Registered number: 04447259

RT GROUP DEVELOPMENTS (SNOW HILL) LIMITED

Annual report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2021

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Company Information

Directors

P. Dalton (appointed 1 April 2021)

D. Pearson (resigned 1 April 2021)

J. Mulryan

S. Mulryan

Company secretary

P. Dalton (appointed 1 April 2021)

Registered number

04447259

Registered office

4th Floor

161 Marsh Wall

London E14 9SJ

Independent auditor

KPMG, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

1 Stokes Place St Stephen's Green

Dublin 2

Ireland

Solicitors

Howard Kennedy

No. 1 London Bridge

London

SE1 9BG

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Strategic report For the year ended 31 March 2021

Introduction

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Business review

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of property development management services.

The turnover of the Company reduced significantly in the year to 31 March 2021 as practical completion of the Three Snowhill office development was reached in the prior financial year. The majority of the turnover in the year to 3.1 March 2020 comprised of profit shares and overage triggered by practical completion.

At the year end 31 March 2021, the Company holds air rights above Birmingham Snow Hill railway station. No decision has yet been made in relation to any potential development.

Principal risks and uncertainties

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The directors consider that the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Company are in the following categories:

COVID-19

The markets that the Company operates within have been impacted by the Covid-19 pandemic. The directors will consider these factors when assessing the future direction of the Company.

This report was approved by the board on 10th No Julian Zo war and signed on its behalf.

P. Dalton Director

Directors' report For the year ended 31 March 2021

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report, strategic report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal controls as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company is that of the provision of property development management services. During a prior year the Company sold its property and now acts as development manager of the Snowhill, Birmingham site. Practical completion of the office building on the site was achieved in January 2020. Residual transactions will result from the settlement of the final account.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £583,554 (2020 - profit £20,030,649).

No dividends were declared during the year (2020 - £nil).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

- D. Pearson (resigned 1 April 2021)
- J. Mulryan
- S. Mulryan

Subsequent to the year end, P. Dalton was appointed as a director on 1 April 2021.

Directors' report (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

Auditor

The auditor, KPMG, Statutory Auditor, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 10 th Novelet 20 11 and signed on its behalf.

P. Dalton
Director



Independent auditor's report to the members of RT Group Developments (Snow Hill) Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of RT Group Developments (Snow Hill) Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 31 March 2021, which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and related notes, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is UK Law and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and;
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council (FRC)'s Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the Inherent risks to the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.



Independent auditor's report to the members of RT Group Developments (Snow Hill) Limited

Detecting irregularities including fraud

We identified the areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements and risks of material misstatement due to fraud, using our understanding of the entity's industry, regulatory environment and other external factors and inquiry with the directors. In addition, our risk assessment procedures included: inquiring with the directors as to the Company's policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations and prevention and detection of fraud; inquiring whether the directors have knowledge of any actual or suspected non-compliance with laws or regulations or alleged fraud; inspecting the Company's regulatory and legal correspondence; and reading Board minutes.

We discussed identified laws and regulations, fraud risk factors and the need to remain alert among the audit team.

The Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including companies and financial reporting legislation and taxation legislation. We assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items, including assessing the financial statement disclosures and agreeing them to supporting documentation when necessary.

The Company is subject to other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified building regulations as those most likely to have such an effect.

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these non-direct laws and regulations to inquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. These limited procedures did not identify actual or suspected non-compliance.

We assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. As required by auditing standards, we performed procedures to address the risk of management override of controls. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition. We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

In response to risk of fraud, we also performed procedures including: identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation; evaluating the business purpose of significant unusual transactions; assessing significant accounting estimates for bias; and assessing the disclosures in the financial statements.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remains a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.



Independent auditor's report to the members of RT Group Developments (Snow Hill) Limited

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information presented in the Annual Report together with the financial

statements. The other information comprises the information included in the strategic and directors' report. The financial statements and our auditor's report thereon do not comprise part of the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work we have not identified material misstatements in the other information.

