Company Registration No. 04418963

Paxton Road Limited

Report and Financial Statements

30 June 2014



Report and financial statements 2014

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Officers and professional advisers

Directors

D P Levy M J Collecott D Cullen D G Eales (resigned 13 November 2014)

Secretary

M J Collecott

Registered Office

Bill Nicholson Way 748 High Road London N17 0AP

Bankers

HSBC Bank plc 70 Pall Mall London SW1Y 5EZ

Solicitors

Olswang LLP 90 High Holborn London WC1V 6XX

Auditor

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 2 New Street Square London EC4A 3BZ

Directors' report

The directors present their report and the financial statements of Paxton Road Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 30 June 2014.

The Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under section 444(5) of the Companies Act 2006 and the company is therefore exempt from preparing a Strategic Report.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of the acquisition of property on behalf of the Tottenham Hotspur group.

Risks and uncertainties

The risks and uncertainties of the company are aligned to those of Tottenham Hotspur Limited and discussed in page 3 of the consolidated accounts.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

D P Levy

M J Collecott

D Cullen

D G Eales (resigned 13 November 2014)

Dividends and results

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in either period. The company made a profit after tax for the year of £46,690 (2013: £41,827) and the net liabilities as at 30 June 2014 were £695,043 (2013: £741,733).

The directors consider the future prospects of the company to be satisfactory.

Going concern

The company is a property company with net current liabilities and net liabilities at 30 June 2014. The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis because the parent company, Tottenham Hotspur Limited, stated that it will provide the necessary financial support to the company for at least twelve months from the date these accounts are signed. The parent company directors prepare budgets and forecasts and have produced detailed and realistic cash flow projections which are reviewed on an ongoing basis. These demonstrate that the parent company has the financial capability to satisfy this obligation.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is not aware;
 and
- the director has taken all steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Directors' report (continued)

Auditor

Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed reappointed as auditor in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

M J Collecott Secretary

17 December 2014

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Paxton Road Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Paxton Road Limited for the year ended 30 June 2014 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' report and Strategic report.

Miner

Nigel Mercer (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor London, United Kingdom 17 December 2014

Profit and loss account Year ended 30 June 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
Turnover	1	150,000	150,000
Operating expenses		(38)	(5,846)
Operating profit	2	149,962	144,154
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(89,717)	(87,483)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		60,245	56,671
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	4	(13,555)	(14,844)
Retained profit for the financial year	10	46,690	41,827

The above results all derive from continuing operations.

There were no gains or losses in the current and prior year other than as set out in the profit and loss account above, and accordingly no statement of total recognised gains and losses is presented.

Balance sheet 30 June 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	5	2,170,122	2,170,122
Current assets Debtors	6	313,905	224,576
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(2,095,591)	(1,980,246)
Net current liabilities		(1,781,686)	(1,755,670)
Total assets less current liabilities		388,436	414,452
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(1,083,479)	(1,156,185)
Net liabilities		(695,043)	(741,733)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	9 10	2 (695,045)	2 (741,735)
Total shareholders' deficit		(695,043)	(741,733)

The financial statements of Paxton Road Limited, registered number 04418963, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 17 December 2014.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

M J Collecott Director

Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2014

1. Accounting policies

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted, which have been applied consistently throughout the current and prior year, are described below.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Cash flow statement

Under the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised) the company has not presented a cash flow statement as Tottenham Hotspur Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group which includes the company, prepares consolidated financial statements which include the results of the company and contains a cash flow statement.

Going concern

The company is a property company with net current liabilities and net liabilities at 30 June 2014. The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis because the parent company, Tottenham Hotspur Limited, stated that it will provide the necessary financial support to the company for at least twelve months from the date these accounts are signed. The parent company directors prepare budgets and forecasts and have produced detailed and realistic cash flow projections which are reviewed on an ongoing basis. These demonstrate that the parent company has the financial capability to satisfy this obligation.

Turnover

Turnover represents rental income received from the letting of the company's properties. Turnover is recognised as per the contractual terms of the rental agreements. All turnover arises in the United Kingdom.

