# THE COMPANIES ACT 2006 PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

## WRITTEN RESOULTION

**OF** 

# TAVETA INVESTMENTS LIMITED

(the "Company")

Passed on 22<sup>nd</sup> May 2019

The following written resolution of the members of the Company was passed as special resolution of the Company pursuant to Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006:

THAT the regulations contained in the printed document attached to this resolution be adopted as the memorandum and articles of association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of its existing memorandum and articles of association

Secretary

THURSDAY

\*L86KMWX4\*

LD2 30/05/2019 COMPANIES HOUSE

## Company Number 4464926

# COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

# MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

## **AND**

# ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION1

OF

# TAVETA INVESTMENTS LIMITED<sup>2</sup>

- 1. The name of the Company is Taveta Investments Limited.
- 2. The registered office of the Company will be situated in England.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is established are:
- 3.1.1 to carry on business as a general commercial company;
- 3.1.2 to carry on the business of a holding company in all its branches and to acquire by purchase, lease, concession, grant, licence or otherwise such businesses, options, rights, privileges, lands, buildings, leases, underleases, stocks, shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, securities, reversionary interests, annuities, policies of assurance and other property and rights and interests in property as the Company shall deem fit; generally to hold, manage, develop, lease, sell or dispose of the same, and to vary any of the investments of the Company; to act as trustee of any deeds constituting or securing any debentures, debenture stock or other securities or obligations; to enter into, assist, or participate in financial, commercial, mercantile, industrial and other transactions, undertakings and businesses of any description, and to establish, carry on, develop and extend the same or sell, dispose of or otherwise turn the same to account, and to co-ordinate the policy administration of any companies of which this Company is a member or which are in any manner controlled by, or connected with the Company.
- 3.1.3 to carry on business as a property investment and development company, and to purchase, hold, take on lease or in exchange or otherwise acquire and deal in, sell, exchange, let on lease, and otherwise dispose of land or buildings wheresoever situate or rights or interests therein and to manage or let the same or any part thereof or to develop the same or any part thereof and to carry on business as auctioneers, valuers, surveyors, estate agents, managing agents, estate developers and development agents, builders, builders' merchants, joiners and woodworkers, decorators, plumbers, electricians, transport and removal contractors, carriers, warehousemen, proprietors and dealers in all forms of transport and to carry on business as proprietors of restaurants and hotels and producers, promoters, exhibitors, distributors, managers and agents of all forms of amusement, recreation, sport and entertainment.
- 3.1.4 to carry on business as bankers, financiers, dealers, concessionaires, merchants and brokers and to form, constitute, float, invest in, manage, assist, advise and control any

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As adopted by written resolution dated 22 May 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> By special resolution dated 8 August 2002, the name of the company was changed to Taveta Investments Limited from Ibis (780) Limited.

companies, syndicates or undertakings whatsoever and to undertake, carry on, transact and execute all kinds of financial, commercial, trading, trust and agency business and operations.

- 3.1.5 to carry on within and without the United Kingdom the businesses of exporters, importers, manufacturers, agents, brokers, general merchants and dealers, both wholesale and retail, in commodities of every description and all commercial goods, manufactured goods and all goods for personal and household use and consumption, ornament, recreation and amusement, and generally in all raw materials, manufactured goods, materials, provisions and general produce, and to carry on the aforesaid businesses, either together as a single business or as separate and distinct businesses in any part of the world;
- 3.1.6 to carry on any other trade or business, whether subsidiary or not, which may appear to the Company likely to be carried on conveniently or advantageously in conjunction with any of the above trades or businesses or which is likely to be profitable to the Company or is calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of any of the property, rights or assets of the Company;
- 3.2 to construct, erect, maintain, alter, repair, replace or remove any buildings, works, structures, roads, plant, machinery, tools or equipment as may seem desirable for any of the trades or businesses of the Company;
- 3.3 to buy, grow, process, prepare, manufacture, repair, alter and improve all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, materials, produce, substances, articles and things of all descriptions which may conveniently be dealt with in connection with any of the objects of the Company or which are likely to be required by customers or other persons or companies having or about to have dealings with the Company;
- 3.4 to apply for or otherwise acquire any patents, patent rights, trade marks, names, copyrights, licences, privileges or processes for or in any way relating to any of the trades or businesses of the Company and to grant licences for the use of the same;
- 3.5 to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, develop, hold and manage for any estate or interest any real or personal property and any rights or privileges which the Company may think necessary, suitable or convenient for the purposes of or in connection with any of its trades or businesses;
- 3.6 to purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, liabilities and transactions of any person or company carrying on any business which the Company is authorised to carry on or which can be carried on in conjunction therewith or which are capable of being conducted directly or indirectly for the benefit of the Company.
- 3.7 to pay for any property, assets or rights acquired by the Company either in cash or by the issue of fully or partly paid shares of the Company, with or without any preferred or special rights or privileges, or by the issue of debentures, bonds or other securities, with or without special rights or privileges, on such terms as the Company may determine;
- 3.8 to work, improve, manage, develop, lease, let on hire, grant licences, easements and other rights in or over and to mortgage, charge, pledge, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property, rights or assets of the Company and to develop the resources of any property for the time being belonging to the Company in such manner as the Company may think
- 3.9 to sell, dispose of or otherwise deal with the property, business, undertaking or assets of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company, and to take or hold mortgages, liens and charges to secure the payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price thereof;

