DIRECTORS' REPORT
AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2013

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DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

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DIRECTORS AND ADVISORS

Directors

K Shah

J Linney (appointed 16th August 2013) M Baybutt (resigned 16th August 2013)

Company secretary and registered office

M B Lewis 1 Kingsway London WC2B 6AN

Auditor

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor London

Principal bankers

Commerzbank AG London Branch, PO Box 52715 30 Gresham Street London EC2P 2XY

Solicitors

CMS Cameron McKenna LLP Mitre House 160 Aldersgate Street London EC14 4DD

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors submit their Annual Report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

The Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Education Support (Newham) Holdings Limited, which in turn is a wholly owned subsidiary of Palio (No 18) Limited

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is the design, build and operation of three schools for a Local Authority under a Private Finance Initiative agreement

Financial close was achieved on 24 September 2003. The concession period is 26 years. The completion certificate for the initial construction works was received on 24 August 2005.

The construction of the schools was completed in August 2005, and the schools are now all operational. The Company will operate the schools until the end of concession on 31 August 2029.

There have not been any significant changes in the Company's principal activities in the year under review. The Directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any major changes in the Company's activities in the next year.

No Strategic report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption

GOING CONCERN

The Directors have considered the use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements in light of current market conditions and concluded that it is appropriate. More information is provided in note 1 to the financial statements

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Company will continue to finance and operate the schools until the end of August 2029

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including credit risk, cash flow risk and liquidity risk

Cash flow risk. The Company's borrowings expose it to cash flow risk primarily due to the financial risks of changes in interest rates. The Company uses interest rate swap contracts to hedge these exposures, details of which are set out in note 10 to the financial statements.

Credit Risk. The Company's principal financial assets are cash, financial assets and trade and other receivables. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables which are with one counterparty, although in the opinion of the board of directors this risk is limited as the receivables are with a local government authority.

Liquidity Risk. At the start of the PFI contract, the Company negotiated debt facilities with an external party to ensure that the Company has sufficient funds over the life of the PFI concession, details of which are set out in note 10 to the financial statements

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and each Director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

DIRECTORS

The Directors who served throughout the year, except as noted, are shown on page 1

EMPLOYEES

Details of the number of employees and related costs can be found in note 5 to the financial statements on page 10

AUDITOR

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and Deloitte LLP will therefore continue in office

On behalf of the Board

J Linney

Director

28th April 2014

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EDUCATION SUPPORT (NEWHAM) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Education Support (Newham) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, and the related notes 1 to 16. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditor.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the year then
 ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- . certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the Directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing a Strategic Report or in preparing the Directors' Report

Jugney Hull Jacqueline Holden FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

London, United Kingdom

28 April 2014

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Profit for the financial year

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013 Notes 2013 2012 £'000 £'000 Turnover 2 1,758 1,439 Cost of sales (1,738)(1,329)Operating profit 3 20 110 Net interest receivable 6 95 73 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 115 183 Tax on profit on ordinary activities 7 (27)(45)

13

88

138

A reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds is given in note 14

All items in the profit and loss account relate to continuing operations

There is no material difference between the results stated in the profit and loss account and their historical cost equivalents

All gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account in both the current and preceding year, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Notes	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Current assets			
Debtors due within one year	0	22,810	23,526
- due within one year - due after more than one year	9 9	2,034 20,776	1,854 21,672
Cash at bank and in hand		1,209 24,019	1,321 24,847
Current liabilities			
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	10	(7,158)	(6,833)
Net current assets		16,861	18,014
Total assets less current liabilities		16,861	18,014
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	10	(16,768)	(17,771)
Net assets		93	243
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	1	1
Profit and loss account	13	92	242
Shareholder's funds	14	93	243

The financial statements of Education Support (Newham) Limited, registered number 4420816, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 28th April 2014. They were signed on its behalf by

J Linney Director

28th April 2014

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of preparation of accounts

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted by the Directors, which have been applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year, is shown below

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Education Support (Newham) Holdings Ltd and as such is exempt under FRS1 (revised 1996) from the requirement to prepare its own cash flow statement

The current economic conditions create some uncertainty, including with respect to