Based solely on our work on the other information:

- · we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report or the strategic report;
- in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report and the strategic report is consistent with the financial statements;
- in our opinion, the directors' report and the strategic report have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Respective responsibilities and restrictions on use

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements including being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



Independent auditor's report to the members of RT Group Developments (Snow Hill) Limited

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Tom McEvoy (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants 1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green Dublin 2 Ireland 22 December 2021

Profit and loss account For the year ended 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover	4	2,577,583	26,059,409
Cost of sales		(2,581,973)	(1,749,371)
Gross (loss)/profit		(4,390)	24,310,038
Operating expenses		(606,000)	(4,159,525)
Revaluation of investment property		•	(68,238)
Operating (loss)/profit	5	(610,390)	20,082,275
Interest receivable and similar income	6	4,403	33,146
(Loss)/profit before tax		(605,987)	20,115,421
Tax on (loss)/profit	7	22,433	(84,772)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(583,554)	20,030,649

The notes on pages 12 to 17 form part of these financial statements:

RT GROUP DEVELOPMENTS (SNOW HILL) LIMITED Registered number: 04447259

Balance sheet As at 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Investment property	8:	1	1.
		1	1
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	15,931,167	13,567,711
Cash at bank and in hand	10	31,303	5,320,582
		15,962,470	18,888,293
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	. 11	(156,784)	(2,499,053)
Net current assets		15,805,686	16,389,240
Total assets less current liabilities		15,805,687	16,389,241
Net assets		15,805,687	16,389,241
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	1	7
Profit and loss account		15,805,686	16,389,240
		15,805,687	16,389,241

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 10 November 2021:

P. Dalton
Director

The notes on pages 12 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 March 2021

	Share capital	Retained Earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 April 2020	1	16,389,240	16,389,241
Comprehensive income for the year			
Loss for the year	•	(583,554)	(583,554)
Total comprehensive income for the year	•	(583,554)	(583,554)
Total transactions with owners		•	•
At 31 March 2021	9	15,805,686	15,805,687

The notes on pages 12 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 March 2020

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 April 2019	1	(3,641,409)	(3,641,408)
Comprehensive loss for the year			
Profit for the year	•	20,030,649	20,030,649
Total comprehensive loss for the year		20,030,649	20,030,649
Total transactions with owners		•	•
At 31 March 2020	1	16,389,240	16,389,241

The notes on pages 12 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

1. General information

RT Group Developments (Snow Hill) Limited is a company limited by shares and incorporated and domiciled in the UK.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The Company's functional and presentational currency is pounds sterling.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.1 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d).

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Ballymore Limited as at 31 March 2021 and these financial statements may be obtained from 4th Floor, 161 Marsh Wall, London, E14 9SJ.

Going concern

The financial statements of the Company are prepared on the going concern basis, which the directors believe to be appropriate.

The directors have assessed the financial and operational requirements of the Company having undertaken this review, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to fund its operations for the foreseeable future, and in particular for the period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements, in line with the financial forecasts. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. Revenue is recognised on delivery of the related service.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date:

Investment property

Construction in progress

Construction in progress comprises investment properties currently being developed held at fair value.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Expenditure

Operating expenditure in respect of goods and services acquired is recognised when supplied in accordance with contractual terms.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, the key judgments made by management relate to the recoverability of amounts due from group undertakings (note 9).

4. Turnover

An analysis of turnover by class of business is as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Overage income		19,680,716
Management fees and costs recharged	2,577,583	6,378,693
	2,577,583	26,059,409
	(

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

Overage income relates to income that became due to the Company upon practical completion of the Three Snowhill development. This was achieved in January 2020.

5. Operating (loss)/profit

The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:

	2021 £	2020 £
Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements	12,000	12,000

Directors' remuneration of £Nil (2020 - £25,735) was borne by another group company in respect of qualifying services. The Company had no employees (2020 - none).

