The Insolvency Act 1986

Statement of administrator's proposals

Name of Company PERSONNEL PLUS (RECRUITMENT) LIMITED (IN ADMINISTRATION)

Company number 04413503

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

Court case number 17307 of 2009

(a) Insert full name(s) and address(es) of administrator(s)

I/ We (a)

SIMON FRANKLIN PLANT AND DANIEL PLANT

9 ENSIGN HOUSE ADMIRALS WAY MARSH WALL LONDON E14 9XQ

• Delete as applicable

attach a copy of *my / our proposals in respect of the administration of the above company.

A copy of these proposals was sent to all known creditors on

(b) Insert date

(b) 3 September 2009

Signed Joint Administrator(s)

Dated

Contact Details:

You do not have to give any contact information in the box opposite but if you do, it will help Companies
House to contact you if there is a query on the form. The contact information that you give will be visible to searchers of the public record

S F P, 9 Ensign House, Admirals Way, Marsh Wall, London, E14 9XQ. Tel 0207 538 2222 DX Number DX Exchange



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DX 33050 Cardiff

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Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (In Administration)

Report to Creditors and Statement of Proposals Pursuant to Paragraph 49(1) of Schedule B1 to the Insolvency Act 1986

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1. Executive Summary

SECTION/APP. REFERENCE

1.1 The Company was placed into Administration on 11 August 2009. The purpose of rescuing the Company as a going concern was not achievable. The primary purpose of the Administration was therefore to achieve a better result for the Company's creditors as a whole than would be likely if the Company were wound up (without first being in Administration).

Section 5

1.2 The Company traded as a provider of recruitment services for blue collar and factory based workers. The Company's registered office and one of its trading addresses was 164 High Street, Burton-On-Trent, Staffordshire, DE14 1JE. The Company also traded from Atlas House, Belvoir Road, Coalville, Leicestershire, LE67 3PG and 3rd Floor Horsefair House, 3 Horsefair Street, Leicester, LE1 5BP

Section 4 and Appendix I

1.3 In May 2006, the Company entered into a finance facility with RBS Invoice Finance Limited in order to assist with its cash flow. The Company continued to trade successfully for the next couple of years before beginning to suffer from the economic downtum. The Company became unable to service its tax liability and looked to present a repayment plan to Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs before deciding that it would not be viable for the Company to satisfy the payments. Accordingly, the Directors sought initial advice from a local firm of insolvency professionals. Their advice was to liquidate the business which was not appealing to the Directors. The Directors approached SFP for a second opinion. Further to discussions with SFP in relation to various regimes available to them, the Directors decided to seek to place the Company into Administration by appointment of Director.

Section 4 And Appendix II

1.4 It was envisaged that the primary purpose of the Administration would be achieved by the sale of the business and assets on a going concern basis. The Joint Administrators decided not to trade the business as a result of cash-flow forecasts and the uncertainty in relation to whether funding would be available. The Joint Administrators were able to secure a sale of the Company's business and assets on a going concern basis.

Section 6

1.5 The purpose of Administration is still in the process of being achieved and there is still a significant amount of work to be undertaken. This includes collecting the deferred sale consideration, effecting realisations in respect of debtor recoveries and continued investigations into the Company's affairs. The Joint Administrators' consider that it may be advisable for the Company to continue in Administration for the time being. However, they require the option of placing it into Creditors' Voluntary Liquidation for distribution purposes in the unlikely event that there are sufficient realisations in the Administration for a dividend to unsecured creditors. Alternatively, the Joint Administrators will file notice of dissolution of the Company at Companies House should they take the view that the Company has no property which might permit a distribution to its creditors, unless they believe that they should present a winding up petition at court, so that a liquidator can be appointed to further investigate the Company's affairs.

Sections 7, 11 and 12

1.6 There has been a limited response to the questionnaire that was sent to creditors. Responses may assist the Administrators with their general investigation duties. Accordingly, those who have not replied are urged to do so.

Section 13

2. Introduction

- 2.1 This Report and Statement of Proposals ("the Report") is prepared pursuant to Schedule B1, Paragraph 49 of the Insolvency Act 1986, ("the Act") in relation to Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration) ("the Company"), the purpose of which is to provide creditors with a full update as to the present position and seek creditors approval of the next stage of proceedings.
- 2.2 The Report also includes information required to be provided to creditors pursuant to Rule 2.33 of the Insolvency Rules 1986 ("the Rules"). All statutory information pertaining to the Company is set out in Appendix I.

3. The Joint Administrators' Appointment

- On 7 August 2009 Notice of Intention to Appoint an Administrator by Company or Director(s) ("the Notice of Intention") was served upon the Company's prior floating charge holders, RBS Invoice Finance Limited ("RBSIF") and National Westminster Bank Pic ("Natwest") by the Company's Directors. The Notice of Intention was subsequently filed at the High Court of Justice. Subsequently, RBS and Natwest provided written consent to permit the Administration.
- 3.2 On 11 August 2009 Notice of Appointment of an Administrator by Company or Director(s) ("the Notice of Appointment") was presented to the High Court of Justice and subsequently endorsed with the 17307 of 2009. Both Simon Franklin Plant and Daniel Plant of SFP, 9 Ensign House, Admirals Way, Marsh Wall, London E14 9XQ were appointed Joint Administrators ("the Joint Administrators"). Pursuant to Schedule B1, Paragraph 100(2) of the Act, the Joint Administrators act jointly and severally.

4. Company History and Events Leading to the Administration Order

- 4.1 Albelt that statutory information is contained in Appendix I, this report provides brief details in relation to the Company's history.
- The Company was incorporated on 10 April 2002, subsequently commencing trading as a provider of recruitment services for blue collar and factory based workers in the first quarter of 2006. The Company focused predominantly on temporary placements. The Company's registered office and one of its trading premises was situated at 164 High Street, Burton-On-Trent, Staffordshire, DE14 1JE ("the Burton Office"). The Company also traded from premises at Atlas House, Belvoir Road, Coalville, Leicestershire, LE67 3PG ("the Coalville Office") and 3rd Floor Horsefair House, 3 Horsefair Street, Leicester, LE1 5BP ("the Leicester Office")
- 4.3 As at the date of Appointment, Philip John Harris ("Mr Harris") and Philip William Ayres ("Mr Ayres") were Directors. Mr Ayres was also appointed as Company Secretary. A full list of historic Company appointments is scheduled at Appendix I.
- 4.4 Mr Harris and Mr Ayres advised that the Company operated its banking facilities with Natwest and details of the account balances have been requested by the Joint Administrators. Natwest have verbally advised they have no liability.
- 4.5 Mr Harris and Mr Ayres explained that the Company was part of a group of companies with a holding company called A & H Holdings Limited ("AHH") and another subsidiary called A&H Consulting Limited ("AHC"). It is understood that AHH acquired the business and assets of PP Plus Limited by way of solvent transfer in 2006. The tangible assets were then utilised by the Company to enable it to trade.