3.10 to enter into partnership or amalgamation with any person or company for the purpose of carrying on any business or transaction within the objects of the Company and to enter into such arrangement for co-operation, sharing profits, losses, mutual assistance, or other working arrangements as may seem desirable;

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- 3.11 to enter into any arrangements with any Government or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, which may seem conducive to the objects of the Company or any of them and to apply for, promote and obtain any statute, order, regulation, contract, decree, right, privilege, concession, licence or authorisation from any such Government or authority or from any department thereof for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect or for extending any of the powers of the Company or for effecting any modification of the constitution of the Company or for any other purpose which may seem expedient and to carry out, exercise and comply with the same;
- 3.12 to borrow or raise money in such amounts and manner and upon such terms as the Company shall think fit, and, when thought desirable, to execute and issue security of such kind, subject to such conditions, for such amount, and payable in such place and manner and to such person or company as the Company shall think fit;
- 3.13 to mortgage and charge the undertaking and all or any of the real or personal property and assets, present or future, and all or any of the uncalled capital for the time being of the Company, and to issue as primary or collateral or other security at par or at a premium or a discount and for such consideration and with and subject to such rights, powers, privileges and conditions as may be thought fit, debentures, debenture stock, mortgages, charges or other securities either permanent or redeemable and collaterally or further to secure any securities of the Company by a trust deed or other assurance;
- 3.14 to give credit to or become surety or guarantor for any person or company, and to give all descriptions of guarantees and indemnities and, either with or without the Company receiving any consideration, to guarantee or otherwise secure (with or without a mortgage or charge on all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets, present and future, and the uncalled capital of the Company) the performance of the obligations, and the payment of the capital or principal of, and dividends or interest on, any stocks, shares, debentures, debenture stock, notes, bonds or other securities, of any person, authority (whether supreme, local, municipal or otherwise) or company, including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) any company which is for the time being the Company's holding company, or any other company associated with the Company in business; the expressions "company and "undertaking shall when used in this Memorandum of Association have the same meanings respectively as in the Companies Act 1985;
- 3.15 to advance, deposit or lend money, securities and property to or with such persons or companies on such terms with or without security upon such property, rights and assets as may seem expedient, to undertake the provision of hire purchase and credit sale finance and to act as factors;
- 3.16 to invest and deal with the monies of the Company not immediately required for the purpose of its business in or upon such investments or securities and in such manner and upon such terms as may from time to time be determined;
- 3.17 to make, draw, accept, endorse, discount, and negotiate, issue or execute bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable, transferable or mercantile instruments;
- 3.18 to pay all or any of the costs and expenses of, and preliminary and incidental to, the formation, promotion and incorporation of the Company, whether incurred before or after its registration;

- 3.19 to pay commissions to and remunerate any person or company for services rendered to the Company and in particular in placing or assisting to place any of the shares in the capital of the Company, or any debentures or other security of the Company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business whether by cash payment or by the allotment of shares or securities of the Company, credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise, as may be deemed expedient;
- 3.20 to make donations to such persons or companies and, in such eases, either by cash or by other assets, as the Company may think directly or indirectly conducive to any of its objects or otherwise expedient;
- 3.21 to adopt such means for making known any services provided by the Company and keeping the same before the public as may be deemed expedient and in particular to employ advertising and public relations techniques of all kinds;
- 3.22 to vest any real or personal property, rights or interest acquired by or belonging to the Company in any person or company on behalf of or for the benefit of the Company;
- 3.23 to distribute among the members in specie any property of the Company, or any proceeds of sale, disposal or realisation of any property of the Company, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made except with the sanction (if any) for the time being required by law;
- 3.24 to establish or promote any company for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the assets and liabilities of the Company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the Company or to further any of the objects of the Company;
- 3.25 to appoint any person or company to be the agent or agents of the Company and to act as agents, secretaries, managers, contractors or in any similar capacity;
- 3.26 to insure the life of any person who may, in the opinion of the Company, be of value to the Company as having or holding for the Company interest, goodwill or influence or other assets and to pay the premiums on such insurance;
- 3.27 to support or subscribe to any charitable or public object and any institution, society or club which may be for the benefit of the Company or its officers or employees, or the officers or employees of its predecessors in business or any subsidiary undertaking or associated company, or which may be connected with any town or other place where the Company carries on business, and to give pensions, gratuities or charitable aid to any officer, former officer, employee or former employee of the Company or its predecessors in business or any subsidiary undertaking or associated company, or to the wives, children or other relatives or dependants of such persons, and to make payments towards insurance, and to form and contribute to provident and benefit funds for the benefit of any officers or employees of the Company, its predecessors in business or any subsidiary undertaking, or associated company, and to subsidise or assist any association of employers or employees or any trade association, and to promote, enter into and carry into effect any scheme for the sharing of profits with employees or the grant of options and other benefits to employees;
- 3.28 to purchase and maintain insurance for or for the benefit of any persons who are or were at any time directors, officers or employees or auditors of the Company, or of any other company which is its holding company or in which the Company or such holding company has any interest whether direct or indirect or which is in any way allied to or associated with the Company or of any subsidiary undertaking of the Company or of any such other company, or who are or were at any time trustees of any pension fund in which any employees of the Company or of any such other company or subsidiary undertaking are interested, including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) insurance against any liability incurred by such persons in respect of any act or omission in the actual or purported execution and/or

discharge of their duties and/or in the exercise or purported exercise of their powers and/or otherwise in relation to their duties, powers or offices in relation to the Company or any such other company, subsidiary undertaking or pension fund and to such extent as may be permitted by law otherwise to indemnify or to exempt any such person against or from any such liability;

