REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

COMPANY NUMBER: 4442266

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YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

DIRECTORS AND COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

S J Peters

L J Town (Resigned on 5th November 2007) J M Morrissey (Resigned on 5th November 2007)

J M Morrissey (Resigned on 5 November 2007)

J Aitken (Appointed on 5th November 2007)

C Richards (Appointed on 5th November 2007)

K R Glasscoe (Appointed on 5th November 2007)

Y E Sharp (Appointed on 5th November 2007)

D L Shindler (Appointed on 5th November 2007)

SECRETARY

P Gittins

REGISTERED OFFICE

Level 7 Bishopsgate Exchange 155 Bishopsgate London EC2M 3YB

AUDITORS

KPMG Audit Plc 8 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8BB

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30th September 2007

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

Throughout the year the company was engaged in the business of leasing assets to third parties

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year the company continued to manage the leasing transactions underwritten

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The results for the year are shown in the Income Statement on page 5 The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2006 – Nil)

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The company remains committed to the business of leasing assets to third parties

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company's policy relating to the management of financial risk and potential exposures are detailed in note 16

GOING CONCERN

The Directors are satisfied that the company has adequate resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future and consequently the going concern basis continues to be appropriate in preparing the accounts

The Company has received a letter of comfort from Bank of Scotland plc that confirms that it will provide sufficient funds or other financial support and adequate resources to enable the Company to continue in business for the next year

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

AUDITOR

Elective resolutions to dispense with holding annual general meetings, the laying of accounts before the company in general meeting and the appointment of auditors annually are currently in force The auditor, KPMG Audit Plc, will therefore be deemed to have been reappointed at the end of the period of 28 days beginning with the day on which the copies of this report and accounts are sent to members unless a resolution is passed under section 393 of the Companies Act 1985 to the effect that their appointment be brought to an end

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were as follows

S J Peters

L J Town (Resigned on 5th November 2007)

J M Morrissey (Resigned on 5th November 2007)

J Aitken (Appointed on 5th November 2007) C Richards (Appointed on 5th November 2007)

K R Glasscoe (Appointed on 5th November 2007) Y E Sharp (Appointed on 5th November 2007)

D L Shindler (Appointed on 5th November 2007)

By Order of the Board

P Gittins Secretary

Level 7 Bishopsgate Exchange 155 Bishopsgate London EC2M 3YB

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

INCOME STATEMENT

	Notes	2007	2006
		US\$'000	US\$'000
Finance lease income Interest income		4,784 8	4,491 7
Interest expense and similar charges	2	(5,200)	(4,851)
Net expense	•	(408)	(353)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	-	(408)	(353)
Income tax credit	6	1,768	106
Profit/(Loss) after tax for the financial year – all attributable to equity shareholders	13	1,360	(247)

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of the financial statements

There are no recognised gains or losses other than those shown in the income statement

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

BALANCE SHEET

	Notes	2007 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000
Assets			
Finance lease receivables	7	115,357	115,968
Total non-current assets	-	115,357	115,968
Finance lease receivables	7	363	379
Cash and cash equivalents	11	3	3,819
Other current assets	8 _	3,073	-
Total current assets	_	3,439	4,198
Total assets	-	118,796	120,166
Equity			
Issued capital	13	-	-
Retained earnings	13	(291)	(1,651)
Total equity	_	(291)	(1,651)
Liabilities			
Deferred tax habilities	9	23,040	21,317
Total non current liabilities	-	23,040	21,317
Amounts due to group undertakings	11	95,748	99,783
Other liabilities	12	299	717
Total current liabilities	_	96,047	100,500
Total liabilities	- -	119,087	121,817
Total equity and liabilities	-	118,796	120,166

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of the financial statements

Approved by the Board of Directors on 10th July 2008 and signed on its behalf by

Worn Jus Y.E. Sharp Director

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Note	2007 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss before taxation		(408)	(353)
Adjustments for Movement in receivables Movement in payables		627	359 (126)
Cash generated from operations		219	(120)
Income taxes received		-	5,124
Net cash from operating activities		219	5,004
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at 1 October		219 (95,964)	5,004 (100,968)
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 September	11	(95,745)	(95,964)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. Accounting Policies

General information

Ocean Leasing (No 2) Limited is a company domiciled in England

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 10th July 2008

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and its interpretations as adopted by the European Union ("EU")

The accounting policies set out below have been applied in respect of the financial year ended 30 September 2007

IFRS 7 'Financial instruments Disclosure' applicable for years commencing on or after 1 January 2007 has not been applied. The application of IFRS 7 in the current year would not have affected the balance sheet or income statement as the standard is only concerned with disclosure.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are presented in US dollar, rounded to the nearest thousand They are prepared on the historical cost basis

Non-current assets are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision only affects that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

The accounting polices set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements

Finance leases

Assets leased to customers which transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the customer are classified as finance leases. They are recorded at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease, less any impairment provisions, within finance lease receivables.