- 4.6 In May 2006 the Company entered into a finance facility with RBSIF in order to improve its cash flow position. It is understood that the Company traded successfully for the next couple of years before beginning to suffer from the economic downtum.
- 4.7 The Company's last filed audited accounts are for the year ending 29 February 2008. From the accounts it appears that the Company was balance sheet insolvent, with a net current liability position of £437,131.
- 4.8 From 2008 onwards the Company's trade continued to deteriorate due to the economic downturn and subsequently, its cash flow position worsened.
- 4.9 Subsequently, it became increasingly difficult for the Company to service its tax liability, which presently stands at circa £350,000. Mr Harris and Mr Ayres explained that they looked to present a repayment plan to Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs ("HMRC") over the next 71 months before deciding that monthly payments to HMRC whilst continuing to settle other overheads would not be viable.
- 4.10 Accordingly, the Directors sought initial advice from a local firm of insolvency professionals. It is understood that the advice provided was to liquidate the business which was not appealing to the Directors.
- 4.11 Subsequently, the Directors approached SFP for a second opinion. A meeting was held where SFP explained the various regimes available to them. The Directors decided that Administration would be the best option in order to save the business and jobs of the employees.
- 4.12 SFP explained that they would not entertain discussing a possible sale back to the Directors until all options had been considered, which predominantly involved trading the Company and/or selling the business and assets to a third party following the placing of the Company into Administration. The Directors confirmed that they wished to proceed with Administration by way of Director appointment.
- 4.13 Accordingly, on 11 August 2009 the solicitors assisting in this matter, Francis Wilks and Jones ("FWJ") filed the requisite appointment documentation at the High Court of Justice on behalf of the Directors. This was endorsed with case number 17307 of 2009 appointing Simon Plant and Daniel Plant as Joint Administrators at 15:44.
- 4.14 At Appendix II is an Estimated Statement of Affairs as at the date that the Company was placed into Administration ("the Statement of Affairs"). The Statement of Affairs Indicates that the Company was insolvent on a balance sheet basis with a deficiency to creditors of £184,498.

5. The Purpose of the Administration

- 5.1 The purposes of an Administration are set out in Schedule B1, Paragraph 3(1) of the Act. In short, this provides that an Administrator of a company must perform his functions with the objective of:
 - 5.1.1 rescuing the Company as a going concern, or
 - 5.1.2 achieving a better result for the creditors as a whole than would be likely to be achieved if the company were wound up (without first being in Administration), or
 - 5.1.3 realising assets in order to make a distribution to one or more secured or preferential creditors.
- 5.2 The purposes are therefore a hierarchy of objectives. The rescue of a company is the priority. Next is to instead achieve a better return to the creditors as a whole. In the event that this cannot be achieved then the Administrator is permitted to realise assets for the benefit of the preferential or secured creditors.

5.3 In light of the insolvency of the Company, the initial purpose relating to its rescue could only be achieved through a company voluntary arrangement. This was not considered to be achievable, although it appeared that the second purpose was a viable option. Full details concerning progress in respect of this purpose are set out in Section 7.

6. Events Following the Joint Administrators' Appointment Leading to Initial Strategy

- 6.1 As a rescue of the Company was not possible, the primary purpose of the Administration was to obtain a better result for the creditors as a whole than would be achieved if the Company was simply wound up (without first being in Administration). This would potentially be achieved with the assistance of a statutory moratorium which protects a company when it is placed into Administration. The moratorium effectively prevents all creditors' actions being taken or progressed without leave of the Court or the Administrator's consent, thereby providing a company with breathing space in which a strategy can be invoked to maximise realisations.
- 6.2 Upon appointment, the Joint Administrators instructed members of their Administration department to attend the Trading Premises, as well as a representative from their debt recovery arm, SFP Recoveries Limited ("SFP Recoveries"). Further, chattel asset valuers Edward Symmons ("ES") were instructed to attend the following day in order to prepare a valuation and inventory of the Company's business and assets and to assist with the strategy going forward.
- 6.3 Upon arrival, members of the Administration department met Mr Harris and Mr Ayres. They explained the Administration process, touching upon possible strategies and explained that a decision regarding the strategy going forward would be made once all relevant information had been gleaned.
- 6.4 Mr Harris and Mr Ayres were then provided with SFP's standard Director pack which outlined the effect of the Administration together with formal notices to undertake statutory and non-statutory obligations. A member of the Administration department explained the Information that would be required from them, which was subsequently obtained over the next several days.
- 6.5 That evening, the decision was made not to complete a change of locks to the Burton Office given that the Administration was not hostile and instead, a member of the Administration department took control of the office keys from all key holders. The decision was also made not to complete a change of locks to the Coalville Office and the Leicester Office given that these offices did not hold any assets.
- The following morning, a member of the Administration department undertook a verbal address to the employees present at the Burton Office advising that the Company had been placed into Administration and the possible options going forward. Another member of the Administration department telephoned employee representatives of both the Coalville Office and the Leicester Office to advise them of the same.
- 6.7 Meanwhile, ES conducted a review of the Company's financial position and tangible assets whilst members of the Administration department gleaned the standard information required to discharge the Joint Administrators week one duties and prepared cash flow forecasts for the coming week.
- 6.8 Once cash flow forecasts had been compiled, it became apparent that trading the Company whilst in Administration was not viable. In addition to this, ES were advised that all of the chattel assets of the Company and the leases to each of the three offices were held in the name of AHH and not the Company. This meant that the Joint Administrators could not maintain control of the business as a whole given that the tangible assets were purportedly owned by someone else including the premises, which was in arrears of rent and not subject to protection of the moratorium.
- 6.9 Further, it was not clear whether funding would be provided by RBSIF to sustain immediate payments and weekly payroll. The Joint Administrators entered into discussions with RBSIF on this matter and were advised that a decision regarding funding would not be instant and that they would require further

information including cash flow forecasts to determine if the business would trade profitably. In view of the global position and the estimated trading losses, the decision was taken that it was too risky to continue to trade.

- 6.10 ES advised that a marketing campaign to generate third party interest would be a timely process and that the informed opinion was that large recruitment companies were not in the market of acquiring smaller distressed competitors.
- 6.11 ES were also concerned that a marketing campaign may jeopardise the Company's goodwill in the event that key employees were headhunted by competitors. Further, given that AHH appeared to own all of the tangible assets and property interest, there was in effect an incomplete business if it were to go to market.
- 6.12 Accordingly, the Joint Administrators decided to negotiate with the Directors for a sale of the business and assets on a going concern basis, given that it was not advisable to trade the business whilst in Administration or to attempt to market it to third parties.

7. General Progress In Relation to the Administration

Sale of the Business and Assets

- 7.1 Mr Harris and Mr Ayres advised that they were interested in making an offer for the Company's business and assets and that if a deal was reached, the purchasing entity would be Personnel Plus (Resourcing) Limited ("PPRL") (an associated entity previously incorporated to deal with permanent job placements).
- 7.2 Negotiations commenced with Mr Ayres, acting on behalf of PPRL. ES advised that an offer in the region of anywhere upward of £75,000 could be considered. Notwithstanding this the initial approach to PPRL was to seek an offer of £175,000. PPRL advised that it would not be feasible to fund a sale of that size and that an offer of circa £105,000 to £110,000 would be more appropriate.
- 7.3 By way of steady increments, a final offer of £150,000 was elicited by the Joint Administrators. This offer was discussed with ES who deemed the deal to represent an excellent realisation. Subsequently, the Joint Administrators accepted the sale price and instructed FWJ to draft a sale and purchase agreement ("SPA").
- 7.4 It was agreed that the sale consideration would be paid on a deferred basis with £10,000 payable upon completion and the remaining amount payable over the following eleven months. The deferred payments were supported by personal guarantees from both Mr Ayres and Mr Harris.
- 7.5 After some minor adjustments to the SPA, a sale of the Company's business and assets to PPRL completed on 13 August 2009.

