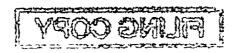
# CUBE CAPITAL UK LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2009

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### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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### **OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS**

The board of directors F Buclez

A Sipols J Waudby O Pavlov

Company secretary J Waudby

Registered office Fourth Floor, 180 Great Portland Street

London W1W 5QZ

Auditor Blick Rothenberg

**Chartered Accountants** 

12 York Gate Regent's Park London, NW1 4QS

#### THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2009.

#### **Principal activity**

The principal activity of the company during the year was provision of corporate finance and investment advisory services. The company is regulated by the Financial Services Authority

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to \$420,038 The directors have not recommended a dividend

#### **Directors**

The directors who served the company during the year are as follows

F Buclez

A Sipols

J Waudby

O Pavlov

### Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,

make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.

state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

So far as each person serving as a director of the company at the date this report is approved is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware and each director hereby confirms that he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

#### **Auditor**

Blick Rothenberg are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

Signed on behalf of the directors

A Sipols Director

Approved by the directors on

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF CUBE CAPITAL UK LIMITED

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

We have audited the financial statements of Cube Capital UK Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's member, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's member those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's member as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on pages 2 to 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and international Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended,

have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and

have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF CUBE CAPITAL UK LIMITED (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or

the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or

we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Simon Mayston (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of BLICK ROTHENBERG Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

27 April 2010

12 York Gate Regent's Park London, NW1 4QS

### **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Note	2009 \$	2008 \$
Turnover	2	4,531,095	6,017,867
Administrative expenses		(3,935,165)	(5,271,937)
Operating profit	3	595,930	745,930
Interest receivable and similar income		400	26,954
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		596,330	772,884
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(176,292)	(217,448)
Profit for the financial year		420,038	555,436

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above

### **BALANCE SHEET**

### **31 DECEMBER 2009**

	Note	\$	2009 \$	\$	2008 \$
Fixed assets Tangible assets	7		232,849		337,078
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank	8	1,088,642 982,744		1,148,234 748,191	
Creditors: Amounts falling due	10	2,071,386		1,896,425	
within one year Net current assets	10	(189,497)	1,881,889	(526,446)	1,369,979
Total assets less current liabilities	5		2,114,738		1,707,057
Provisions for liabilities Deferred taxation	9		<u> </u>		(12,357) 1,694,700
Capital and reserves					
Called-up equity share capital Profit and loss account	13 14		475,775 1,638,963		475,775 1,218,925
Shareholder's funds	15		2,114,738		1,694,700

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 2l/vu/2alQ, and are signed on their behalf by

A Sipols Director

Company Registration Number 04444759

### **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

	Note	\$	2009 \$	\$	2008 \$
Net cash inflow from operating activities	16		439,087		925,497
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	17		400		26,954
Taxation			(201,126)		(110,750)
Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed	d assets	(3,808)		(383,952)	
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure		<del></del>	(3,808)		(383,952)
Increase in cash	18		234,553		457,749

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

#### 1. Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in US dollars as the directors consider this to be the company's functional currency

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for services, net of VAT

#### 1.3 Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

#### 1.4 Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Leasehold property

Over the lease term

Fixtures and fittings

25% straight line

Office equipment

- 33% straight line

#### 1.5 Leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account in equal instalments over the lease term

#### 1.6 Pensions

Contributions to individual personal pension schemes are charged to the profit and loss account as they fall due

#### 1.7 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exception

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

#### 1.8 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into US dollars at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

#### 1.9 Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

7.	 over

The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the principal activity of the company

An analysis of turnover is given below

		2009 \$	2008 \$
	Rest of the world	4,531,095	6,017,867
3.	Operating profit		
	Operating profit is stated after charging		
		2009 \$	2008 \$
	Depreciation of owned fixed assets Operating lease costs	108,037	73,241
	- land and buildings	409,355	421,651
	Auditor's remuneration	19,752	14,660

### 4. Particulars of employees

The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial year amounted to

	2009 No	2008 No
Number of administrative staff Number of management staff	11 3 14	$\frac{9}{\frac{3}{12}}$
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were:		
	2009 \$	2008 \$
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	2,226,987 266,660 451,237	3,390,200 416,598 —
	2 <u>,944,884</u>	3,806,798

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

5.	Directors' remuneration		
	The directors' aggregate remuneration in re	espect of qualifying servic	es were
		2009 \$	2008 \$
	Aggregate remuneration Value of company pension contributions to	<b>566,199</b> money	1,219,548
	purchase schemes	451,237	
		1,017,436	1,219,548
	Remuneration of highest paid director:	2009 \$	2008 \$
	Total remuneration (excluding pension contributions) Value of company pension contributions to	221,679 money	813,032
	purchase schemes	451,237	_
		672,916	813,032
6.	Taxation on ordinary activities		
	(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
		2009 \$	2008 \$
	Current tax		
	In respect of the year		
	UK Corporation tax based on the results for year at 28% (2008 28 50%) Foreign exchange loss	or the 192,175 3,147	176,369 22,779
	Total current tax	195,322	199,148
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing difference Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	es (note 9) (19,030)	18,300
	Total deferred tax (note 9)	(1 <del>9,030)</del> (19,030)	18,300
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	176,292	217,448
	Tax on profit on ordinary doubles	110,232	=