- (a) the ability of key sub-contractors to continue to meet contractual commitments.
- (b) the ability of the debt provider to continue to meet its contractual commitments, and
- (c) the ability of the swap provider to continue to meet their commitments

The Directors have also considered the ability of government authorities to continue to pay unitary fees due to the Company and do not consider this to be a material risk

The Company's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in counterparty performance, show that the Company expects to be able to continue to operate

After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

b) Turnover

Turnover is derived entirely from within the United Kingdom and is net of VAT

During the construction phase of the project, all attributable expenditure, including finance costs, are included in amounts recoverable on contracts and turnover. Upon the asset becoming operational, the costs are transferred to the finance debtor. During the operational phase, income is allocated between interest receivable and turnover using a constant operating margin or PFI income will be allocated to the finance debtor.

c) Finance debtor

The Company is an operator under a PFI contract. Under the terms of the contract, substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the property asset remain with the London Borough of Newham. The underlying asset is therefore not a fixed asset of the Company under FRS5 Application Note F and SSAP 21.

d) Finance debtor and income recognition

During the construction phase of the project, all attributable expenditure including finance costs is included in amounts recoverable on contracts and turnover. Upon the asset becoming operational, the costs are transferred to the finance debtor. During the operational phase, income is allocated between interest receivable and turnover using a constant operating margin on costs. The remainder of the PFI income will be allocated to the finance debtor. All turnover is derived entirely in the United Kingdom and is net of VAT.

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

e) Operating costs

Operating costs are added to amounts recoverable on contracts during the construction period. Following commissioning, regular operating and maintenance costs and Education Support (Newham) Limited central costs will be expensed to the profit and loss account as incurred.

f) Interest payable

Interest costs on borrowings are added to the amounts recoverable on contract during the construction phase of the contract and then written off to the profit and loss account over the period of concession as incurred

g) Financial Instruments

The Company uses financial instruments to reduce exposure to interest rate movements. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

h) Taxation

Current tax, including United Kingdom Corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

In accordance with FRS19 'Deferred Tax', deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are not discounted

i) Bank borrowings

Interest-bearing bank loans and overdrafts are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Finance charges, including premiums payable on settlement or redemption and direct issue costs, are accounted for on an accruals basis in the profit or loss account using the effective interest method and are added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise

j) <u>Cash</u>

Cash comprise cash at bank and in hand and short term deposits with original maturity of less than three months

TURNOVER 2 2013 2012 Turnover in the year is analysed as follows £'000 £'000 Service fee revenue 1,439 1,367 Other operating income 319 72 1,758 1,439 3 **OPERATING PROFIT** 2013 2012 £,000 £'000 Operating profit is stated after charging Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's accounts 10 10 Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of Education Support (Newham) Holdings Limited 3 3 Operating and maintenance costs 1,156 1,316 **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

No Directors received any remuneration for services to the Company during the current or prior year. The company is managed under a Management Services Agreement by Laing Investment Management Services Limited.

5 STAFF NUMBERS

The Company had no employees during the year (2012 - nil)

6 NET INTEREST RECEIVABLE

		2013	2012
		£'000	£'000
Inte	rest receivable and similar income		
Inte	rest receivable on bank deposits	4	10
Inte	rest receivable on finance debtor	1,305	1,358
		1,309	1,368
Inte	rest payable and similar charges		
Inte	rest payable on bank loans and overdrafts	(1,069)	(1,138)
Inte	rest payable to parent undertakings	(131)	(142)
Ame	ortisation of debt issue costs	(13)	(14)
Con	nmitment fee on undrawn Ioan facility	`(1)	(1)
		(1,214)	(1,295)
Net	interest receivable	95	73
7 TA)	ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
		2013	2012
Ana	llysis of tax charge for the year	£'000	£'000
Cur	rent tax		
U	K corporation tax	(27)	(45)
Tota	al current tax	(27)	(45)
Tot	al tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	(27)	(45)

Factor affecting tax charge for the current year

The differences between the total current tax shown above and the amount calculated by applying the blended rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax are as follows

	Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)		
		2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	115	183
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the blended rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23 25% (2012 - 24 5%)	(27)	(45)
	Total current tax charge for the year	(27)	(45)
	For the year ended 31 December 2013, the blended UK rate of 23 25% is applied due to the character from 24% to 23% with effect from 1 April 2013	nange in the UK corpo	oration tax
8	DIVIDENDS		
		2,013 5'000	2,012
	Equity shares	2,013 £'000	2,012 £'000
	Equity shares Interim and final dividend paid of £2 38 (2012 - nil) per £1 share	•	•
9		£.000	•
9	Interim and final dividend paid of £2 38 (2012 - nil) per £1 share	£.000	•
9	Interim and final dividend paid of £2 38 (2012 - nil) per £1 share DEBTORS	£'000 238	£.000
9	Interim and final dividend paid of £2 38 (2012 - nil) per £1 share DEBTORS Due within one year	£'000 238 2013 £'000	£'000 - 2012 £'000
9	Interim and final dividend paid of £2 38 (2012 - nil) per £1 share DEBTORS Due within one year Finance debtor	£'000 238 2013 £'000 886	£'000 2012 £'000 825
9	DEBTORS Due within one year Finance debtor Trade debtors	£'000 238 2013 £'000 886 130	£'000 2012 £'000 825 7
9	DEBTORS Due within one year Finance debtor Trade debtors Financial assets	£'000 238 2013 £'000 886 130 664	£'000 - 2012 £'000 825 7 690
9	DEBTORS Due within one year Finance debtor Trade debtors	£'000 238 2013 £'000 886 130 664 354	£'000 - 2012 £'000 825 7 690 332
9	DEBTORS Due within one year Finance debtor Trade debtors Financial assets	£'000 238 2013 £'000 886 130 664	£'000 - 2012 £'000 825 7 690
9	DEBTORS Due within one year Finance debtor Trade debtors Financial assets Prepayments and accrued income	£'000 238 2013 £'000 886 130 664 354	£'000 - 2012 £'000 825 7 690 332
9	DEBTORS Due within one year Finance debtor Trade debtors Financial assets	£'000 238 2013 £'000 886 130 664 354	£'000 - 2012 £'000 825 7 690 332

Financial assets include amounts held within deposit accounts with a maturity of not less than 3 months from the initial deposit