The net investment in finance leases represents the sum of the minimum payments receivable and unguaranteed residual value (gross investment in lease) discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. The difference between the gross investment in the lease and the net investment in the lease is recorded as unearned finance lease income.

Income from finance leases is credited to the profit and loss account using the net investment method (before tax) to give a constant periodic rate of return. Initial direct costs incurred in arranging the lease are included in the initial measurement of the finance debtor and reduce income over the lease term.

Impairment provisions

The carrying amounts of the company's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is an indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated

Impairment is assessed individually for financial assets that are individually significant and individually or collectively for assets that are not individually significant

Individual impairment is identified at a counterparty specific level following objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. This may be after a principal payment is missed

The recoverable amount of finance lease receivables carried at amortised cost is calculated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate in the lease

If impaired the carrying value is adjusted and the difference charged to the income statement

The reversal of an impairment loss for an asset is recognised immediately in the income statement. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and treasury funding balances held with group undertakings. These are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

Income tax

Income tax on the profit and loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets and liabilities that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates at the balance sheet date.

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

2 Interest expense and similar charges

	2007 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000
Interest payable to group undertakings	5,200	4,851

3. Contingent rents

Finance lease income includes contingent rents as follows

	2007 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000
Finance leases	362	271

During the year the company made a rental charge to the lessee due to interest rates being more than assumed in the fixing of the rental profile. However the profitability of the company is not affected as there is a compensating adjustment to interest payable.

4. Staff numbers and costs

The company has no employees

Auditor's remuneration is borne by Bank of Scotland Structured Asset Finance Limited

5. Directors' emoluments

None of the Directors received any emoluments for their services as Directors of the company

6. Income tax credit

	2007 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000
Current tax Current tax credit for the period at a rate of 30% (2006 30%)	3,491 3,491	4,704 4,704
Deferred tax (note 9) Deferred tax charge for the period at a rate of 30% (2006 30%) Deferred tax change in rate	(3,369) 1,646 (1,723)	(4,598) - (4,598)
Total income tax credit in income statement	1,768	106

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

Reconciliation of effective tax rate

7.

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30%. The differences are explained below

The differences are explained below		
	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(408)	(353)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006 30%) Changes in rates of corporation tax on deferred tax assets and liabilities	122 1,646	106 -
Total income tax credit in income statement	1,768	106
Finance lease receivables	2007 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000
Gross investment in finance leases, receivable No later than one year Later than 1 year and no later than 5 years Later than 5 years	5,025 18,802 164,960 188,787	5,121 19,160 171,517 195,798
Unearned future finance income on finance leases	(73,067)	(79,451)
Net investment in finance leases	115,720	116,347
The net investment in finance leases may be analysed as follows:	ows	

	2007 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000
No later than one year	363 209	379 252
Later than 1 year and no later than 5 years Later than 5 years	115,148	115,716
Net investment in finance leases	115,720	116,347

The unguaranteed residual value is US\$Nil (2006 US\$Nil)

The cost of assets acquired during the year for the purpose of finance leasing was US\$ Nil (2006 US\$Nil)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

8. C)ther	current	assets
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	2007 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000
Group relief	3,073	
9. Deferred tax liabilities		
	2007 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000
Deferred tax liabilities Net position	(23,040)	(21,317) (21,317)
The movement for the year in the company's net deferred tax	position was as foll	ows
	2007 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000
At 1 October 2007/2006	(21,317)	(16,719)
Charge to income for the year (note 6) Change in future rates of corporation tax	(3,369) 1,646	(4,598)
Balance carried forward as at 30 September	(23,040)	(21,317)
Deferred tax liabilities	Capital allowances on assets leased to customers 2007 US\$'000	Total 2006 US\$'000
At 1 October 2007/2006	(21,317)	(16,719)
Charge to income for the year (note 6) Change in future rates of corporation tax	(3,369) 1,646	(4,598)
Balance carried forward as at 30 September	(23,040)	(21,317)

