Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

30 June 2018

Company Number: 04468412

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

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Directors

Lucy Helen Buckley James Wilkinson

Company Secretary

Michele Loglisci

Registered office

27 Old Gloucester Street, London, WC1N 3AX

Company number

04468412

Auditors

BDO LLP, 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 7EU

Report of the directors for the year ended 30 June 2018

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 7 and shows the profit for the year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2017: nil).

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was the development and deployment of mobile enabling software to the parent company.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were:

Lucy Helen Buckley (appointed on 23 February 2019) James Wilkinson Patrick Sinclair (resigned on 22 February 2019)

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 30 June 2018 (continued)

Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Nektan Group, headed by Nektan plc, of which the Company is a member continues to be loss making and in addition funds its capital expenditure. The Company relies on the support of its parent company for funding and is also its main customer.

The Company is reliant on the financial support of Nektan Pic, its parent company in the form of funding in order to continue as a going concern where the parent company is also the sole customer of the Company. As of May 2019, the parent company is in a position to provide financial support to the Company, due to debt reduction convertible loan notes conversion and a fresh equity injection of £2.2 million.

The Directors of the parent company are currently in contact with HMRC in order to agree a payment schedule in respect of UK point of consumption tax which is materially in arrears.

The Directors of the parent company have reviewed forecast cash flows for the forthcoming 12 months for the Nektan Group, headed by Nektan pic, of which the Company is a member from the date of approval of these financial statements and consider that the Group will have sufficient cash resources available to meet its liabilities as they fall due, including providing financial support to Nektan UK Limited. However, this is dependent on meeting the performance and timings included in the forecasts which has required significant judgment and estimation as well as successfully agreeing a payment schedule with HMRC. As such, the Group itself may require further funding should trading or other timings of its cash flows fall short of the forecasts or if a payment schedule cannot be agreed with HMRC.

The Directors of the parent company would, if required, seek additional capital through further fundraising. If the parent company is unable to raise additional finance, they may not be in a position to provide the Company with financial support and consequently the Company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. There are therefore material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Having considered the basis of support to be provided by the parent company and the parent company's ability to raise further funds should this be required; the Directors of the Company have a reasonable expectation to believe that the parent company will be able to provide financial support to Nektan UK Limited and it is therefore appropriate to continue to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Auditors

The current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware. BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

In preparing the directors' report the directors have taken advantage of the exemptions allowed for small companies as set out in the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the Board

James Wilkinson

Director

Date 4 3-67 2019

Independent auditor's report

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO MEMBER OF NEKTAN UK LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Nektan UK Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 30 June 2018 which comprise the Income Statement, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material uncertainty in related to going concern

We draw attention to note 1 in the financial statements which states the Company is dependent on support and continued trading from its parent entity who in turn is dependent on the future trading, and, if required the ability raise further funds.

As stated in note 1 these events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are
 prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Director's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, overall, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Financial Reporting Council's website at:

https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

BDO LLI

Oliver Chinneck (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
London
United Kingdom
Date:

4 July 2019

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Income statement for the year ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 £′000	2017 £'000
Turnover	2	1,587	2,069
Administrative expenses		(1,374)	(1,892)
Operating profit		213	177
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(4)	(1)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		209	176
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	8	(52)	(37)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation and total comprehensive income		157	139

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 30 June 2018

Company number: 04468412	Note	2018 £'000	2018 £'000	2017 £′000	2017 £'000
Fixed assets					
	•		_		_
Tangible assets	9		<u> </u>		6 6
Current assets					
Debtors	10	3,559		3,407	
Cash at bank and in hand		17		31	
	-		3,576		3,438
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(284)		(317)	
Net current assets			3,292		3,121
Total assets less current liabilities		-	3,297	-	3,127
Creditors due in more than one year	12		(2)		(6)
Net assets			3,295		3,121
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		12		12
Share premium			2,451		2,451
Capital redemption reserve			4		4
Capital contribution reserve			34		17
Profit and loss account			794		637
Shareholders' funds		•	3,295	- -	3,121

The financial statements were approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 4 July 2019

James Wilkinson Director

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2018

	Share capital	Share premium	Capital redemption reserve	Capital contribution reserve	Profit and Loss account	Total equity
	£′000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£′000	£'000
At 1 July 2016	12	2,451	4	-	498	2,965
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	139	139
Share based payments				17		17
At 30 June 2017	12	2,451	4	17	637	3,121
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	157	157
Share based payments	-	-	•	17	-	17
At 30 June 2018	12	2,451	4	34	794	3,295

Share capital represents the nominal value of shares issued.

Share premium is the amount subscribed for share capital in excess of nominal value.

Capital redemption reserve is the amount transferred from share capital on redemption of issued shares.

Retained earnings represent cumulative profit/(loss), share-based payments and any other items of other comprehensive income.