- 3.29 to procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any country or place outside the United Kingdom;
- 3.30 to do all or any of the above things in any part of the world, and either as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise, or by or through trustees, agents, sub-contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others;
- 3.31 to do all such acts or things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

It is hereby expressly declared that the objects specified in each sub-clause of this clause shall be regarded as independent objects and accordingly shall be in no way limited or restricted (except when otherwise expressed in such sub-clause) by reference to or inference from the terms of any other sub-clause, or the name of the Company, and none of the sub-clauses shall be deemed merely subsidiary or auxiliary to the objects mentioned in the first sub-clause but may be carried out and construed in as wide a sense as if each of the said sub-clauses defined the objects of a separate and distinct company.

4. The liability of the members is limited.

**DATED 19 July 2002** 

5. The share capital of the Company is £1,000 divided into 1,000 shares of £1 each with power to increase the capital and to consolidate and sub-divide the same. The shares in the original or increased capital may be divided into several classes and there may be attached thereto respectively any preferential, deferred or other special rights, privileges, conditions or restrictions as to dividends, capital, redemption, voting or otherwise.

WE, the subscriber to this memorandum of association, wish to be formed into a company pursuant to this memorandum; and we agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our name below.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF SUBSCRIBER	Number of Shares taken by
Subscriber	
NADINE MARY-GEO NORAH AINSWORTH	
For and on behalf of	
DECHERT NOMINEES LIMITED	
2 Serjeants Inn	
London	
EC4Y 1LT	One
Total Shares taken	One

WITNESS to the above Signature:

RACHEL MARGARET SHEELAH BEER

2 Serjeants' Inn

London

EC4Y 1LT

# Company Number 4464926

The Companies Acts 1985 and 1989

# **COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES**

## ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATIONS<sup>3</sup>

# OF TAVETA INVESTMENTS LIMITED

## 1. PRELIMINARY

- 1.1 The regulations contained in Table A in the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (A" shall, except as provided in and so far as the same are not inconsistent with the provisions of these articles, apply to the company and shall together with these articles constitute the regulations of the company.
- 1.2 Regulations 3,23 to 25,29 to 31,35 to 55, 57, 59 to 62, 64 to 69, 73 to 81, 85 to 91, 93 to 98, 112 and 115 of Table A shall not apply to the company.
- 1.3 In these articles unless the context otherwise requires the following expressions shall have the following meanings:
- "Act" means the Companies Act 1985 including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force;
- "articles" means the articles of the company;
- "Banking Member" shall mean Uberior Investments Plc (Scottish company registration number SC73998);
- "clear days" in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;
- "Connected Person" means in relation to any person, any person connected with him as defined in accordance with Section 839 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988;
- "executed" includes any mode of execution;
- "Green Group" means Philip Nigel Ross Green, his spouse (or widow) and their children arising from their marriage to each other and any trust created for the exclusive benefit of any one or more of them, and any company directly or indirectly controlled by any of them;
- "holder" in relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares;
- "registered office" means the registered office of the company; "seal" means the common seal of the company;
- "secretary" means the secretary of the company or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company, including a joint, assistant or deputy secretary;
- "Special Member" shall have the meaning attributed to it pursuant to clause 11.3.2;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> As adopted by written resolution dated 22 May 2019

"United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Words importing the masculine gender include the feminine gender.

Words importing persons include bodies corporate and unincorporated associations.

Words importing the singular shall, where the context so permits, include a reference to the plural and vice versa.

Subject as aforesaid any words or expressions defined in the Act shall (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) bear the same meaning in these articles.

Reference to any act, statute or statutory provision shall include any statutory modification, amendment or re-enactment thereof.

A special or extraordinary resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an ordinary resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these articles and a special resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an extraordinary resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these articles.

# 2. SHARE CAPITAL AND ISSUE OF SHARES

- 2.1 The authorised share capital of the company as at the date of the adoption of these articles is £11,111,111 divided into 111,111,110 ordinary shares of 10 pence each ranking, save as expressly provided in these articles, pari passu.
- 2.2 Subject to the provisions of the Act the company may:
- 2.2.1 issue shares which are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company, or the holder, on such terms and in such manner as may be set out in these articles (as amended from time to time) or (as to the date on or by which or the dates between which the shares are to be or may be redeemed) as may be determined by the directors prior to the date of issue;
- 2.2.2 purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) or enter into such agreement (contingent or otherwise) in relation to the purchase of its own shares on such terms and in such manner as may be approved by such ordinary or special resolution as may be required by the Act;
- 2.2.3 subject to the Act but without prejudice to any other provision of these articles, the company may purchase its own shares in accordance with Chapter 4 of Part 18 of the Act, including (without limitation) out of capital up to any amount in a financial year not exceeding the lower of:
- (a) £15,000; and
- (b) the nominal value of 5% of the company's fully paid share capital at the beginning of each financial year of the company.
- 2.2.4 to the extent permitted by section 171 of the Act, make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of any of its own shares (including any redeemable shares) otherwise than out of distributable profits of the company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares.
- 2.3 Subject as otherwise provided in these articles and to any direction or authority contained in the resolution of the company creating or authorising the same, the directors are generally and unconditionally authorised, for the purposes of section 80 of the Act, to allot or to grant options or rights of subscription or conversion over unissued shares to such persons (whether existing shareholders or not), at such times and on such terms and conditions as they think proper.