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

### 6. Taxation on ordinary activities (continued)

### (b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 28 50%)

	· · · •		•		
			2009 \$		2008 \$
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxa	ation	596,330		772,884
	Profit on ordinary activities by rate of t Expenses not deductible for tax purpo Depreciation in excess of capital allow Foreign exchange	ses	166,972 - 20,108 8,242		220,272 18,265 (12,560) (26,829)
	Total current tax (note 6(a))		195,322		199,148
7.	Tangible fixed assets				
	Taligible likeu assets	Leasehold Fi Property \$	xtures and fittings \$	Office equipment	Total \$
	Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions	268,138 -	68,400 3,248	126,866 560	463,404 3,808
	At 31 December 2009	268,138	71,648	127,426	467,212
	Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year At 31 December 2009	42,899 72,130 115,029	7,195 11,245 18,440	76,232 24,662 100,894	126,326 108,037 234,363
	At 51 Bedefinder 2003		10,440	100,034	204,000
	Net book value At 31 December 2009	153,109	53,208	26,532	232,849
	At 31 December 2008	225,239	61,205	50,634	337,078
8.	Debtors				
			2009 \$		2008 \$
	Amounts owed by group undertaking Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income Deferred taxation (note 9)		2,061 293,686 786,222 6,673 1,088,642		145,221 283,151 719,862 — 1,148,234

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

8.	Debtors (continued)		
	The debtors above include the following amounts	falling due after more th	an one year
		2009 \$	2008 \$
	Other debtors	201,816	201,816
9.	Deferred taxation		
	The deferred tax included in the balance sheet is	as follows	
		2009 \$	2008 \$
	Included in debtors (note 8) Included in provisions	6,673	(12,357)
		6,673	(12,357)
	The movement in the deferred taxation account de	unng the year was	
		2009 \$	2008 \$
	Balance brought forward Profit and loss account movement ansing during	(12,357)	5,943
	the year	19,030	(18,300)
	Balance carried forward	6,673	(12,357)
	The balance of the deferred taxation account con in respect of	sists of the tax effect of	timing differences
		2009 \$	2008 \$
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	6,673	(12,357)
		6,673	(12,357)
10.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2009 \$	2008 \$
	Trade creditors	8,335	6,757
	Corporation tax Other taxation and social security	82,381 77,312	88,185 194,892
	Other creditors	ff,312 —	170,733
	Accruals and deferred income	21,469	65,879
		189,497	526,446

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009**

### 11. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2009 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	2009		2008	
	Land & buildings \$	Other items \$	Land & buildings \$	Other items
Operating leases which expire				
Within one year	-	21,678	-	12,000
Within two to five years	419,371	•	381,436	-
	419,371	21,678	381,436	12,000

### 12. Related party transactions

The immediate controlling party is Cube Capital Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and the ultimate controlling party are the directors and certain senior management of Cube Capital Limited or trusts associated with them

Name (Relationship	o) Transaction	Amou	unt	Amount due related pa	
·		2009 \$	2008 \$	2009 \$	2008 \$
Cube Capital Limited (Parent company)	Sales Recharged expenses	4,531,094 (15,204)	6,017,866 15,204	669,021 -	- 15,204
Cube Fund Management Limited (fellow subsidiary undertaking)	Recharged expenses	(23,505)	6,607	1,877	25,382
Quadrum Investment Management Limited (fellow subsidiary undertaking)	Recharged expenses	(85,651)	76,200	184	86,405
SFINX Investment Management Limited (fellow subsidiary undertaking)	Recharged expenses	(1,687)	687	-	1,687
Cube Capital HK Limited (fellow subsidiary undertaking)	Recharged expenses	(10,888)	10,888	-	10,888

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

12.	Related party trans	actions (continued)					
	Name (Relationship	o) Transaction	Amour 2009 \$	nt 2008 \$	Amount due related p 2009 \$		
	Cube Capital Europe Limited (fellow subsidiary undertaking)	Recharged expenses	(572)	572	-	572	
	Cube Investment Management Limited (fellow subsidiary undertaking)	Recharged expenses	(5,229)	5,229	-	5,229	
	Qbridge Investment Management Limited (fellow subsidiary undertaking)	Recharged expenses	(214)	214	-	214	
13.	Share capital						
			2009	_	. 20		
	Called up, allotted and fully paid Ordinary shares of £1 each		No	\$	No	\$	
			250,000	475,775	250,000	475,775	
14.	Profit and loss account						
				2009 \$		2008 \$	
	Balance brought forward Profit for the financial year Balance carried forward			1,218,925 420,038		663,489 555,436	
				1,638,963		1,218,925	

### 15. Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds

	2009	2008
	\$	\$
Profit for the financial year	420,038	555,436
Opening shareholder's funds	1,694,700	1,139,264
Closing shareholder's funds	2,114,738	1,694,700

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

16.	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities					
		2009 \$		2008 \$		
	Operating profit Depreciation Decrease/(increase) in debtors (Decrease)/increase in creditors	595,930 108,037 66,265 (331,145)		745,930 73,241 (103,728) 210,054		
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	439,087		925,497		
17.	Returns on investments and servicing of finance	ce				
		2009 \$		2008 \$		
	Interest received	400		26,954		
	Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance	400		26,954		
18.	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds					
		2009 \$		2008 \$		
	Increase in cash Net funds at 1 January 2009	234,553 748,191		457,749 290,442		
	Net funds at 31 December 2009	982,744		748,191		
19.	Analysis of changes in net funds					
		At 1 Jan 2009 \$	At Cash flows 31 Dec 2009			
	Net cash Cash in hand and at bank	748,191	234,553	982,744		
	Net funds	748,191	234,553	982,744		

### 20. Parent undertaking

The parent undertaking of the only group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the company is a member is Cube Capital Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands Group financial statements are prepared and are not available to the public.