Tax

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profits differ from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because they exclude items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and they further exclude items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable on the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

No depreciation is charged on freehold land.

Debt and finance costs

Debt is stated initially at the amount of the net proceeds after the deduction of issue costs. The carrying amount is increased by the finance cost in respect of the accounting period and reduced by payments made in the accounting period. Debt issue costs are amortised over the term of the debt. Finance costs of debt are recognised in the profit and loss account over the term of such instruments.

Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2014

2. Operating profit

There were no employees during the current or preceding year and none of the directors received any remuneration in respect of their services to the company in either year.

The audit fee of £2,000 (2013: £2,000) is borne by another group company in the current and prior year. No fees were paid to the company's auditor or affiliated entities, relating to other services, during the current or prior year. Refer to the Tottenham Hotspur Limited financial statements for full disclosure of fees payable to auditor.

3. Interest payable and similar charges

		2014 £	2013 £
	Bank loan interest payable	27,311	28,940
	Interest payable on loans from group companies	60,670	56,701
	Amortisation of debt issue costs	1,736	1,842
		89,717	87,483
4.	Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities		
		2014	2013
		£	£
	Reconciliation of the current tax charge		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	60,245	56,671
	Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities before taxation at		
	22.5% (2013: 23.75%)	(13,555)	(13,459)
	Expenses not deductible		(1,385)
	Total current tax charge	(13,555)	(14,844)
	-		

There is no provided or unprovided deferred tax.

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Ficchoid
	land
	£
Cost and net book value	
As at 30 June 2014 and 30 June 2013	2,170,122

Freehold

Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2014

6.	Debtors

0.	Dentois		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Amounts owed from group undertakings	313,905	224,576
	•	313,905	224,576
	No interest is charged on amounts owed by group undertakings.		
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Bank overdraft	1,950,914	1,850,915
	Bank loans	72,706	70,949
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax	71,335 639	57,743 639
		2,095,594	1,980,246
	Interest on intercompany loans is charged at 7% per annum.		
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Bank loans	1,083,479	1,156,185
	The maturity profile of the company's financial liabilities at the balance sheet date:		
	Within one year or less	72,706	70,949
	After more than one year but not more than two years	74,432	72,706
	After more than two years but not more than five years	234,689	228,985
	After more than five years	774,358	854,494
		1,156,185	1,227,134

Bank loans are secured by a floating charge over the company's assets and on certain freehold properties. They are repayable over 23 years and in equal quarterly instalments from September 2004. Interest will be charged quarterly on the outstanding amount of the loans, at a rate which tracks the Bank of England base rate. The bank loans are shown in the financial statements net of £13,655 of associated loan arrangement costs which are being amortised over the term of the loans.

Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2014

9. Called up share capital

٠.	Cancu up share capital		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Authorised		
	1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	C-11-311-44-3 3 f11 3		
	Called up, allotted and fully paid 2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
10.	Profit and loss account		
			£
	At 1 July 2013		(741,735)
	Profit for the year		46,690
	At 30 June 2014		(695,045)
11,	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' deficit		
			2014 £
	Opening shareholders' deficit		(741,733)
	Profit for the year		46,690
	Closing shareholders' deficit		(695,043)

12. Contingent liabilities

The company, together with its parent and fellow subsidiaries, has given a multilateral undertaking to its bankers to guarantee the overdrafts of the group companies.

At the balance sheet date the company had overdrafts of £1,950,914 (2013: £1,850,915).

13. Ultimate parent company

The ultimate controlling party is ENIC International Limited, a company incorporated and registered in the Bahamas. The parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group, which includes the company, and for which group financial statements are prepared is Tottenham Hotspur Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Copies of the annual report and accounts of Tottenham Hotspur Limited can be obtained from Bill Nicholson Way, 748 High Road, Tottenham, London N17 0AP

14. Related party transactions

The company has applied the exemption granted by paragraph 3(c) of Financial Reporting Standard 8 not to disclose related party transactions with Tottenham Hotspur group companies.