- 2.4 The authority granted to the directors under article 2.3:
- 2.4.1 shall not permit the directors to allot or to grant options or rights of subscription or conversion over shares to an aggregate amount of more than the unissued share capital on the date of the adoption of these articles or (if such authority is renewed or varied by the company in general meeting) the amount specified in the resolution for such renewal or variation;
- 2.4.2 shall expire not more than five years from the date of the incorporation of the company or (if such authority is renewed or varied by the company in general meeting) on the date specified in the resolution on which the renewed or varied authority shall expire;
- 2.4.3 may be renewed, revoked or varied at any time by the company in general meeting;
- 2.4.4 shall permit the directors after the expiry of the period of the said authority to allot any shares or grant any such rights in pursuance of an offer or agreement so to do made by the company within that period.
- 2.5 In exercising their authority under this article 2 the directors shall not be required to have regard to section 890) and section 900) to (6) (inclusive) of the Act which sections shall be excluded from applying to the company.
- 2.6 The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by these articles or by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking either pari passu therewith or in priority to those shares in relation to dividends, return of capital, voting or any other right.

## 3. RIGHTS OF THE BANKING MEMBER

- 3.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these articles, in the event that, after the issue of 8,000,000 ordinary shares to the Banking Member (and subject to the Banking Member continuing to own at least 5% of the fully diluted ordinary shares in the company) the authorised ordinary share capital of the company is increased beyond £11,111,111 and it is proposed to issue shares arising from such increase to any person (a "Proposed Issue") the company shall, before allotment or issue to any such person
- 3.1 notify the Banking Member in writing of the number of ordinary shares comprised in the Proposed Issue and the proposed terms of issue (the "Proposed Issue Terms");
- 3.1.2 invite the Banking Member to apply to the company in writing within such period ("Offer Period") as shall be specified in the notice (being a period expiring not less than 14 days from the date of the notice) for such number of ordinary shares ("Banking Member Offer Shares") as would be necessary for the Banking Member to continue to hold, following the Proposed Issue, the same percentage of ordinary shares as its holding of ordinary shares immediately prior to the Proposed Issue represented to the frilly diluted share capital of the company immediately prior to the Proposed Issue, on the same price and other terms as the Proposed Issue Terms; and
- 3.1.3 require the Banking Member to submit its remittance for the full amount payable in respect of such number of the Banking Member Offer Shares as the Banking Member shall have specified to the company within the Offer Period (the "Specified Banking Member Offer Shares").
- 3.2 Subject to the Banking Member having accepted such invitation and having submitted the correct remittance within the Offer Period, the Specified Banking Member Offer Shares shall be allotted and issued to the Banking Member on the same date as the shares the subject of the Proposed Issue are allotted and issued.

- 3.3 In the event that the Proposed Issue does not take place the company shall return to the Banking Member all remittance received in respect of the Specified Banking Member Offer Shares from the Banking Member and the Banking Member shall have no further rights in respect of such shares.
- 3.4 The Special Member shall have the right to extend the operation of article 3.1 and article 3.2 to any member of the company (as well as the Banking Member) and is hereby authorised to effect an amendment (by way of special resolution) to these articles of association, to give any member such right, without further approval from the Banking Member or any other member granted any such right.

## 4. LIEN

The lien conferred by regulation 8 of Table A shall also attach to fully paid up shares registered in the name of any person indebted or under liability to the company whether he shall be the sole registered holder thereof or shall be one of two or more joint holders.

#### TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION

- 5.1 The instrument of transfer of shares shall be in the usual form prescribed from time to time or, if none is so prescribed, then in such form as the directors may determine and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid, by or on behalf of the transferee.
- 5.2 The directors may, in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor, decline to register any transfer of any share whether or not it is a fully paid share and the directors shall refuse to register any transfer of any share made other than in the circumstances set out in, and in accordance with, articles 5 and 6 unless the Special Member shall have consented (such consent to be at its absolute discretion) to such transfer.
- 5.3 The directors may also refuse to register a transfer unless:
- 5.3.1it is lodged at the office or at such other place as the directors may appoint and is accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer;
- 5.3.2 it is in respect of only one class of shares; and
- 5.3.3 it is in favour of not more than four transferees.
- 5.4 If the directors refuse to register a transfer of a share they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
- 5.5 If a member dies the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder, and his personal representatives where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only person recognised by the company as having any title to his interest; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him.
- 5.6 in the case of a person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member:
- 5.6.1 he may, upon such evidence being produced as the directors may properly require, elect either to become the holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as a transferee;
- 5.6.2 if he elects to become the holder he shall give notice to the company to that effect;

- 5.6.3 if he elects to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person;
- 5.6.4 the provisions of articles 5.1 to 5.3 relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to any notice or instrument of transfer referred to in article 5.6 as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred.
- 5.7 The directors may at any time give notice requiring a person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member to elect either to become the holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee and if the notice is not complied with within 90 days the directors may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.
- 5.8 A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share, except that he shall riot, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to attend and vote at any meeting of the company or of any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company.