Statement of Insolvency Practice 13 ("SIP 13")

- 7.6 SIP 13 provides that the Joint Administrators should provide certain details concerning the sale of a business as a going concern to connected parties. Given that Mr Ayres and Mr Harris are connected parties, being directors of PPRL, creditors are entitled to be provided with the following information:
 - 7.6.1 the consideration for the purchase of the business and assets sold was £150,000. The terms of the sale provided for £10,000 to be payable upon completion, £10,000 to be payable by 27 August 2009 and £120,000 to be payable by 10 monthly instalments on the 27th of each following month, commencing on or before 27 September 2009 with a final instalment being payable on or before 27 July 2010;

- 7.6.2 the Joint Administrators understand that Mr Ayres and Mr Harris did not take independent legal advice in relation to the purchase;
- 7.6.3 the sale had to be completed as quickly as possible given that continued trading was not viable. Accordingly, the sale took place without consultation to the Company's creditors; and
- 7.6.4 the sale consideration has not yet been paid in full.

Debtors

- 7.7 As at the date of the placing of the Company into Administration, it is understood that its sales ledger was £633,916 with RBSIF having an outstanding commitment of £490,051 (excluding termination fees).
- 7.8 SFP Recoveries gathered information relating to the Company's debtor book, including copied sale invoices and corresponding documentation to assist RBSIF in the collection of book debts. RBSIF are collecting the outstanding debts with SFP Recoveries monitoring the progress and providing assistance, if required. In the event of RBSIF being repaid in full, SFP Recoveries shall seek to have the sales ledger reassigned to the Company and shall attempt to recover any outstanding balances for the benefit of the Administration.

The Company's Trading Premises

- 7.9 The Joint Administrators' property arm, SFP Property Limited ("SFP Property") has been instructed to confirm that there are no properties in the name of the Company.
- 7.10 SFP Property are currently reviewing the position and will revert to the Joint Administrators with an update in due course.

Investigation into the Company's Affairs Prior to the Administration

7.11 Investigations into the Company's affairs prior to it being placed into Administration are being undertaken by another entity associated with the Joint Administrators firm, SFP Forensic Limited ("SFP Forensic") and are presently ongoing. These are currently being investigated. However, the Joint Administrators do not wish to divulge any further information in relation to this at this stage since it may hamper enquiries / future recoveries.

Miscellaneous

- 7.12 The Company's books and records have been recovered from the Burton Office, Coalville Office and the Leicester Office by another entity associated with the Joint Administrators' firm, SFP Datastore Limited ("SFP Datastore"). An inventory will be prepared and the books and records will continue to be stored by them.
- 8. The Statement of Affairs and the Outcome for Creditors / Joint Administrators Receipts and Payments
 - 8.1 Based upon current information, there may be a dividend to unsecured creditors. At Appendix II is an Estimated Statement of Affairs as at the date that the Company was placed into Administration, completed by the Joint Administrators.
 - 8.2 In addition to this is a list of creditors whose details have been obtained from the Company's records and whose claims have been lodged. Please note that the £0.00 balances denote claims that are yet to be lodged onto the Joint Administrators system and does not mean that the claim has been rejected or agreed.

8.3 Attached at Appendix III is the Joint Administrators Income and Expenditure Account for the period 11 August 2009 to 25 August 2009.

9. The Joint Administrators' Costs

- 9.1 From the outset the Joint Administrators arranged for members of their team to be present at the Company's trading premises in order to react to any immediate issues.
- 9.2 To date, the Joint Administrators have undertaken, inter alla, the following actions:
 - 9.2.1 initial review of the trading position and ascertaining the feasibility of continued trading;
 - 9.2.2 continuing to trade the business from 11 August 2009 to 13 August 2009;
 - 9.2.3 liaising with directors and associated parties in order to deal with immediate issues;
 - 9.2.4 liaising with ES concerning the sale of the business and assets;
 - 9.2,5 negotiating the sale of business and assets;
 - 9.2.6 liaising with employees concerning continued trading;
 - 9.2.7 liaising with employees concerning the sale of the business and assets;
 - 9.2.8 reviewing the Company's books and records;
 - 9.2.9 liaising with SFP Recoveries and RBSIF concerning the sales ledger, including the reproduction of invoices; and
 - 9.2.10 undertaking all statutory measures including updating creditors, advertising and filing requisite documents and forms at Companies House.
- 9.3 At Appendix IV is a breakdown of the time that has been incurred by SFP to date. At Appendix XI is a Guide to Administrators and Liquidators Fees, being Statement of Insolvency Practice 9.
- 9.4 At Appendix V is a breakdown of the time that has been incurred by SFP Forensic to date.
- 9.5 At Appendix VI is a breakdown of the time that has been incurred by SFP Property to date.
- 9.6 At Appendix VII is a breakdown of the time that has been incurred by SFP Recoveries to date.
- 9.7 At Appendix VIII is a breakdown of the time that has been incurred by SFP Datastore to date.
- 9.8 At Appendix IX is a guide to SFP and its associated entities charge out rates and disbursement rates.
- 9.9 Section 12 sets out the Joint Administrators' proposals. The Rules provide that in the event of there being no distribution to unsecured creditors, each secured creditor of the company is to agree the Joint Administrators' fees. However, should a distribution be envisaged then these are to be authorised by a Creditors' Committee, failing which the creditors as a whole and failing them, the Court. Asset realisations indicate that there may be a dividend to unsecured creditors and consequently, the Joint Administrators are seeking agreement of their fees from any Creditors' Committee or the body of creditors, if none is appointed.

- 9.10 The Joint Administrators propose that their remuneration be on a time cost basis, being the time properly given by the Joint Administrators and their staff in attending to matters arising in the Administration under Rule 2.106(2) of the Rules.
- 9.11 As detailed in Section 11, a meeting of creditors has been convened pursuant to Schedule B1, Paragraph 51 of the Act to be held at the offices of SFP, 9 Ensign House, Admirals Way, Marsh Wall, London, E14 9XQ at 11:00am on the 23 September 2009 to consider the Joint Administrators' proposals.
- 9.12 For the sake of good order, each secured creditor has also been provided with a copy of these proposals.
- 9.13 Disbursements and specific expenditure relating to the administration of an insolvent estate and payable to an independent third party are recoverable without creditor approval. Such expenditure is made, if funds are available from the insolvent estate. If funds are not available the payment is made from this firm's office account and this firm is reimbursed from the insolvent estate if and when funds become available.
- 9.14 Payments made out of a firms office account and re-charged to an insolvent estate are defined as 'Category 1 Disbursements'. This disbursement is explained further under the expenses and Disbursements heading in the Guide to Administrators and Liquidators fees at Appendix XI. The following Category 1 disbursements have been incurred to date and are yet to be recharged:

Expenses £ 248.42

9.15 Expenditure incidental to the administration of the insolvent case, which by its nature includes an element of shared or allocated costs are recoverable with creditor approval. These payments are defined as 'Category 2 Disbursements' and, once again, this disbursement is explained further in the Guide to Administrators and Liquidators fees at Appendix XI. The following Category 2 disbursements have been incurred to date and are yet to be recharged:

Postage £ 7.92

- 9.16 The fees incurred by ES, SFP Forensic, SFP Recoveries and SFP Property and FWJ are on a time cost basis. SFP Datastore's fees are calculated on a fixed fee basis for storage and retrieval of books and records and an hourly rate for any further work carried out.
- 9.17 SFP Forensic, SFP Recoveries, SFP Property and SFP Datastore are entitles which are associated with the Joint Administrators firm, SFP ("the Associated Entities"). Pursuant to SIP 9 payments made to outside parties in which the office holder or his firm or any associate has an interest should be treated as a Category 2 Disbursement. In accordance with SIP 9 the following information is provided concerning the Associated Entities:
 - 9.17.1 the Associated Entities have been established by SFP to perform functions to which either the office holder or outside agencies could undertake. It is considered that by virtue of their specialist nature and close proximity to SFP they will achieve better results than the office holder, his team or any outside agencies would be able to accomplish.
 - 9.17.2 the Associated Entities remuneration is on an hourly time cost basis, divided into 6 minute units and calculated as follows:

Entity	Basis of Remuneration	Staff Charge Out Rates
SFP Forensic	Time Cost	£75 - £450*
SFP Property	Time Cost	£75 - £275*

SFP Recoveries	Time Cost	£75 - £450*
SFP Datastore	Fixed Fee and Time Cost	£25-£75*

*The charge out rates detail the bands that will be applied dependent upon the grading of staff required to deal with any one specific assignment. Please note that these may fluctuate/alter during the course of the Administration or the placing of the Company into a subsequent insolvency regime.

9.17.3 the proposals to creditors seek the approval of the payment of SIP 9 Category 2
Disbursements. Approval will entitle the office holder to settle these as and when
deemed necessary without the need for any further authorisation.

10. Additional Points Required to Be Made Pursuant to the Rules

- 10.1 For creditors' general information, the EC Regulations on insolvency proceedings do apply in this case, and these proceedings are the main proceedings.
- 10.2 Pursuant to Schedule B1, Paragraph 47(1) of the Act, the Joint Administrators may request one or more relevant persons to provide a Statement of Affairs of the Company. The Joint Administrators requested a Statement of Affairs to be completed by Mr Ayres and Mr Harris. These forms have not yet been received and SFP Forensic have been instructed to pursue them.
- 10.3 The Joint Administrators do not consider that the prescribed part defined under section 176A of the Act will be payable and therefore do not intend to make an application to Court pursuant to section 176A(5) of the Act.

11. The Meeting of Creditors

- 11.1 A meeting of creditors has been convened pursuant to Schedule B1, Paragraph 51 of the Act to be held at the offices of SFP, 9 Ensign House, Admirals Way, Marsh Wall, London, E14 9XQ at 11:00am on 23 September 2009. At Appendix XII is the notice of the meeting.
- 11.2 The purpose of the meeting will be for the Joint Administrators to discuss the Administration and to consider the proposals, which are set out in Section 12.

12. The Joint Administrators' Proposal

- Albeit that a sale of the business as a going concern has been achieved, the protection of the Administration is still required in order to finalise all outstanding matters. The prescribed time limit for an Administration is 12 months. In the event that an Administration lasts in excess of 12 months, the Joint Administrators have to obtain creditors approval or make an application to Court to extend its length.
- 12.2 It is a requirement, notwithstanding the fact that a company is left in Administration for the Joint Administrators to investigate the company's affairs and submit the appropriate D form to the Department of Business Innovation and Skills concerning the director's conduct.
- 12.3 In the event that there are or may be further realisations that result in a dividend to unsecured creditors the Joint Administrators shall seek to place the Company into Creditors Voluntary Liquidation in order to effect a distribution. In such circumstances they will be looking to take the appointment as Liquidators. In accordance with Schedule B1, Paragraph 83(7) of the Act and Rule 2.117(3), creditors are able to nominate a different person or persons as proposed Liquidator or Liquidators, provided that the nomination is made after the receipt of the proposals and before they are approved. As an alternative, and should there be no likely funds to distribute to unsecured creditors, that the Joint Administrators may

- seek to place the Company into Compulsory Liquidation in order to bring proceedings that only a Liquidator may commence for the benefit of the estate.
- 12.4 It is proposed that the Creditors' Voluntary Liquidation would commence from the date of acknowledgement by the Registrar of Companies that the relevant notice has been filled at Companies House. This procedure, which is permitted by the Act would circumvent the need for an additional creditors meeting and keep costs to a minimum.
- 12.5 In light of the above, and in accordance with Schedule B1, Paragraph 49(1) of the Act, it is proposed by the Joint Administrators that:
 - 12.5.1 the Administration of the Company continue in order to collect the remaining sale consideration, effect outstanding realisations of the Company's debtors and finalise any additional matters which require the assistance of the moratorium;
 - 12.5.2 the Joint Administrators' remuneration be fixed by the time properly spent by them and their staff in attending to matters arising out of the Administration in accordance with Statement of Insolvency Practice 9 and that the Joint Administrators be authorised to draw remuneration as and when funds become available:
 - 12.5.3 the Joint Administrators be authorised to recover all disbursements including category 2 disbursements as defined by the Statement of Insolvency Practice 9;
 - 12.5.4 in the event that the Joint Administrators think that the Company has no property which might permit a distribution to its creditors, they shall be authorised to file a notice of dissolution of the Company pursuant to paragraph 84 of Schedule B1 to the Act;
 - 12.5.5 in the event of a potential distribution being available to unsecured creditors, the Joint Administrators be appointed Joint Liquidators of the Company pursuant to paragraph 83 of Schedule B1 to the Act without further recourse to the creditors with the purpose of making a distribution to unsecured creditors and to continue investigation into the Company's affairs;
 - 12.5.6 as an alternative to paragraphs 12.5.4 and 12.5.5 the Joint Administrators be able to seek to place the Company into Compulsory Liquidation in order to pursue such actions and bring proceedings that only a Liquidator is permitted to bring pursuant to the Act;
 - 12.5.7 upon the placing of the Company into Liquidation under paragraph 12.5.5 or 12.5.6 or the necessary form being filed for the Company to be dissolved, the Joint Administrators be discharged from liability in respect of any action undertaken by them pursuant to Schedule B1, paragraph 98 of the Act; and
 - 12.5.8 upon the placing of the Company into Liquidation, the Joint Liquidators' be authorised to act in a joint and several capacity.

13. Ancillary

Creditors Questionnaires

- 13.1 The response that has been forthcoming from the questionnaire provided to creditors has proved to be helpful in relation to the events that transpired up to the date that the Company was placed into Administration.
- 13.2 As previously stated in the first circular to the Company's creditors, responses that are received may prove integral to assist with investigations into the Company's affairs. Accordingly, if you have not previously provided a completed questionnaire, please do so, at your earliest convenience.

Directors Conduct

- 13.3 Pursuant to the Company Directors Disqualification Act 1986, it is the Joint Administrators and any subsequently appointed Liquidator's duty to submit a requisite report/form to the Department for Business Innovation and Skills concerning the directors' conduct.
- 13.4 The report/form must address all persons holding the position as director during the three years up to the date of the onset of insolvency. Please note that this is a standard requirement. Responses to creditors' questionnaires may prove extremely helpful concerning this.

