED NUMBER:	04495445 (England and Wales)
ACCOUNTANTS:	KJG 100 Barbirolli Square Manchester M2 3BD

BALANCE SHEET

31st December 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	4	1,359	1,697
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	5	690,687	744,758
Cash at bank and in hand		17,618_	31,028
		708,305	775,786
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>(609,552)</u>	(688,128)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		98,753_	87,658
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		100,112	89,355
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due after more than one			
year	7	(28,333)	(38,333)
NET ASSETS		71,779	51,022
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	9	200	200
Retained earnings		<u>71,579</u>	50,822
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>71,779</u>	<u>51,022</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31st December 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

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BALANCE SHEET - continued

31st December 2022

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 29th August 2023 and were signed by:

Ms J Bancroft - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Bancroft Property Limited is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales, registration number 04495445. The address of the registered office is Landmark House Station Road, Cheadle Hulme, Cheadle, England, SK8 7BS. The principal place of trading is Landmark House, Station Road, Cheadle Hulme, Cheadle, Greater Manchester, SK8 7BS.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Bancroft Property Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 399(2A) of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is presented net of value-added-tax, rebates and discounts.

Rental income from operating leases (net of any incentives given to the lessee), is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the lease

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation on tangible fixed assets is charged to the profit and loss so as to write off their value, over their estimated useful lives, using the following methods:

Fixtures & fittings

25% on reducing balance

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items of tangible fixed assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost less any impairment.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that is no longer probable that insufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in the profit and loss, except where they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.balance sheet

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised on the accrual model and are measured at fair value of the asset receivable. Grants are classified as relating either to other income or to assets. Grants related to other income are recognised in profit or loss over the period in which the related costs are recognised. Grants relating to assets are recognised over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 8 (2021 - 11).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Fixtures and fittings £
	COST		
	At 1st January 2022		
	and 31st December 2022		5,232
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1st January 2022		3,535
	Charge for year		338
	At 31st December 2022		<u>3,873</u>
	NET BOOK VALUE		4.050
	At 31st December 2022		1,359
	At 31st December 2021		<u> 1,697</u>
5.	DEDTORS, ANACHMES FALLIAGO BLIE WITHING ONE VEAD		
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2022	2021
		2022 £	2021 f
	Trade debtors	583,944	634,878
	Amounts owed by participating interests	102,453	104,874
	Other debtors	4,290	5,006
		690,687	744,758
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	10,000	10,000
	Trade creditors	46,629	34,752
	Taxation and social security	59,631	152,354
	Other creditors	<u>493,292</u>	491,022
		609,552	688,128
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7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	2022	2024
		2022 £	2021 f
	Bank loans	28,333	± 38,333
	Dalik IValis		

8. **LEASING AGREEMENTS**

Operating lease commitments not included in the balance sheet amount to £Nil (2021: £6,272.42).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

9. CALLED UP	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL				
Allotted, is	sued and fully paid:				
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2022	2021	
		value:	£	£	
100	Ordinary A Shares	£1.00	100	100	
100	Ordinary B Shares	£1.00	100_	100	

10. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party are the directors of the ultimate parent company by virtue of their controlling interest in the ultimate parent, Bancroft Property Group Limited.

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.