

### **Statement of Consent to Prepare Abridged Financial Statements**

All of the members of HOLMES MORGAN LIMITED have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of income and retained earnings and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31st May 2017 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04452880

**HOLMES MORGAN LIMITED**

**Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements**

**31 May 2017**

# **HOLMES MORGAN LIMITED**

## **Abridged Financial Statements**

**Year ended 31st May 2017**

<b>Contents</b>	<b>Page</b>
Abridged statement of financial position	<b>1</b>
Notes to the abridged financial statements	<b>3</b>

# HOLMES MORGAN LIMITED

## Abridged Statement of Financial Position

**31 May 2017**

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	5	1,510,127	898,066
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks		1,000	1,000
Debtors		61,602	65,606
Cash at bank and in hand		48,097	32,122
		-----	-----
		110,699	98,728
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>		1,031,395	513,691
		-----	-----
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		920,696	414,963
		-----	-----
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		589,431	483,103
<b>Provisions</b>			
Taxation including deferred tax		3,685	4,285
		-----	-----
<b>Net assets</b>		585,746	478,818
		-----	-----

# HOLMES MORGAN LIMITED

## Abridged Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 May 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		585,744	478,816
		-----	-----
<b>Members funds</b>		585,746	478,818
		-----	-----

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st May 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 December 2017 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A P HOLMES

M A MORGAN

Director

Director

Company registration number: 04452880

# **HOLMES MORGAN LIMITED**

## **Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements**

### **Year ended 31st May 2017**

#### **1. General information**

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is The Smithy, West Kington, Chippenham, Wiltshire, SN14 7JE.

#### **2. Statement of compliance**

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### **3. Accounting policies**

##### **Basis of preparation**

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### **Transition to FRS 102**

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1st June 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 7.

##### **Disclosure exemptions**

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102: No cash flow statement has been presented for the company. Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.

##### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

##### **Income tax**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Equipment	-	15% pa straight line
Fixtures & Fittings	-	15% pa straight line
Other Equipment	-	25% pa straight line

#### **Impairment of fixed assets**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

## Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

## Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the abridged statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

## Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities .

## 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, amounted to 2 (2016: 2 ).

## 5. Tangible assets

	£
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1st June 2016	931,300
Additions	618,341
Disposals	( 150)
<b>At 31st May 2017</b>	<b>1,549,491</b>
<b>Depreciation</b>	
At 1st June 2016	33,234
Charge for the year	6,176
Disposals	( 46)
<b>At 31st May 2017</b>	<b>39,364</b>
<b>Carrying amount</b>	
<b>At 31st May 2017</b>	<b>1,510,127</b>
At 31st May 2016	898,066



## **6. Related party transactions**

The company was under the control of Mr A P Holmes and Miss M A Morgan throughout the current period. Mr Holmes and Miss Morgan are the only shareholders . No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under FRS 102 .

## **7. Transition to FRS 102**

These are the first abridged financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1st June 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.