If any creditor has any queries in relation to the above, please do not hesitate to contact either the Joint Administrators or the Administrator dealing with this matter, Richard Hunt on 020 7538 2222.

Dated this 75th day of August 2009

Simon Plant

Joint Administrator

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration)

Report to Creditors & Statement of Proposals

APPENDIX I

Statutory Information

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited - In Administration

Statutory Information As Reflected At Companies House

Company Number:

04413503

Date of Incorporation:

10/04/2002

Previous Names:

None registered at Companies House

Nature of Business:

Labour recruitment

Issued Share Capital:

A & H Holdings Limited – 2 Ordinary £1 shares

	Name	Appointed	Resigned
Director(s):	Philip William Ayres	10/04/2002	-
J., 66,67.	Philip John Harris	10/04/2002	-
	Tracy Ayres	01/09/2003	31/07/2006
	Leigh Ann Harris	01/09/2003	31/07/2006
	Matthew James Swinton	10/04/2002	10/04/2002
Company Secretary:	Philip John Harris	10/04/2002	<u>.</u>
	Swift Incorporations Limited	10/04/2002	10/04/2002
Current Registered Office:	9 Ensign House		

Admirals Way
Marsh Wall
Docklands
London E14 9XQ

Previous Registered Office:

164 High Street Burton-On-Trent Staffordshire DE14 1JE

Trading Address:

164 High Street Burton-On-Trent Staffordshire DE14 1JE

Atlas House Belvoir Road Coalville Leicestershire LE67 3PG

3rd Floor Horsefair House

3 Horsefair Street

Leicester LE1 5BP Accountants:

Steve Bourne

The Chatwell Practice Chartwell House 4 St Pauls Square Burton-On-Trent Staffordshire DE14 2EF

Schedule of Outstanding Mortgages or Charges:

Name	Type of Charge	Registered	Satisfled
National Westminster Bank Plc RBS Invoice Finance Limited	Debenture Fixed and Floating Charge	13/05/2006 07/06/2006	

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration)

Report to Creditors & Statement of Proposals

APPENDIX II

Estimated Statement of Affairs as at 11 August 2009 / Creditors Details

PERSONNEL PLUS (RECRUITMENT) LIMITED (IN ADMINISTRATION) ESTIMATED STATEMENT OF AFFAIRS AS AT 11 AUGUST 2009

	Notes	Book Value	Estimated to realise
		£	£
Assets (specifically pledged)			
Debtors Less;RBS Invoice Finance Limited	1 1	633,916 -490,051	507,133 -490,051
Estimated surplus / deficit c/d		143,885	17,082
Assets (not specifically pledged)			
Sale of business and assets	2	150,000	150,000
Estimated total surplus available to unsecured creditors		293,865	167,082
LIABILITIES			
UNSECURED CREDITORS			
HM Revenue & Customs - PAYE & NIC / VAT Trade & expense	3 4	-350,000 -1,580	-351,580
Estimated deficiency as regards to creditors			

NB Subject to the costs and expenses of the Administration

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration) ("the Company") Notes To Estimated Statement of Affairs as at 11 August 2009

- 1. The Company's sales ledger has been assigned to RBSIF. A provision has been made of 20% to take into account any bad or doubtful debts.
- 2. The business and assets of the Company were sold for £150,000. Payments have been permitted on a deferred basis with security granted by way of personal guarantees from Mr Ayres and Mr Harris. At this stage no apportionment has been made between the secured creditor's fixed and floating charges.
- 3. It is understood that Her Majesty's Revenue and Custom is owed collectively (PAYE and VAT) circa £350,000, based on information provided by Mr Ayres and Mr Harris. Details of its claim will be forthcoming in due course.
- 4. The schedule of creditors in this report has been taken from the Company's records.

S F P Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited

Key	Name	Address	ધ્ય
C100	1 Stop 1 Call Limited	32 Parklands Drive, Oadby, Leicester, LE2 4DG	84.66
CA00	ABC Danoto Limited	53a London Road, Leicester, LE2 0PD	146.91
CA03	Apex Cleaning Contractors	32 Parkland Drive, Oadby, Leicester, LE2 4DG	22.70
CH3	HM Revenue & Customs	Insolvency & Securities, 3rd Floor, Euston Tower, London, NW1 3UQ	0.00
동	HM Revenue & Customs	Durrington Bridge House, Barrington Road, Worthing, West Sussex, BN12 4RS	0.00
CH02	HM Revenue & Customs	Insolvency Operations, Queens Dock, Liverpool, L74 4AF	0.00
CHO3	HM Revenue & Customs	Room BP3202, Warkworth House, Benton Park View, Longbenton, Newcastle Upon Tyne, NF98 177	0.00
CN00	Natwest	Payment Operations, PO Box 400, Central House, Otley Road, Harrogate, HG3 1XE	20:00
CP00	Pitney Bowes Limite	PO Box 42, Harlow, Essex, CM19 5DQ	212.00
CR00	Recruitment & Employment Confederation	4th Floor Albion House, Chertsey Road, Woking, Surrey, GU21 6BT	473.75
CS01	Soleco UK Limited	Florette House, Wood End Lane, Fradley Park, Lichfield, Staffordshire, WS13 8NF	552.00
C/00	Viking Office Supplies (UK) Ltd	The Business Fort, Crossfield Road, Lichfield, Staffordshire, WS13 6RJ	38.65

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration)

Report to Creditors & Statement of Proposals

APPENDIX III

Joint Administrators Income and Expenditure Account to 25 August 2009

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (In Administration)

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

Statement of affairs £

From 11/08/2009 To 25/08/2009

£

RECEIPTS

10,000.00

PAYMENTS

0.00

BALANCE - 25 August 2009

10,000.00

Personnel Plus (Recrultment) Limited (In Administration)

Report to Creditors & Statement of Proposals

APPENDIX IV

Breakdown of Administrators Fees / Activity Codes

PERSONNEL PLUS (RECRUITMENT) LIMITED (IN ADMINISTRATION)

SUMMARY OF TIME AND CHARGE OUT RATES FOR THE PERIOD 11 AUGUST 2009 TO 25 AUGUST 2009

CLASSIFICATION OF WORK FUNCTION	Managing Partner	Partner	_	Senior Manager	lanager	Man and a second	Manager	Senior Administrator	nistrator	Administrator	ator	Assistant	Total
Administration and Planning	6.50		1			•	1.80	24.20	•	11.90		2.80	46.30
Investigation	•	r	•	•	•		,	,	1		•	•	0.00
Realisation of assots	5.00	2.70	•		,			7.10	,				14.80
Trading	,	8.00	•	•	•	•	0.60	32.50	•	•	•	•	39.10
Creditors	•	5.50	•	•	•		1.50	9.80	,			2.30	19.10
Total hours	10.50	14.20	•	,	•	•	9.4	73.60	ı	11.80		5.10	119,30
Average rate £ per hour	450.00	400.00		,		•	250.00	225.00		150.00	•	75.00	252.58
Total costs £	4,725.00	5,680.00	,				1,000.00	16,560.00	•	1,785.00	•	382.50	30,132.50