Capital contribution reserve consists of share options issued to UK employees by the parent company. Nektan plc

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form a part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Accounting policies

Nektan UK Limited is a company incorporated in England & Wales under the Companies Act. The address of the registered office is given on the contents page and the nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the directors' report. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires Company management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies. The directors not believe there are any areas that constitute key accounting estimates.

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Nektan Group, headed by Nektan plc, of which the Company is a member continues to be loss making and in addition funds its capital expenditure. The Company relies on the support of its parent company for funding and is also its main customer.

The Company is reliant on the financial support of Nektan Plc, its parent company in the form of funding in order to continue as a going concern where the parent company is also the sole customer of the Company. As of May 2019, the parent company is in a position to provide financial support to the Company, due to debt reduction convertible loan notes conversion and a fresh equity injection of £2.2 million.

The Directors of the parent company are currently in contact with HMRC in order to agree a payment schedule in respect of UK point of consumption tax which is materially in arrears.

The Directors of the parent company have reviewed forecast cash flows for the forthcoming 12 months for the Nektan Group, headed by Nektan plc, of which the Company is a member from the date of approval of these financial statements and consider that the Group will have sufficient cash resources available to meet its liabilities as they fall due, including providing financial support to Nektan UK Limited. However, this is dependent on meeting the performance and timings included in the forecasts which has required significant judgment and estimation as well as successfully agreeing a payment schedule with HMRC. As such, the Group itself may require further funding should trading or other timings of its cash flows fall short of the forecasts or if a payment schedule cannot be agreed with HMRC.

The Directors of the parent company would, if required, seek additional capital through further fundraising. If the parent company is unable to raise additional finance, they may not be in a position to provide the Company with financial support and consequently the Company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. There are therefore material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Having considered the basis of support to be provided by the parent company and the parent company's ability to raise further funds should this be required; the Directors of the Company have a reasonable expectation to believe that the parent company will be able to provide financial support to Nektan UK Limited and it is therefore appropriate to continue to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Notes forming part of the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2018

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Financial reporting standard 102- reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland':

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation, paragraph 3.17(d)
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures, paragraph 33.7

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Nektan plc for the year ended 30 June 2018 in which these results are included and are publicly available. These financial statements may be obtained from Suite 1, Burn's House, 19 Town Range, Gibraltar.

Financial assets

Financial assets are initially measured at transaction price, including transaction costs, and are subsequently held at cost less any impairment.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instruments' contractual obligations, rather than the financial instruments legal form. Financial liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently at amortised cost.

Turnover

Turnover represents inter group services provided at invoiced amounts less value added tax. Turnover is recognised to the extent that its probable economic benefits will flow to the company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is recognised in the accounting periods in which the service is provided.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation

Depreciation on other assets is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Computer equipment - 33% per annum
Office equipment - 20% per annum
Fixtures and fittings - 20% per annum

Research and development

Research and development costs are charged to the income statement in the year of expenditure.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities and transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Notes forming part of the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2018

Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income.

Deferred balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against
 the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits;
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been
 met; and
- Where timing differences relate to interests in subsidiaries, associates, branches and joint ventures and the company can control their reversal and such reversal is not considered probable in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the income statement in the year in which they become payable.

Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable over the term of the lease. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to profit or loss over the shorter of estimated useful economic life and the term of the lease.

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components so that the interest element of the payment is charged to profit or loss over the term of the lease and is calculated so that it represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lessor.

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Their annual rentals are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Share based payments

Where equity-settled share options in the parent company, Nektan plc, are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to the income statement over the vesting period with a corresponding entry to the capital contribution reserve. Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each reporting date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Non-vesting conditions and market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether the market vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition or where a non-vesting condition is not satisfied.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to the income statement over the remaining vesting period.

Where equity instruments are granted to persons other than employees, the income statement is charged with the fair value of goods and services received.

Notes forming part of the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2018

2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises wholly within Gibraltar (2017: Gibraltar (99%) and the United Kingdom (1%)).

3 Operating profit

Operating profit has been arrived at after charging:

·	2018	2017
	£′000	£′000
Depreciation of tangible assets	3	8
Rent payable under operating leases	103	195
Research and development	•	162
Auditor's remuneration	28	18

4 Staff numbers

	2018 Number	2017 Number
The average number of employees (including directors) employed was:	•	
Management	1	2
Administration and technical staff	9	9
	10	11

5 Staff costs

	2018	2017
	£′000	£'000
Staff costs (including Directors) during		
the year were as follows:		
Wages and salaries	821	1,126
Social security costs	100	130
Benefits in kind	24	11
Pensions	27	74
Share based payments	17	17
	989	1,358

6 Directors' remuneration

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Emoluments and pension contributions	230	400
Share based payments	17	17
	247	417

Notes forming part of the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2018

6 Directors' remuneration (continued)

There was one director that received pension contributions as part of the defined contribution scheme in the year. No director exercised share options in the current or prior year.