10 **CREDITORS**

Amounts falling due within one year £'000 £'000 Bank loans (note 11) 1,084 1,071 Less unamortised debt issue costs (12) (13) Loans owed to parent undertaking - 149 Interest owed to parent undertaking 60 118 Trade creditors 226 67 Other taxation and social security 117 126 Other creditors 380 382 Accruals and deferred income 380 382 Accruals and deferred income 380 382 Amounts falling due after more than one year 8 6,833 Amounts one debt issue costs (82) (94) Amounts owed to parent undertaking 15,761 16,844 Less unamortised debt issue costs (82) (94) Amounts owed to parent undertaking 1,084 1,771 Less unamortised debt issue costs 1,084 1,771 Debt can be analysed as falling due 1,084 1,220 Between one and two years 1,082 1,185 Between two and five years </th <th>ONE STORY</th> <th>2013</th> <th>2012</th>	ONE STORY	2013	2012
Bank loans (note 11) 1,084 1,071 Less unamortised debt issue costs (12) (13) Loans owed to parent undertaking - 149 Interest owed to parent undertaking 60 118 Trade creditors 226 67 Other taxation and social security 117 126 Other creditors 5,303 4,933 Accruals and deferred income 380 362 Accruals and deferred income 380 362 Amounts falling due after more than one year 8 6,833 Amounts (note 11) 15,761 16,844 Less unamortised debt issue costs (82) (94) Amounts owed to parent undertaking 1,089 1,021 Less unamortised debt issue costs 2013 2012 £'000 £'000 £'000 Amounts owed to parent undertaking 10,62 1,771 Less unamortised debt issue costs 1,084 1,220 Amounts owed to parent undertaking 1,084 1,220 Eetween to analysed as falling due in one year or less 1,0		£'000	£'000
Less unamortised debt issue costs (12) (13) Loans owed to parent undertaking - 149 Interest owed to parent undertaking 60 118 Trade creditors 226 67 Other taxation and social security 117 126 Other creditors 5,303 4,933 Accruals and deferred income 380 382 Amounts falling due after more than one year 8 6,833 Amounts folking due after more than one year (82) (94) Less unamortised debt issue costs (82) (94) Amounts owed to parent undertaking 1,089 1,021 Amounts owed to parent undertaking 16,768 17,771 Less unamortised debt issue costs 16,768 17,771 Amounts owed to parent undertaking 10,021 10,021 Debt can be analysed as falling due in one year or less 1,062	Amounts falling due within one year		
Loans owed to parent undertaking 149 Interest owed to parent undertaking 60 118 Trade creditors 226 67 Other taxation and social security 117 126 Other creditors 5,303 4,933 Accruals and deferred income 380 382 T,158 6,833 Amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans (note 11) 15,761 16,844 Less unamortised debt issue costs (82) (94) Amounts owed to parent undertaking 1,089 1,021 Enditor of the total parent undertaking 16,768 17,771 Analysis of debt Debt can be analysed as falling due in one year or less 1,084 1,220 Between one and two years 1,062 1,165 Between two and five years 1,062 1,165 Between two and five years 13,307 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 In five years or more 17,934 19,085 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)	Bank loans (note 11)	1,084	1,071
Interest owed to parent undertaking 60 118 Trade creditors 226 67 Other taxation and social security 117 126 Other creditors 5,303 4,933 Accruals and deferred income 380 382 Accruals and deferred income 380 382 Amounts falling due after more than one year 83 6,833 Amounts (note 11) 15,761 16,844 Less unamortised debt issue costs (82) (94) Amounts owed to parent undertaking 1,089 1,021 Amounts owed to parent undertaking 16,768 17,771 Analysis of debt 2013 2012 Debt can be analysed as falling due to one year or less 1,084 1,220 Between one and two years 1,084 1,220 Between two and five years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)	Less unamortised debt issue costs	(12)	(13)
Trade creditors 226 67 Other taxation and social security 117 126 Other creditors 5,303 4,933 Accruals and deferred income 380 382 Amounts falling due after more than one year 8 6,833 Amounts (note 11) 15,761 16,844 Less unamortised debt issue costs (82) (94) Amounts owed to parent undertaking 1,089 1,021 Amounts owed to parent undertaking 16,768 17,771 Debt can be analysed as falling due in one year or less 1,084 1,220 Between one and two years 1,084 1,220 Between one and two years 1,062 1,165 Between two and five years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)	Loans owed to parent undertaking	· ·	149
Other taxation and social security 117 126 Other creditors 5,303 4,933 Accruals and deferred income 380 382 Amounts falling due after more than one year 5,761 16,844 Less unamortised debt issue costs (82) (94) Amounts owed to parent undertaking 1,089 1,021 Amounts owed to parent undertaking 16,768 17,771 2013 2012 £'000 £'000 Analysis of debt 2013 2012 £'000 £'000 Ebt can be analysed as falling due 1,084 1,220 Between one and two years 1,084 1,220 Between one and two years 1,062 1,165 Between two and five years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)	Interest owed to parent undertaking	60	118
Other creditors 5,303 4,933 Accruals and deferred income 380 382 Amounts falling due after more than one year 380 382 Bank loans (note 11) 15,761 16,844 Less unamortised debt issue costs (82) (94) Amounts owed to parent undertaking 1,089 1,021 Amounts owed to parent undertaking 10,84 1,771 Debt can be analysed as falling due In one year of less 1,084 1,220 Between one and two years 1,084 1,220 Between two and five years 1,062 1,165 Between two and five years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)	Trade creditors	226	67
Accruals and deferred income 380 382 Amounts falling due after more than one year	Other taxation and social security	117	126
Amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans (note 11) 15,761 16,844 Less unamortised debt issue costs (82) (94) Amounts owed to parent undertaking 1,089 1,021 Amounts owed to parent undertaking 16,768 17,771 2013 2012 £'000 £'000 Analysis of debt 2013 2012 £'000 £'000 Analysis of debt 1,084 1,220 1,65 1,65 1,65 1,65 1,65 1,65 1,307 1,934 19,085 1,985	Other creditors	5,303	4,933
Amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans (note 11) 15,761 16,844 Less unamortised debt issue costs (82) (94) Amounts owed to parent undertaking 1,089 1,021 16,768 17,771 2012 £'000 £'000 E'000 £'000 £'000 Analysis of debt Debt can be analysed as falling due in one year or less 1,084 1,220 Between one and two years 1,062 1,165 Between two and five years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)	Accruals and deferred income		382
Bank loans (note 11) 15,761 16,844 Less unamortised debt issue costs (82) (94) Amounts owed to parent undertaking 1,089 1,021 2013 2012 £'000 £'000 £'000 Analysis of debt Debt can be analysed as falling due in one year or less 1,084 1,220 Between one and two years 1,062 1,165 Between two and five years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)		7,158	6,833
Bank loans (note 11) 15,761 16,844 Less unamortised debt issue costs (82) (94) Amounts owed to parent undertaking 1,089 1,021 2013 2012 £'000 £'000 £'000 Analysis of debt Debt can be analysed as falling due in one year or less 1,084 1,220 Between one and two years 1,062 1,165 Between two and five years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)			
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16,768 17,771 2013 2012 £'000 £'000 Analysis of debt Debt can be analysed as falling due in one year or less 1,084 1,220 Between one and two years 1,062 1,165 Between two and five years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)		` '	• •
Analysis of debt £'000 Debt can be analysed as falling due 1,084 1,220 In one year or less 1,062 1,165 Between one and two years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)	Amounts owed to parent undertaking		
Analysis of debt £'000 Debt can be analysed as falling due 1,084 1,220 In one year or less 1,062 1,165 Between one and two years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)		16,768	17,771
Analysis of debt Debt can be analysed as falling due 1,084 1,220 In one year or less 1,062 1,165 Between one and two years 1,062 1,165 Between two and five years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 17,934 19,085 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)		2013	2012
Debt can be analysed as falling due 1,084 1,220 In one year or less 1,062 1,165 Between one and two years 1,062 1,165 Between two and five years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)		£'000	£'000
in one year or less 1,084 1,220 Between one and two years 1,062 1,165 Between two and five years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)	Analysis of debt		
Between one and two years 1,062 1,165 Between two and five years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 17,934 19,085 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)	Debt can be analysed as falling due		
Between two and five years 3,323 3,393 In five years or more 12,465 13,307 17,934 19,085 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)	In one year or less	1,084	1,220
In five years or more 12,465 13,307 17,934 19,085 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)	Between one and two years	1,062	1,165
17,934 19,085 Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)	Between two and five years	3,323	3,393
Less unamortised debt issue costs (94) (107)	In five years or more	12,465	13,307
		17,934	19,085
17,840 18,978	Less unamortised debt issue costs	(94)	(107)
		17,840	18,978

