Registration number: 04451518

Immediate Films Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Contents

Balance Sheet	<u>1</u>
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	<u>2</u> to <u>5</u>

(Registration number: 04451518) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

	Note	2022 €	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	1	1
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	-	961
Cash at bank and in hand		1,892	1,415
		1,892	2,376
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(15,760)	(18,764)
Net current liabilities		(13,868)	(16,388)
Net liabilities		(13,867)	(16,387)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	1	1
Profit and loss account		(13,868)	(16,388)
Shareholders' deficit		(13,867)	(16,387)

For the financial year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 9 December 2022

L S Granditer
Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 5 Sidmouth Road Brondesbury Park London NW2 5JY

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 9 December 2022.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. The financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

Going concern

After making enquiries, the director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence and meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, being a period of at least twelve months from the date these financial statements were approved. Accordingly, the director continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and rateMotor Vehicle25% Reducing balanceFixtures and Fittings25% Straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the eash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2021 - 1).

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2021	11,429	12,871	24,300
At 31 March 2022	11,429	12,871	24,300
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2021	11,429	12,870	24,299
At 31 March 2022	11,429	12,870	24,299
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2022		1	1
At 31 March 2021		1	1
5 Debtors			
		2022 €	2021 £
Prepayments		-	755
Other debtors	_	<u>-</u>	206
		-	961

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

6 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022 €	2021 £
Due within one year		
Taxation and social security	89	2,702
Accruals and deferred income	1,500	700
Other creditors	14,171	15,362
	15,760	18,764

7 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

•	2022		2021	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1

8 Related party transactions

At the year end, the company owed £14,171 (2021 - £15,362) to the company's director. The loan is provided interest free and unsecured. There are no formal terms and conditions regarding the repayment to this loan.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.