# 6. TRANSFER OF SHARES TO THIRD PARTIES

- 6.1 If any one or more members who hold 50 per cent. or more of the nominal value of the issued equity share capital of the company for the time being (irrespective of class) shall intend to dispose of all the shares owned by them in the company to a person who shall not be a Connected Person in relation to such member, they shall, prior to such disposal, procure that the intended purchaser of such shares shall make an offer to acquire from the other members their entire holding of shares in the company at the same price per share and on the other terms as are applicable to the intended disposal (including as to timing).
- 6.2 In the event that any member of the Green Group proposes to dispose of any shares in the issued equity share capital of the company to a person and such disposal would reduce the combined interest of the Green Group in the issued equity share capital of the company (irrespective of class) to less than 50 per cent, the relevant member of the Green Group shall, prior to such disposal, procure that the intended purchaser of such shares shall make an offer to acquire from the Banking Member their entire holding of shares in the company at the same price per share and on such other terms as are applicable to the intended disposal by the relevant member of the Green Group (including as to timing).
- 6.3 If the Special Member or any one or more members who hold 50 per cent. or more of the nominal value of the issued share capital of the company from time to time (irrespective of class) (either the Special Member or such members being referred to as the "Disposer" at any time receives a bona fide offer ("the Offer") from a third party which the Disposer shall wish to accept in relation to all or any of the shares registered in its name, under the terms of which such third party offers to purchase all or part of the entire issued share capital of the company then the Disposer shall following receipt of such offer be entitled (but not obliged) to:
- 6.3.1 give notice of such offer in writing to the company and each of the other members ("the Receiving Members") specifying the name of the third party, the price and all other terms offered, the number of shares registered in the name of the Disposer in relation to which it intends to accept the Offer and any other relevant details; and
- 6.3.2 require the Receiving Members to accept the Offer in respect of the Relevant Proportion of their shares and transfer such shares to the third party at the same price per share and on the other terms as shall apply to the sale of the Relevant Proportion of the Disposer's shares; and for this purpose "Relevant Proportion" means the proportion which the number of shares

registered in the name of the Disposer and in respect of which the Disposer intends to accept the Offer shall bear to all of the shares registered in its name.

- 6.4 If any Receiving Member shall fail to accept the Offer in respect of the Relevant Proportion of his shares within two days after the notice referred to in article 6.3.1 shall have been given or makes default in transferring the Relevant Proportion of his shares pursuant to this article 6 or in accepting payment of the price for any of his shares or in executing any other documents ("the Sale Documents") which shall be required to be executed by the Receiving Member in connection with the sale to the third party, the chairman for the time being of the company or, failing him, one of the directors or some other person duly nominated by a resolution of the board of directors for that purpose shall forthwith be deemed to be the duly appointed attorney of such Receiving Member with full power to execute and complete in his name and on his behalf a transfer of such shares to the third party and any Sale Documents which shall be required to be executed by the Receiving Member and in such circumstances the company:
- 6.4.1 may receive and give a good discharge for the purchase money or other consideration on behalf of the Receiving Member;
- 6.4.2 shall (subject to the transfer being duly stamped) enter the name of the third party in the register of members as the holder or holders by transfer of the shares so purchased by him or them; and
- 6.4.3 shall forthwith pay the purchase money into a separate bank account in the company's name and shall hold such money or other consideration in trust for such Receiving Member until he shall deliver up his certificate or certificates for such shares to the company when the company shall pay to such Receiving Member the purchase money or other consideration.
- 6.5 All other regulations of the company relating to the transfer of shares and the right to registration of transfers shall be read subject to the provisions of this article.
- 6.6 In the event that the Special Member shall invoke the provisions of articles 6.3 and 6.4 by requiring the Receiving Member to accept the Offer pursuant to article 6.3.2 then the provisions of articles 6.3 and 6.4 shall override the provisions of articles 6.1 and 6.2.
- 6.7 The Special Member shall have the right to extend the operation of article 6.2 to any member of the company (as well as the Banking Member) and is hereby authorised to effect an amendment (by way of special resolution) to these articles of association, to give any member such right, without further approval from the Banking Member or any other member granted any such right.

# 7. GENERAL MEETINGS

7.1 All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

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- 7.2 The directors may call general meetings and, on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting for a date not later than 42 days after receipt of the requisition.
- 7.3 If there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors to call a general meeting, any director or any member of the company may call a general meeting.

# 8. NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

8.1 All annual general meetings and extraordinary general meetings called for the passing of a special or elective resolution shall be called by at least 21 clear days' notice.

- 8.2 All other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least 14 clear days' notice.
- 8.3 A general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed:
- 8.3.1 in the case of an annual general meeting by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- 8.3.2 in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than 95%, or (if an elective resolution as to the majority required to authorise short notice of meetings has been passed in accordance with the Act and remains in force) such lesser percentage as may be specified in the resolution or subsequently determined by the company in general meeting being not less than 90%, in nominal value of the shares giving that right.
- 8.4 The notice of a general meeting shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted and, in the case of an annual general meeting, shall specify the meeting as such.
- 8.5 Subject to the provisions of these articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, notice of a general meeting shall be given to all members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors.
- 8.6 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

# 9. PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 9.1 No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present.
- 9.2.1 Subject to the provisions of article 9.2.2, either the Special Member (or its proxy or duly authorised representative) or alternatively two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporate member, shall be a quorum.
- 9.2.2 If the company only has one member, then such member present in person or by proxy or, if a corporate member, by its duly authorised representative shall be a quorum.
- 9.3 If within half an hour after the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting:
- 9.3.1 if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved; or
- 9.3.2 if convened otherwise than upon the requisition of members, shall stand adjourned until the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or such other day, time and place as the directors may determine, and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present or ceases to be present then the member or members present shall be a quorum.
- 9.4 The chairman, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) is present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman and, if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
- 9.5 If no director is willing to act as chairman, or if no director is present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman.