Remuneration drawn on account

See Appendix for Summary Charge Out Rates for staff

SIP 9 STANDARD ACTIVITY SUMMARIES

Standard Activity

Examples of Work

Administration and Planning

Case Planning
Administrative set up
Appointment and notification
Maintenance of records
Statutory reporting
Estate accounting

Schedule company books and records

Investigation

SIP 2

CDDA report

Investigating antecedent transactions

Realisation of assets

Identifying, securing, insuring assets

Retention of title

Debt collection – pre and post appointment

Property, business and asset sales

Communication and negotiations with secured

creditors

Trading

Planning

Management of operation

Communication/negotiation with suppliers Communication/negotiation with landlord Communication/negotiation with third parties

Monitor goods outward/inwards

Stock take

On-going employee issues

Travel

Creditors

Communication with creditors

Creditor claims (including employees and other

preferential creditors

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration)

Report to Creditors & Statement of Proposals

APPENDIX V

Breakdown of SFP Forensic Limited Fees

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PERSONNEL PLUS (RECRUITMENT) LIMITED (IN ADMINISTRATION)

SUMMARY OF TIME AND CHARGE OUT RATES FOR THE PERIOD 11 AUGUST 2009 TO 25 AUGUST 2009

CLASSIFICATION OF WORK FUNCTION	Managing Director	Senior Manager	Manager	Senior Adı	Senior Administrator	Administrator		Assistant	Total
Investigation	,	,		ı	0.40	•		0.80	1.20
						:			
Total hours	,	•		•	0.40	,		0.80	1.20
Average rate £ per hour		,	1	·	200.00	1	,	75.00	116.67
Total costs £	1	,		,	80.00		•	60.00	140.00

Remuneration drawn on account

See Appendix for Summary Charge Out Rates for staff

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration)

Report to Creditors & Statement of Proposals

APPENDIX VI

Breakdown of SFP Property Limited Fees

SFP **EEEEE EEE EE EE EEE EEE** PERSONNEL PLUS (RECRUITMENT) LIMITED (IN ADMINISTRATION)

SUMMARY OF TIME AND CHARGE OUT RATES FOR THE PERIOD 11 AUGUST 2009 TO 25 AUGUST 2009

CLASSIFICATION OF WORK FUNCTION	Managing Director	Senior Manager	Manager .	Senior Administrator	nistrator	Administrator	Assistant
Property issues	6			•	•		1.10
Total hours	06'6					,	1.10

Total

11.00

75.00

275.00

Average rate £ per hour

Total costs £

Remuneration drawn on account

See Appendix for Summary Charge Out Rates for staff

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration)

Report to Creditors & Statement of Proposals

APPENDIX VII

Breakdown of SFP Recoveries Limited Fees

PERSONNEL PLUS (RECRUITMENT) LIMITED (IN ADMINISTRATION)

RECOVERIES SUMMARY OF TIME AND CHARGE OUT RATES FOR THE PERIOD 11 AUGUST 2009 TO 25 AUGUST 2009

CLASSIFICATION OF WORK FUNCTION	Managing Director	Senior Manager	<u>10</u>	Manager	S	Senior Administrator		Administrator	Assistant	Total
Debt Collection	•		•	•		1.60	20.70	7.20	•	29.50
Total hours		,		1	,	1.60	20.70	7.20		29.50
Average rate £ per hour	•	•	,	•	•	- 200.00	150.00	100.00		140.51
Total costs £						320.00		3,105.00 720.00	•	4,145.00

Remuneration drawn on account

See Appendix for Summary Charge Out Rates for staff

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (In Administration)

Report to Creditors & Statement of Proposals

APPENDIX VIII

Breakdown of SFP Datastore Limited Fees

PERSONNEL PLUS (RECRUITMENT) LIMITED (IN ADMINISTRATION)

SUMMARY OF TIME AND CHARGE OUT RATES FOR THE PERIOD 11 AUGUST 2009 TO 25 AUGUST 2009

Disbursements incurred

CLASSIFICATION OF WORK FUNCTION	Storage Tasks Inventorising Staff Costs Staff Costs	Inventoring Staff Costs	Total	Disburse
Boxing Up / Collection / Invertorising of Records	38.20	4.90	43.10	Mileage
				Box moving Storage boxes purchased
Total hours	38.20	4.90	43.10	Storage costs
Average rate £ per hour	25.00	75.00	30.68	
Total costs £	955.00	367.50	1322.60	
				Total Disbursements

Remuneration and disbursements drawn on account

See Appendix for Summary Charge Out Rates for staff

0.00

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration)

Report to Creditors & Statement of Proposals

APPENDIX IX

Charge out Rates for SFP main practice and associates entitles



Charge out Rates for SFP main practice and associated entitles

SFP and the Associated Entities remuneration is calculated on an hourly time cost basis, divided into 6 minute units and calculated as follows:

Main Pratice	8	SFP Forensic Limited	Jmited	SFP Property Limited	mited	SFP Recoveries Lim
Grade	Rate p/hr	Grade	Rate plhr	Grade	Rate pin	Grade
Managing Partner	450	Managing Director	450	Managing Director	275	Managing Director
Partner 2	400	Senior Manager 2	325	Senior Manager 2	720	Senior Manager 2
Partner 1	350	Senior Manager 1	900	Senior Manager 1	226	Senior Manager 1
Senior Manager 2	325	Manager 2	275	Manager 2	- 203	Manager 2
Senior Manager 1	300	Manager 1	250	Manager 1	175	Manager 1
Manager 2	275	Senior Administrator 2	225	Senfor Administrator 2	- 25	Senior Administrator 2
Manager 1	550	Senior Administrator 1	_	Sentor Administrator 1	130	Senior Administrator 1
Senior Administrator 2	225	Administrator 2		Administrator 2	19	Administrator 2
Senior Administrator 1	700	Administrator 1	001	Administrator 1	8	Administrator 1
Administrator 2	150	Assistant	75	Assistant	55	Assistant
Administrator 1	9					
Assistant	55					
	_					

Rate p/hr

SFP Recoveries Limited

		SFP Datastore Limited	
Grade	Rate pfhr	Retrieval Rates Quide	
Storage Tasks (Retrieval and Collection)	rleval and	Box Storage A4 A4	18p/box/week 21p/box/week
Staff Costs	. 52	Transk Cases	8p / box / week
Inventorising and Additional	Additional	Retrival costs from site Same Day Delivery (up to 10 litems) Next Day Delivery (up to 10 litems)	E1.10 per mile £22.50 £15.00
Staff Costs	75	Defivery to third party offices (up to 10 items / £1.50 per tlam therestlan)	525.00

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration)

Report to Creditors & Statement of Proposals

APPENDIX X

Proof of Debt form

PROOF OF DEBT - GENERAL FORM

In the matter of Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration) and in the matter of the insolvency Act 1986