The amount owed to parent undertakings in the current and prior year is repayable in line with repayments schedules. Interest is charged at 12%

LOANS 11

Bank loans

The Company has facilities provided by Commerzbank in order to finance the construction of the project. The loans are repayable in instalments based on an agreed percentage amount of the total facilities per annum over a certain number of years

Interest on the facilities is charged at ta set margin, over and above the Interbank Rate plus a Mandatory Costs Rate. The Company has entered into fixed interest rate swaps to mitigate its interest exposure which have a negative fair value at 31 December 2013 of £3,065,225 (2012 - £4,229,583)

The loan is secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the assets of the Company and a charge over the shares of the Company The interest rate is fixed for the life of the loan

CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Allotted, called up to 2p each and fully paid 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1

13 MOVEMENT IN RESERVES

13	MOVEMENT IN RESERVES		
			Profit and
			loss account
			£'000
	At 1 January 2013		242
	Profit for the financial year		88
	Dividends paid on equity shares (note 8)		(238)
	At 31 December 2013		92
14	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS		
		2013	2012
		£'000	£'000
	Profit for the financial year	88	138
	Dividends paid on equity shares (note 8)	(238)	-
	Net (reduction)/increase in shareholder's funds	(150)	138
	Opening shareholder's funds	243	105
	Closing shareholder's funds	93	243

15 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

As a wholly owned subsidiary of Education Support (Newham) Holdings Limited, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption under Financial Reporting Standard 8 not to provide information on related party transactions with other undertakings within the Education Support (Newham) Holdings group

16 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The Company's immediate parent company is Education Support (Newham) Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales whose registered Head Office is 1 Kingsway, London WC2B 6AN

The Company's ultimate parent and controlling entity is John Laing Infrastructure Fund Limited, a company incorporated in Guernsey