Registration number: 4463460

# Maghull Heating & Plumbing Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

# **Whitnalls Chartered Certified Accountants**

44a Liverpool Road Lydiate Liverpool Merseyside L31 2LZ

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# Company Information for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

**Directors** A Loftus

G Loftus

**Registered office** C/O Whitnalls

44a Liverpool Road

Lydiate Liverpool L31 2LZ

Bankers Santander Bank Plc

Bridle Road Bootle Liverpool L30 4GB

Accountants Whitnalls

**Chartered Certified Accountants** 

44a Liverpool Road

Lydiate Liverpool Merseyside L31 2LZ

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(Registration number: 4463460) Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	16,434	16,909
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>4</u>	6,000	6,000
Debtors	<u>5</u>	27,280	31,217
Cash at bank and in hand		58,588	42,590
		91,868	79,807
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(52,512)	(48,751)
Net current assets		39,356	31,056
Total assets less current liabilities		55,790	47,965
Provisions for liabilities		(2,958)	(3,213)
Net assets	_	52,832	44,752
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		52,830	44,750
Total equity		52,832	44,752

For the financial year ending 31 July 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The notes on pages  $\underline{4}$  to  $\underline{7}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 4463460) Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2017

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by t	he Board on 19 March 2018 and signed on its behalf by:
***************************************	
A Loftus	
Director	
Th	ne notes on pages 4 to 7 form an integral part of these financial statements.  Page 3

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

## Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

#### Asset class

Office Equipment Fixtures & Fittings Motor Vehicle

#### Depreciation method and rate

15% - on a reducing balane basis15% - on a reducing balance basis25% - on a reducing balance basis

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

### Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

#### 2 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 9 (2016 - 9).

# 3 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles £	Other property, plant and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 August 2016	2,210	33,212	2,149	37,571
Additions	-	5,500	-	5,500
Disposals		(7,767)	<u>-</u>	(7,767)
At 31 July 2017	2,210	30,945	2,149	35,304
Depreciation				
At 1 August 2016	1,314	18,113	1,235	20,662
Charge for the year	39	4,317	75	4,431
Eliminated on disposal	<u> </u>	(6,223)		(6,223)
At 31 July 2017	1,353	16,207	1,310	18,870
Carrying amount				
At 31 July 2017	857	14,738	839	16,434
At 31 July 2016	896	15,099	914	16,909

#### 4 Stocks

4 Stocks	2017 £	2016 £
Other inventories	6,000	6,000
5 Debtors		
	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	23,762	28,282
Prepayments	3,518	2,935
	27,280	31,217

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

#### 6 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>7</u>	3,736	4,734
Trade creditors		20,001	15,425
Taxation and social security		22,908	20,945
Accruals and deferred income		5,867	5,973
Other creditors		<u> </u>	1,674
	_	52,512	48,751

### 7 Loans and borrowings

	2017 £	2016 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Finance lease liabilities	311	2,175
Other borrowings	3,425	2,559
	3,736	4,734

#### 8 Share capital

### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2017		2016	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary A shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
Ordinary B share of £1 each	1	1	1	1
	2	2	2	2

### 9 Transition to FRS 102

No adjustments were made to the reported financial position and performance of the company on its first-time adoption of FRS102 Section 1A.

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