The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

04457481

Name of Company

Knowle House Development Limited

I / We Richard Toone Russell Square House 10-12 Russell Square London WC1B 5LF

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Old Opran

Date 24/5/11

Chantrey Vellacott DFK LLP Russell Square House 10-12 Russell Square London WC1B 5LF

Ref KN0185/RHT/JPM/NP

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29/05/2013

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Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Knowle House Development Limited

Company Registered Number

04457481

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

14 May 2008

Date to which this statement is

brought down

13 May 2013

Name and Address of Liquidator

Richard Toone Russell Square House 10-12 Russell Square London WC1B 5LF

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges, and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amoun
		Brought Forward	73,545 4
29/03/2013	The Insolvency Service	Bank Interest Gross	2 89
			-

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	72,345 94
02/01/2013 29/03/2013 02/04/2013 19/04/2013 19/04/2013 19/04/2013 23/04/2013 23/04/2013	ISA Banking Fee The Insolvency Service ISA Banking Fee Debenhams Ottaway LLP Debenhams Ottaway LLP DTI Payment Fee Courts Advertising Limited Courts Advertising Limited DTI Payment Fee	ISA Quarterly Charges Corporation Tax ISA Quarterly Charges Legal Fees VAT Paid (Received) ISA Cheque Fees Advertisements VAT Paid (Received) ISA Cheque Fees	25 00 0 58 25 00 700 00 300 00 1 10 77 50 15 50 1 10
-	-		

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 73,548 34 73,491 72
	Balance £	56 62
This balance is made up as follows	-	
Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2 Balance at bank		0 00
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		56 62
	£	
4 Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	
Less The cost of investments realised	0 00	
Balance		0 00
5 Accrued Items		0 00
Total Delegace as shows shows		56.60
Total Balance as shown above		56 62

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

	T.
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors	
including the holders of floating charges)	52,181 70
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	0 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Potential recovery from a misfeasance claim, estimated value £72,500

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Outstanding Realisation mentioned above

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Uncertain