7 Interest payable and similar charges

		2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Interest payable		4	1

8 Taxation on profit on ordinary activities

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
UK corporation tax		
Current tax charge on profit for the year	46	37
Prior year adjustment	6	
Taxation charge on profit on ordinary activities	52	37

The taxation charge assessed for the period is higher (2017: higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below.

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	210	176
Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of		
corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017: 19.8%)	40	35
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	6	2
Prior year adjustment	6	-
Tax charge for the year	52	37

At the year-end a potential deferred tax asset of £9,951 (2017: £11,975) relating to fixed asset timing differences has not been recognised.

Notes forming part of the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2018

9 Tangible fixed assets

	Computer equipment £'000	Office equipment £'000	Total £'000
Cost			
At 1 July 2017	574	63	637
Additions	<u>.</u>	2	. 2
Disposals during the year	(566)	(58)	(624)
At 30 June 2018	8	7	15
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 July 2017	570	61	631
Charge for the year	. 2	1	3
Disposals during the year	(566)	(58)	(624)
At 30 June 2018	6	4	10
Net book value		·	
At 30 June 2017	4	2	6
At 30 June 2018	2	3	5

10 Debtors

	2018 £′000	2017 £'000
Amounts due from parent company	3,493	3,140
Other debtors	29	232
Prepayments and accrued income	37	35
	3,559	3,407

All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year.

11 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£′000	£′000
Trade creditors	16	58
Finance lease creditor	4	27
Taxation and social security	27	33
Tax payable	42	37
Other creditors	3	-
Accruals and deferred income	192	162
	284	317

Cre

Notes forming part of the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2018

12	Creditors: amounts falling due > 1 year	2018 €′000	2017 £'000
	Deferred tax	2	-
13	Finance Leases		
	The future minimum finance lease payments are as follows		
	Tollows	2018	2017
		£'000	£′000
	Not later than 1 year	5	27
	Later than one year and not later than five years	-	7
	Total gross payments	5	34
	Less finance charges	. (1)	(1)
	Carrying amount of liability	4	33
	Amounts less than one year	4	27
	Amounts greater than one year	-	6

The finance lease relates to computer equipment that has been transferred to Nektan Gibraltar Limited, a company related by virtue of common ownership by Nektan PLC. As a result, no Tangible fixed asset is recognised on the balance sheet, but the amounts due under the finance lease are included within the intercompany balance.

14 Share capital

Allotted, issued and fully poid	A Ordinary Shares	B Ordinary Shares	C Ordinary Shares	D Ordinary Shares	Total Shares
At 1 July 2017 and 30 June 2018 (number)	46,104	31,591	15,867	27,409	120,971
At 1 July 2017 and 30 June 2018 (£'000)	4	3	2	3	12

The share capital comprises Ordinary shares, B Ordinary shares, C Ordinary shares and D Ordinary shares, all with a par value of 0.10 each. The rights of all classes of shares allow the holder to one vote for each share held at annual general meetings. On a return of assets on liquidation, a reduction of capital or otherwise, the surplus assets after meeting liabilities shall be applied to the shareholders. On liquidation only, the issue price (as defined in the Articles) will be paid to the shareholders. In any other case, the nominal value of the shares will be paid to the shareholders. The balance of any assets remaining shall belong and be distributed among the shareholders *pari passu*.

In respect of each financial year of the company, and where profits are available for distribution, the shareholders shall be entitled to receive a participating dividend, *pari passu* as if the Ordinary shares, the B Ordinary shares, the C Ordinary shares, and the D Ordinary shares constituted one class of shares, based on 50 percent of the net profit of the relevant financial year.

Notes forming part of the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2018

15 Financial instruments

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	3,538	3,188
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(254)	(286)

There are no financial assets or liabilities that are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise cash, other debtors and amounts owed by Group undertakings. Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade creditors, other creditors, accruals and finance leases.

16 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by FRS 102 Section 33 'Related Party Transactions', paragraph 33.1A not to disclose transactions with certain group companies on the grounds that the companies party to the transactions are wholly owned members of the Group.

17 Ultimate controlling party

Nektan plc is the immediate and ultimate parent company. In the opinion of the directors there is no ultimate controlling party.

18 Share based payments

During the year ended 30 June 2018 and prior years, no further options were granted or contractually committed to members of staff in Nektan UK Limited.

	Number	Average price
As at 1 July 2017 and 30 June 2018 Granted during the year	504,000- -	27.5p
As at 30 June 2018	504,000	27.5p

The exercise price of options outstanding at 30 June 2018 was 27.5p (2017: 27.5p) and their weighted average contractual life was three years (2017: 3 yrs.).

Notes forming part of the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2018

19 Share based payments (continued)

The following information is relevant in the determination of the fair value of options/warrants. There were no share options issued in the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2018	30 June 2017
Option pricing model used	Black-Scholes	Black-Scholes
Share price at date of grant	27.5p ·	27.5p
Exercise price	27.5p	27.5p
Option life	. 3 years	3 years
Risk free rate	0.4%	0.4%
Expected volatility	50%	50%
Expected dividend yield	Nil	Nil