1.	Name of Creditor	
2.	Address of Creditor	
3.	Total amount of claim, including any Value Added Tax and outstanding uncapitalised interest as at the date the company went into administration	£
4.	Details of any document by reference to which the debt can be substantiated. [Note the administrator may call for any document or evidence to substantiate the claim at his discretion]	
5.	If the total amount shown above includes Value Added Tax, please show:-	
	(a) amount of Value Added Tax (b) amount of claim NET of Value Added Tax	£
6.	If total amount above includes outstanding uncapitalised interest please state amount	£
7.	If you have filled in both box 3 and box 5, please state whether you are claiming the amount shown in box 3 or the amount shown in box 5(b)	
8.	Give details of whether the whole or any part of the debt falls within any (and if so which) of the categories of preferential debts under section 386 of, and schedule 6 to, the Insolvency Act 1986 (as read with schedule 3 to the Social Security Pensions Act 1975)	Category Amount(s) claimed as preferential £
9.	Particulars of how and when debt incurred.	·
10.	Particulars of any security held, the value of the security, and the date it was given	£
11.	Signature of creditor or person authorised to act on his behalf	
	Name in BLOCK LETTERS	
	Position with or relation to creditor	

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration)

Report to Creditors & Statement of Proposals

Guide to Administrators and Liquidators Fees

APPENDIX XI

A CREDITORS' GUIDE TO ADMINISTRATORS' FEES

Where Publics Presented or Appointment Made On or After 45 September 2003

ENGLAND AND WALES

· 1

When a conceptry goes into administration the costs of the protectings are paid out of its assets. The creditors, who kept createdly to receive seem of their debts set of the assets, therefore have a direct instead in the lavel of costs, and in particular the consumeration of the involvency precidioner appointed in set as administrator. The involvency legislation recognises this interest by previous protections for creditors to determine the head of the administrator's foct. This public is insteaded to help creditors to determine the head of the administrator's foct. This public is insteaded to help creditors to event of floor fights under the legislation to approve and morehor forts and explains the beside on which foce are three.

The nature of educinistration 2

- Administration is a grecome which places a company under the control of an ituative practitioner and the protection of the court with the following objective:

 - rescuing the company as a going concern, or exhibiting a forter result for the creation as a whole then would be likely if the company were would by Without first being in echainstration.
 - or, if the ministrator thinks neither of these objectives is reasonably practicable
 - resilising property in order to make a distribution to secured or preferential creditors.

3 The creditors' committee

The creditors have the right to appoint a constitute with a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 5 transbur. One of the filteristics of the constitute is to delication the basis of the statistication of the reconstitute. The constitute is normally established at the transiting of creditors which the shaddleristic in regarded to held within a maximum of 10 weeks from the planning of the obtaining risks to consider his proposats. The educationatester trust case that the shaddleristic to consider his proposats. The obtaininatester trust case that the first matrice of the committee within 6 which of the cetabilitization, and advantageous secretings must be held either at spacified detect agreed by the constitute, or when a neurobor of the consulties not for more a member of the consulties and for sense or when the administrator decides he mount to hold one. The consulties have the same of the statistic restar to attend to have a restrict a filter functions.

Fixing the administrator's fees

- The bests for fixing the administrator's remuseration is set out in Raia 2,106 of the insolvency Rules 1935, which states that it shall be flood cither:

 - as a percentage of the value of the property which the administrator has to deal with, or by reference in the time property given by the administrator and his staff in attending to extrem reiding to the administration.

It is for the creditors' committee (if Casre is one) to determine on which of these burst that commercision is to be feed, and if it is fixed as a percentage its the percentage to be applied. Rule 2.106 may that in arriving at its decision the committee shall have regard to the following

- the assumptionity (or otherwise) of the case,
 any responsibility of an exceptional band or degree which falls on the substitution;

administrator has ordered and how it was achieved to enable the value of the exercise to be assumed (while recognising that the administrator pass faild certain stantory obligations that might he seen to bring no odded value for creditors) and to enablish that the time has been reporty agent on a the case. As succession will need to be made having regard to the discrete and the rates at which that time was charged, bearing in ented the factors see wit agreement to be the case of the factors see wit in pringing 8.1 all lows. To smaller this assessment with the case by type of extitity and grade of staff. The degree of staff will depend on the circumpatement of the case, but it will be helpful to be reserve of the profitsional guidance which has been given to institutely practitionary on this religion. The guidance magnets the following areas of mirriys as husts for the analysis of lines span:

- Administration and plansing
- Investigations
 Restriction of seasts
 Trading
 Creditors
 Any other case-speci

The following entegories are engagested as a basis for analysis by goods of staff:

- Manager Other senior professionals Assistants and support stall

The explanation of what has been done can be expected to include an outline of the nature of the endpancer and the administrator's own until autonomous, including the anticipated return to creditors. To the orient applicable it should also explain:

- Any significant espects of the case, purioralarly those that affect the amount of time spent. The reasons for sobvequent changed is distingly.

 Any consensus as any figures in the numerary of time spent secondarying the request the administrators which are eachy.

 The steps taken so exhibition to eachy.

 The steps taken so exhibition to eview of creditions, particularly in relations to agreeing the strategy for the endigenment, bedighting, time recording, for drawing or for expressions. Any existing agreement about form.

 Details of these other professionals, including subcontractors, were chessen, have they were contracted to be paid, and what suspe have been taken to review their form.

It should be beene in mind that the degree of enalysis and form of presentation about the proportionate to the size and complexity of the size, in measure made and all categories of activity will always be referrent, whilst further enalysis any be recovery in larger cases.

5.1.4 Where the for is charged on a percentage lettle the administrator should provide details of any week which has boon or is intended to be sub-contracted out which would normally be understand directly by a nationization or a his stati.

5.2 After for approval

Where a resolution floing the basis of flox is permed at any creditors' meeting hald before he has substantially competited his floredness, the administrator should soully the creditors of the chesits of the resolution is his sent report or criticals to them. In all subsequent reports to creditors his administrator should provely the amount of remanurations he has drawn in secreduces with the resolution. Where the face is based on time counts he abouth also provide details of the time spont and changes or whose to take and my material changes in the rates changed for the various grades since the resolution was first person! He should also provide such additional information

- the effectiveness with which the administrator appears to be energing set, or to have convice
 out, his debics;
 the ratio and nature of the property which the administrator has to chall with.
- If there is no creditors' committee, or the contanitor does not make the requisite determination, the statement of members of the description of a meeting of creditors having regard to the area canters as the counts the woods. If the renamentation is not fixed in any of these ways, it will be fixed by the court on applications by the chiral interest.
- There are oposial rules about creditors' resolutions in cases where the administrator has estated in his proposals that the company has insufficient property to eachle a distribution to be made to associated excellent except out of the reserved fixed which may have to be set aside out of fixeding charge sents.

In this case, if there is no weathers' consulties, or the committee does not make the required determination, the commercial may be then by the approval of -

- · each secured creditor of the computy, or
- If the administrator has made or intends to make a distribution to proferential conditions —
- each sourced creditor of the company; and prelimental creditors whose dubts amount to more than 50% of the prelimental dutts of the company, chargesting debts of any arcitics who does not emposed to an invitation to give or withheld approved.

having regard to the same matters as the committee would.

Note that there is no requirement to boild a creditory' meeting to such onest unless a modifing is requisitioned by creditors whose debts amount to at least 10 per cent of the total debts of the comment.