6. Interest receivable

	.2021	2020
	3 .	£
Bank interest receivable	4,403	33,146

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

7. Taxation

	2021 £	2020 £
Corporation tax on profits for the year	•	84,772
Adjustment in respect of previous periods	(22,433)	-
Total current tax	(22,433)	84,772

Factors affecting tax (credit)/charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2020 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2021 £	2020 £.
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(605,987)	20,115,421
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%) Effects of:	(115,138)	3,821,930
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	•	12,965
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	(22,433)	-
Book (profit) on chargeable assets	-	(3,602,407)
Capital gains		107,205
Movement in deferred tax not recognised	•	(62,339)
Group relief	115,138	(192,582)
Total tax (credit)/charge for the year	(22,433)	84,772

At the year end, there was no unprovided deferred tax (2020: £Nil).

Factors that may affect future tax charges

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 17% with effect from 1 April 2020 received Royal assent on 6 September 2016. However, in the 11 March 2020 Budget it was announced that the UK tax rate will remain at the current 19% and not reduce to 17% from 1 April 2020. On the 3 March 2021 Budget it was announced that the UK tax rate will increase to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023. This will have a consequential effect on the Company's future tax charge.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

8. Investment property

	Construction in progress £
Valuation	4
At 1 April 2020	· ·
At 31 March 2021	1

Investment property comprises of air rights which were impaired to £1 in the prior year.

9. Debtors

	2021	2020 £
Wards Ashan	400 240	
Trade debtors	196,219	424,008 11,630,340
Amounts owed by group undertakings	15,687,945	*
Amounts owed by related parties	÷	23,586
Corporation tax recoverable	22,433	-
Other debtors	24,570	1,489,777
	15,931,167	13,567,711
		·=====================================

Amounts owed by group undertakings and related parties are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

10. Cash and cash equivalents

	2021 £	2020 £
Cash at bank and in hand	31,303	238,864
Restricted cash	•	5,081,718
	31,303	5,320,582

Restricted cash represented funds held in Escrow in respect of a cost overrun guarantee. Funds were released during the financial year, 12 months following delivery of the Snowhill project within specified cost parameters.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

11. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	£ .	£
Trade creditors	81,701	1,538,097
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2	-
Amounts owed to related parties	67,500	-
Corporation tax	-	84,772
Accruals and deferred income	7,581	876,184
	156,784	2,499,053
		

Amounts owed to group undertakings and related parties are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

12. Share capital

	2021	2020
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 (2020 - 1) ordinary share of £1.00	1	1

13. Post balance sheet events

There are no significant post balance sheet events which would materially affect the financial statements.

14. Controlling party and related party transactions

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Domaine Developments Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. At 31 March. 2021 the Company's ultimate parent company was Ballymore Properties Limited incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. On 17 September 2021, the Company's ultimate parent changed to Harex Limited, a company incorporated in the Republic of Ireland, which was re-registered as Harex Unlimited Company with effect from 8 November 2021. The Company was controlled throughout the period by Mr S. Mulryan.

The largest group in which the results of the Company were consolidated at 31 March 2021 was that headed by Ballymore Properties Limited.

The smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Ballymore Limited. The consolidated financial statements of Ballymore Limited are available from the Company's registered office which is 4th Floor, 161 Marsh Wall, London, E14 9SJ.

The Company has availed of the exemption available in FRS 102.33.1A from disclosing transactions with Ballymore Properties Limited and its wholly owned subsidiary undertakings.

The Company has entered into an agreement with Ballymore Development Management Limited for the provision of professional services. Ballymore Development Management Limited is controlled by Mr S. Mulryan. During the year, Ballymore Development Management Limited charged £277,500 (2020 - £1,014,428) for services provided to the Company. £67,500 was due by the Company to Ballymore Development Management Limited at 31 March 2021 (2020 - receivable of £23,586).