As a result of the Finance Act 2007, the main UK corporation tax rate will reduce from 30% to 28% in April 2008 Deferred tax balances that are not expected to have been realised by April 2008 have been restated at the rate of 28%

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

10. Significant leasing arrangements

Finance Leases

The company leases three shipping vessels under finance leases for a duration of over 25 years

11.	Cash and cash equivalents		2007 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000
	Amounts due from group undertakings		3	3,819
			3	3,819
	Amounts due to group undertakings		(95,748)	(99,783)
	Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash	flows	(95,745)	(95,964)
12.	Other current liabilities		2007 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000
	Group relief		-	418
	Rental debtors		200	-
	Drawdown creditors		299 299	299 717
13.	Capital and reserves			
	Reconciliation of movement in capital and reser	ves Share Capital US\$'000	Retained earnings US\$'000	Total US\$'000
	Balance at 1 October 2005 Profit for the year	-	(1,404) (247)	(1,404) (247)
	Balance at 30 September 2006		(1,651)	(1,651)
	Balance at 1 October 2006 Profit for the year	-	(1,651) 1,360	(1,651) 1,360
	Balance at 30 September 2007	-	(291)	(291)
	Share capital		2007	2006
	Authorised 250,000 ordinary shares of \$1 each 1000 ordinary shares of £1 each		\$250,000 £1,000	\$250,000 £1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 1 ordinary share of £1		£1_	£1

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the company

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

14. Related parties

Key management personnel and members of their close families have not undertaken any transactions with Ocean Leasing (No 2) Limited in the normal course of business

The balances due to and from the related parties are shown within the notes to the accounts

Amounts due (to)/from group undertakings	2007 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000
Bank of Scotland Plc HBOS Treasury services plc The Governor and the Company of the Bank of Scotland HBOS Group – Group relief	(95,748) 1 2 3,073	(99,783) 3,819 (418)
	(92,672)	(96,382)
During the year the following transactions took place between group companies	US\$'000	US\$'000
Interest payable – Bank of Scotland Plc Interest receivable – HBOS Treasury Services plc	(5,200) 8	(4,851) 7
	(5,192)	(4,844)

The Group's policy in relation to lending to related parties and other product offering is disclosed in the Group accounts of HBOS plc, the ultimate parent company undertaking of Ocean Leasing (No 2) Limited

15. Parent undertaking

HBOS plc is the ultimate parent undertaking of Ocean Leasing (No 2) Limited and heads the largest group into which the accounts of the Company are consolidated. The consolidated accounts of HBOS plc may be obtained from its head office at The Mound, Edinburgh EH1 1YZ

Bank of Scotland plc heads the smallest group into which the accounts of the Company are consolidated. The accounts of Bank of Scotland plc may be obtained from its head office at The Mound, Edinburgh, EH1 1YZ

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

16. Financial instruments

Exposure to credit and interest rate risks arises in the normal course of the company's business

Credit risk

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are performed for all customers

At the balance sheet date there was a concentration of credit risk with the lessee The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet

Fair values

The fair values together with the carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet are as follows

	Notes	Carrying amount 2007 US\$'000	Fair value 2007 US\$'000	Carrying amount 2006 US\$'000	Fair value 2006 US\$'000
Finance lease receivables	7	115,720	115,720	116,347	116,347
Amounts due from group undertakings Amounts due to group undertakings	11	3	3	3,819	3,819
	11	(95,748)	(95,748)	(99,783)	(99,783)
Total	-	19,975	19,975	20,383	20,383

Interest rate risk

The Company has either fixed and variable rate agreements with customers. Fixed rate agreements are where the customer is committed to pay interest at a fixed rate for the term of the agreement

Variable rate agreements are agreements where the amount charged to the customer varies over the term of the agreement

The Company is funded on a short term basis and is exposed to interest rate risk in relation to fixed rate agreements. However this is managed at the intermediate parent company level where exposures are hedged

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU and applicable laws.

The financial statements are required by law to present fairly the financial position and the performance of the company, the Companies Act 1985 provides in relation to such financial statements that references in the relevant part of that Act to financial statements giving a true and fair view are references to their achieving a fair presentation

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

OCEAN LEASING (NO 2) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Ocean Leasing (No 2) Limited for the year ended 30 September 2007 which comprise the Income Statement, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 17

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board—An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements—It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

OCEAN LEASING (NO 2) LIMITED (continued)

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements

KPMG Audit Pla

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended, and
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

• the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

KPMG Audit Plc

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor 8 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8BB

10 July 2008