- 9.6 In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman shall be entitled to have a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have.
- 9.7 A director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to receive notices of and attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company.
- 9.8 The chairman may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place and without such consent he may adjourn any meeting at which a proposal of importance is made for the consideration of which in his judgment (which shall not be challenged) a larger attendance of members is desirable.
- 9.9 No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place.
- 9.10 When a meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and the place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted, but otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice.
- 9.11 A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before, or on a declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is duly demanded.
- 9.12 A poll may be demanded by any member having the right to vote at the meeting.
- 9.13 A demand for a poll by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member.
- 9.14 Unless a poll is duly demanded, a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost or not carried by a particular majority shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.
- 9.15 The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.
- 9.16 A poll shall be taken as the chairman may direct and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll.
- 9.17 The result of the poll (unless it was held at an adjourned meeting) shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
- 9.18 A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith.
- 9.19 A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chairman directs, not being more than 30 days after the poll is demanded.
- 9.20 The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than a question on which the poll is demanded.
- 9.21 If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn with the consent of the chairman, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.
- 9.22 No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded, but in any other case at

least seven clear days notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.

9.23 If the company only has one member and such member takes any decision which may be taken by the company in general meeting and which has effect as if agreed by the company in general meeting, then such member shall (unless that decision is taken by way of a written resolution) provide the company with a written record of that decision.

## 10. RESOLUTIONS IN WRITING

A resolution in writing executed by all the members of the company entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at a general meeting or by their duly appointed proxies or attorneys:

- 10.1 shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a general meeting of the company duly convened and held; and
- 10.2 any such resolution in writing may be contained in one document or in several documents in the same terms each executed by one or more of the members or their proxies or attorneys and execution in the case of a body corporate which is a member shall be sufficient if made by a director thereof or by its duly authorised representative.

## 11. VOTES

- 11.1 Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member present in person, or (if a corporation) present by a representative duly authorised in accordance with the Act who is not also himself a member entitled to vote, shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder.
- 11.2 In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders; and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the register of members.
- 11.3.1 On a poll, the Special Member shall have 10,000 (ten thousand) votes for every ten pence in nominal value of the shares of which it shall be the holder from time to time.
- 11.3.2 The first Special Member shall be Taveta Limited a company incorporated under The Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 with registered number 83519. Each Special Member shall be entitled from time to time to nominate another person (which may be either a person who shall be an existing member at the time of the nomination or a person to whom shares are about to be issued or transferred) to be the next Special Member. Such nomination shall be effected by the Special Member serving a notice to that effect on the directors at the office.
- 11.4 No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company, either in person or by proxy, unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares of the company have been paid.
- 11.5 On a poll votes maybe given either personally or by proxy.
- 11.6 An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing executed by or on behalf of the appointor (or, if a corporation, under the hand of a duly authorised officer of the corporation) and shall be in such form as the directors may determine or, failing such determination, in any usual form.
- 11.7 The appointment of a proxy shall not be valid and the proxy named in the instrument shall not be entitled to vote at the meeting unless the instrument appointing the proxy, together with any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the directors:

- 11.7.1 is deposited at the office (or such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting) not later than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote; or
- 11.7.2 in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, is deposited as specified in article 11.7.1 after the poll has been demanded and not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; or
- 11.7.3 where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after it is demanded, is delivered to the chairman or to the secretary or to any director at the meeting at which the poll is demanded.

## 12. DIRECTORS

- 12.1 The number of the directors shall be determined by the company in general meeting but unless and until so determined there shall be no maximum number of directors and the minimum number of directors shall be two.
- 12.2 In the event of the minimum number of directors determined by the company in general meeting being one, a sole director shall have authority to exercise all the powers and discretions vested in the directors generally and article 17.3 shall be modified accordingly.
- 12.3 A director or alternate director shall not require any share qualification and any director or alternate director who is not a member of the company shall nevertheless be entitled to receive notices of and attend and speak at any general meeting of the company and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares of the company.
- 12.4 A person may be appointed a director notwithstanding that he shall have attained the age of seventy years or any other age and no director shall be liable to vacate office by reason of his attaining that or any other age, nor shall special notice be required of any resolution appointing or approving the appointment of such a director or any notice be required to state the age of the person to whom such resolution relates.

# 13. APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 13.1 The company may, by ordinary resolution, appoint another person in place of a director removed from office by resolution of a general meeting in accordance with the Act and (without prejudice to the powers of the directors under the next following article) the company may, by ordinary resolution, appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director.
- 13.2 The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with these articles as the maximum number of directors.
- 13.3 At any time or from time to time the Special Member may, by memorandum in writing executed by or on behalf of it and left at or sent to the office, appoint any person to be a director or remove from office any director who shall vacate office accordingly. Any such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the company.

# 14. DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

14.1 The office of a director shall be vacated in any of the following events:

- 14.1.1 if he resigns his office by notice in writing to the company;
- 14.1.2 if he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally;
- 14.1.3 if he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1983 or, in Scotland, an application for admission under the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1960, or an order is made by a Court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver, curator bonis or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs;
- 14.1.4 if he ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director;
- 14.1.5 if he is absent from meetings of the board for six successive months without leave and his alternate director (if any) shall not during such period have attended in his stead, and the directors resolve that his office be vacated:
- 14.1.6 if he shall be removed from office by notice in writing served upon him signed by all the other directors but so that if he holds an appointment to an executive office which thereby automatically determines such removal shall be deemed an act of the company and shall have effect without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the company; or
- 14.1.7 if he shall be removed from office under the provisions of article 13.3.

