The insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of **Receipts and Payments** Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

04457481

Name of Company

Knowle House Development Limited

I / We John Heath Russell Square House 10-12 Russell Square London WC1B 5LF

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Chantrey Vellacott DFK Russell Square House 10-12 Russell Square London WC1B 5LF

Ref KN0185/JCH/JPM/NP

For Official Use

Insolvency Sect

Post Room





14/06/2012 **COMPANIES HOUSE**

#368

Software Supplied by Turnkey Computer Technology Limited Glasgow

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Knowle House Development Limited

Company Registered Number

04457481

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

14 May 2008

Date to which this statement is

brought down

13 May 2012

Name and Address of Liquidator

John Heath Russell Square House 10-12 Russell Square London WC1B 5LF

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	73,448 15
24/03/2012 01/04/2012	The Insolvency Service The Insolvency Service	Bank Interest Gross Bank Interest Gross	87 72 0 66

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	60,558 88
03/01/2012 09/01/2012 09/01/2012 09/01/2012 10/01/2012 10/01/2012 10/01/2012 24/03/2012 01/04/2012 02/04/2012	The Insolvency Service Prettys LLP Prettys LLP DTI Payment Fee Chantrey Vellacott DFK Chantrey Vellacott DFK DTI Payment Fee The Insolvency Service The Insolvency Service The Insolvency Service		

NOTE No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Analysis of balance

		£
Total realisations	73,536 53	
Total disbursements		67,511 70
	Balance £	6,024 83
This balance is made up as follows		
Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2 Balance at bank		0 00
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		6,024 83
	£	
4 Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	
Less The cost of investments realised	0 00	
Balance		0 00
5 Accrued Items		0 00
Total Balance as shown above	<u></u>	6,024 83

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors	~
including the holders of floating charges)	52,181 70
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	0 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	10,000 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Investigations into misfeasance claim

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Outstanding realisation as above

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

12 months