## 15. POWERS OF DIRECTORS

- 15.1 Without prejudice to the powers conferred by regulation 70 of Table A, the directors may establish and maintain, or procure the establishment and maintenance of, any pension or superannuation funds (whether contributory or otherwise) for the benefit of, and give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances and emoluments to, any persons (including directors and other officers) who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the company, or of any undertaking which is or was a subsidiary undertaking of the company or allied to or associated with the company or any such subsidiary undertaking, or of any of the predecessors in business of the company or of any such other undertaking and the spouses, widows, widowers, families and dependants of any such persons and make payments to, for or towards the insurance of or provide benefits otherwise for any such persons.
- 15.2 Without prejudice to the provisions of regulation 70 of Table A and of article 20, the directors shall have power to purchase and maintain insurance for or for the benefit of any persons who are or were at any time:
- 15.2.1 directors, officers, employees or auditors of the company or of any other company which is its holding company, or in which the company or such holding company has any interest whether direct or indirect, or which is in any way allied to or associated with the company or such holding company, or of any subsidiary undertaking of the company or of such other company;
- 15.2.2 trustees of any pension fund in which employees of the company or of any other such company or subsidiary undertaking are interested;

including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) insurance against any liability incurred by such persons in respect of any act or omission in the actual or purported exercise, execution and/or discharge of their powers or duties and/or otherwise in relation to their

duties, powers or offices in relation to the company or any other such company, subsidiary undertaking or pension fund.

## 16. DIRECTORS INTERESTS

- 16.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a director notwithstanding his office:
- 16.1.1 may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested (including any insurance purchased or maintained by the company for him or for his benefit);
- 16.1.2 may be a director or other officer of or employed by or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise interested; and
- 16.1.3 shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.
- 16.2 For the purposes of article 16.1:
- 16.2.1 a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified; and
- 16.2.2 an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his.

# CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

- 17.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may appoint one or more of their body to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the Company, and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the Company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director. Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the directors determine and they may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall determine if he ceases to be a director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of the contract of service between the director and the Company.
- 17.2 Subject to the Act, a Director may be interested directly or indirectly in any contract or arrangement or in any proposed contract or arrangement with the Company or with any other company in which the Company may be interested. A Director may keep all profits he may receive as a result of that interest.
- 17.3 Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a director notwithstanding his office:
- (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested;
- (b) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested; and

- (c) shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.
- 17.4 For the purposes of article 17.2:
- (a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified; and
- (b) an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his; and
- (c) an interest of a person who is for any purpose of the Act connected with a Director is to be treated as an interest of the Director and in relation to an alternate Director an interest of his appointor is to be treated as an interest of the alternate director without prejudice to any interest which the alternate director has otherwise.
- 17.5 A Director may hold and be paid for any office or position in the Company or any of its subsidiaries. He cannot however be the auditor of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.
- 17.6 A Director can act in a professional capacity for the Company or any of its subsidiaries either alone or through his firm. He and his firm can be paid for professional services as though he were not a Director.
- 17.7 Even if a Director is interested in the terms of Article 17.2 he may vote on that matter and be included in the quorum at the meeting at which that is considered.
- 17.8 The Directors may authorise any matter which would otherwise result in a director infringing his duty to avoid a situation in which he has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company under section 175 of the Companies Act 2006. For the purpose of this Article 17.8, a conflict of interest includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties.
- 17.9 Any authorisation under Article 17.8 is effective only if:
- (a) any requirement as to the quorum at the meeting at which the matter is considered is met without counting the Director in question or any other interested Director; and
- (b) the matter was agreed to without the Director voting or would have been agreed to if the votes of such Director had not been counted.
- 17.10 The Directors may (whether at the time of the authorisation or subsequently) make any such authorisation upon such terms and conditions, if any, as they may think fit to impose from time to time, and subject always to their right to vary or terminate such authorisation at any time.
- 17.11 Any authorisation given by the Directors under this Article may provide that, where the interested director obtains (other than through his position as a Director of the Company) information that is confidential to a third party, he will not be obliged to disclose it to the Company or to use it in relation to the Company's affairs in circumstances where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence.

If at any time there shall be one Director of the Company such director may act alone in exercising all the powers, discretions and authorities vested in the Directors, provided that such a Director may only vote on any matter in which he is interested if: (i) such matter has

been the subject to a prior resolution of the members; and (ii) the manner in which such Director votes reflects and is consistent with such resolution as passed by the members.

- 17.12 In the event that a Director commits any act or omission which could be deemed to be a breach of directors' duties (including, for the avoidance of doubt, a breach of the duty to avoid conflicts of interest), such act or omission shall (in the absence of fraud) be deemed to be ratified by the shareholders provided that, in taking such act or making such omission, the Director has acted in accordance with the instructions given to him by the Company's holding company (being an instruction from a director of the holding company, or by such person as has been notified in writing to the Company as is entitled to give such authorisation on behalf of the holding Company) and that this has been noted in the minutes of a meeting of the board of directors of the Company.
- 17.13 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and articles of the Company and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers of the Company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.
- 17.14 The directors may, by power of attorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the Company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his powers.

# 18. PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 18.1 Subject to the provisions of these articles, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit.
- 18.2 A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors.
- 18.3 The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed it shall be two persons.
- 18.4 Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes.
- 18.5 The directors may elect one of their number to be chairman of the board of directors and may at any time remove him from that office.
- 18.6 If there is no director holding the office of chairman, or if the director holding it, having had notice of a meeting, is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for it, the directors present shall appoint one of their number to be chairman of that meeting.
- 18.7 In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.
- 18.8 A director who is also an alternate director shall be entitled in the absence of his appointor to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor in addition to his own vote.
- 18.9 Any director for the time being absent from the United Kingdom shall, if he so requests, be entitled to be given reasonable notice of meetings of the directors to such address as the director may from time to time notify to the company. Any director may waive notice of any meeting either prospectively or retrospectively and if he shall do so it shall be no objection to the validity of such meeting that notice was not given to him.

- 18.10 An alternate director who is not himself a director may, if his appointor is not present, be counted towards the quorum.
- 18.11 The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number but, in such case, if the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, he or they may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.
- 18.12 A meeting of the directors shall, subject to notice thereof having been given in accordance with these articles, for all purposes be deemed to be held when a director is or directors are in communication by telephone or television (or any other form of audio-visual linking) with another director or directors and all of the directors in communication agree to treat the meeting as so held, if the number of the directors in communication constitutes a quorum of the board in accordance with these articles. A resolution passed by the directors at such a meeting as specified in this article 17.12 shall be as valid as it would have been if passed at an actual meeting duly convened and held.
- 18.13 A resolution in writing executed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held and may be contained in one document or in several documents in the same terms each executed by one or more directors; but a resolution executed by an alternate director need not also be signed by his appointor and, if it is executed by a director who has appointed an alternate director, it need not be executed by the alternate director in that capacity.
- 18.14 A director who is in any way either directly or indirectly interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement with the company:
- 18.14.1 shall declare the nature of his interest at a meeting of the directors in accordance with section 317 of the Act;
- 18.14.2 subject to such disclosure, shall be entitled to vote in respect of any contract or arrangement in which he is interested and if he shall do so his vote shall be counted and he may be taken into account in ascertaining whether a quorum is present.

# 19. ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- 19.1 Any director may at any time by writing under his hand and deposited at the office, or delivered at a meeting of the directors, appoint any person (including another director) to be his alternate director and may in like manner at any time terminate such appointment. Such appointment, unless previously approved by the directors, shall have effect only upon and subject to being so approved.
- 19.2 The appointment of an alternate director shall determine on the happening of any event which, if he were a director, would cause him to vacate such office or if his appointor ceases to be a director.
- 19.3 An alternate director shall be entitled to receive notices of meetings of the directors and shall be entitled to attend and vote as a director at any such meeting at which the director appointing him is not personally present and generally at such meeting to perform all the functions of his appointor as a director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these articles shall apply as if he (instead of his appointor) were a director.
- 19.4 If an alternate director shall be himself a director or shall attend any such meeting as an alternate for more than one director his voting rights shall be cumulative.

- 19.5 If his appointor is for the time being absent from the United Kingdom or temporarily unable to act through ill health or disability, the execution by an alternate director of any resolution in writing of the directors shall be as effective as the execution by his appointor.
- 19.6 To such extent as the directors may from time to time determine in relation to any committees of the directors, the foregoing provisions of this article 18 shall also apply mutatis mutandis to any meeting of such committee of which the appointor of an alternate director is a member.
- 19.7 An alternate director shall not (save as provided in this article 18) have power to act as a director nor shall he be deemed to be a director for the purposes of these articles, but he shall be an officer of the company and shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointing him.
- 19.8 An alternate director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent mutatis mutandis as if he were a director, but he shall not be entitled to receive from the company in respect of his appointment as alternate director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the company from time to time direct.

# 20. EXECUTION OF DOCUMENTS

Where the Act so permits, any instrument signed by one director and the secretary or by two directors and expressed to be executed by the company as a deed shall have the same effect as if executed under the seal, provided that no instrument shall be so signed which makes it clear on its face that it is intended by the person or persons making it to have effect as a deed without the authority of the directors or of a committee authorised by the directors in that behalf.

# 21. DIVIDENDS

The directors may deduct from any dividend payable on or in respect of a share all sums of money presently payable by the holder to the company on any account whatsoever.

## 22. NOTICES

- 22.1 A notice may be given by the company to any member in writing either by hand or by sending it by pre-paid first class post or facsimile telecopier (to his registered address or to his fax number supplied by him to the company for the giving of notice to him. In the absence of such fax number the member shall not be entitled to receive from the company notice of any meeting by fax.
- 22.2 In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members in respect of the joint holding and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders.
- 22.3 Notices shall be deemed to have been received:
- 22.3.1 if delivered by hand, on the day of delivery;
- 22.3.2 if sent by first class post, two business days after posting exclusive of the day of posting;
- 22.3.3 if sent by fax at the time of transmission or, if the time of transmission is not during the addressee's normal business hours, at 9.30 am on the next business day.

## 23. INDEMNITY

Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by the Act, every director, auditor, secretary or other officer of the company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred or sustained by him in the execution and discharge of his duties or otherwise in relation thereto. Regulation 118 of Table A shall be extended accordingly.