- 4.4 A resolution of creditors may be obtained by correspondence.
- What information should be provided by the administrator?
- When recking for approvel 1.1
- 5.1.1 When melting agreement to his few the abstinuarear should provide malicious supporting information to combit the committee or the creations to form a pringement as to whether the proposed fin is reasonable having regard to all the effections of the supporting information regard to said to be provided will depend on:

 - the nature of the approval being analyt;
 the stage during the administration of the case at which it is being sought; and
 the size and complexity of the case.
- Where, at any exotitors' or committee meeting, the administrator needs agreement to the term on which he is to be renumerated, he should provide the meeting with details of the charge-or rates of all grades of staff, including principate, which are likely to be involved on the case.
- Where the administrator make agreement to his feas during the source of the administration, be about always provide on up to their couples and payments access. Where the proposed for in based on time costs the enhancement about disclose to the countries or the creditors the three spent and the charge-out ratios in the particular case, together with, where appropriate, such additional influencies as may reasonably be regulated having regard to the stem self campletely of the case. The additional influencies change compared a sufficient explanation of what the

s may be required in accurciance with the principlus set out in paragraph 5.1.3. Where the for i charged so a personage basis the administrator should provide the details set out in stagraph 5.1.4 above reparting work which has been sub-contracted set.

Expenses and all humans in

There is no statutesy requirement for the committee or the struttless to approve the drawing of expenses or disburstomers. However, profusional guidance insued to insubscopy practitioners requires that, where the administratory prepases to recover easts which, which the day in the astates of expenses or disfurements, rany include an element of shared or allocated creat (such a room lets, downment storage or contaminations the Riblest provided by the administrators are farm), they must be disclosed and be estimated by these responsible for approving his remaneration. Such texponent seats be directly incurred on the case and subject to a reasonable must discuss the disclosure.

- What if a creditor is discribilist?
- If a creditor believes that the administrator's remunerables its too high be may, if at lenst 25 per cent in value of the creditors (including himself) agree, apply to the crear the ran woler than No exhausel. If the court does not definise the application (which it may if it considers that its official case is shown) the application that give the administrator a copy of the application and apporting evidence is less! I day it days hafter the housing. Utilize the construction to the pair less than 14 days hafter the housing. Utilize the construction of the pair application soil rate on encapture of the administration.
- If the ubministrance considers that the removeration fixed by the creditors' committee is auxiliation for may request that it be increased by resolvious of the creditors. If he committee that the encounteration flowd by the committee or the creditors is insufficient, he may apply to the count he man give at fact if days' solice to the members of the creditors' consultee and the committee may normistee one of more of its members to apport or to represent out the application. If there is no committee, the other insufficient for a day of the committee of the control of the application must be set to such at the committee committee that the control of the contro
- Where there are joint administrators it is for them to agree between themselves how the remimeration psychia should be apportuned. Any dispute trising between them may be referred to the court, the craftiant's contained or a meeting of readdown.
- If the administrator is a solicitor and compleys him over first to not on behalf of the company, profit costs may not be paid to less authorized by the creditors' committee, the creditors or the 1.2
- Provision of information additional requirements

In any case where the educipiestator is appointed on or after 1 April 2005 he send provide certain information about time speat on a case, free of theory, upon request by any crecitor, director or shareholder of the computer.

- . The total number of hours sport on the cest by the admissistrator or stall assigned to the
- for each grade of staff, the overage hourly rote at which they are charged out,

the number of hours spent by each grade of staff in the relevant period.

The period for which the information must be provided in the period from appainment to the and of the most recent period of six menths rectioned from the date of the administrator's appointment, or where he has recents office, the date that he variety office.

The information great he provided within 23 days of receipt of the content by the administrator and parameter must be made within two years from vacation of editor.

A CREDITORS' GUIDS TO LIQUIDATORS' FEES

ENGLAND AND WALES

When a crumpany goes into liquidation the costs of the proceedings are paid out of its smarks. The creditors, who kept to recover some of their debts out of the essets, therefore have a direct letteral in the levied of costs, and in perfectable the creammention of the functionary practitions appointed to not us Equitation. The insufercey legislation recognizes this insurest by providing succhanizans for crumbicars in fix the basis of the light-depth of Sec. This guide is included to help creditors because of their rights to apporte and needlest focus and explains to basis on which 1.1

- Liquidation (or 'weating up') is the most common type of corporate incolvency procedure. Liquidation is the formal winding up of a compuny's affairs entailing the realization of the needs and the destribution of the proceeds in a preservable order of priority. Liquidation may be either relaxatory, when it is instituted by secolution of the shareholders, or computatory, when it is instituted by order of the centure. 2.1
- Veluntury liquidation is the more common of the two. An insotrent voluntury liquidation is called a rectifier's voluntury liquidation (often abbreviated to "CVL"). In this type of liquidation as insolvency proceedings are in liquidated introduced and the creditors can vate on the appointment of the liquidation at the first morting of creditors. 1.2
- In a computarry liquidation on the other hand, the finetion of liquidator is, in most cases, initially performed not by an insortency practitioner but by an official coiled the efficial receiver. The official receiver is an officer of the court and a member of The insolvency fixed control of the court and a member of the insolvency liquidations, the official receiver becomes liquidator insteadiately on the making of the exposition of the court of the making of the exposition of the court of the making of the exposition of the court of the making of the exposition to set as liquidator is a place of the official receiver, either at an excitage of creditors on would for the purpose or directly by the Secretary of State for Trade and including. Where an insoftwary practitioner is not appointed the official receiver remains liquidator.
- Where a compository liquidation follows immediately on an administration the court way appoint the former administrator to not as liquidator. In such passes the official receiver does not become liquidator. As administrator may also subsequently set as fiquidator in a CVL.
- The Namidation committee
- In a liquidation (whother vehicling or compulsory) the crudisors have the right to appoint a conscilince called the liquidation controlline, with a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 5 mentions, no monitor the conduct of the liquidation and approve the liquidation from Teconomistic in wastly established at the creditors' meeting which appoints the liquidator, but in mose where a liquidation follows have edited you as odurbistivations any committee established for the purpose of the utinistivation will consist use in being as the liquidation committee.
- The liquidator must call the first meeting of the consmittee within 3 months of its establishment (or his appointment if that is later), and subsequent meetings statut be held either at specified dates agreed by the committee, or when requested by a member of the consmittee as when the liquidator decides he mode to held one. The liquidator is required to report to the committee at least every 6 menths on the prospects of the liquidation, unless the committee at directs otherwise. This provides as exportantly for the coornitions to monitor and discuss the progress of the insidence; so the liquidator's feet.

analytic of the fine spent on the case by type of activity and grade of shall. The degree of detail will depend on the circumstances of the case, but it will be helpful to be sware of the professional guidance which has been given to insolvency practitioners on this adjuct. The gainness suggests the following areas of activity at a healt for the sanipar of time spent:

- Administration and pla
 Investigations
 Realisation of assets

- · Any other case-specific matters

The following categories are suggested as a basis for analysis by grade of staff:

- Parteir
 Manager
 Other sender professionals
 Assistants and support staff

The explanation of what has been down can be expected to include an outline of the nature of the surgement and the liquidator's own unital assessment, including the sestimated extern to creditors. To the extent applicable it should also explain:

- Any significant aspects of the case, particularly those that affect the amount of time

- as the resorts for subsequent changes in strategy.
 Are resorts for subsequent changes in strategy.
 Are commends on any figures in the numerary of time spent ecompanying the request the inguister without to substitute the service.
 The dept better to establish the views of creditors, particularly in relation to agreeing the strategy for the assignment, budgeting, time recording, for drawing or for more controlled.
- agrocates.

 Any odding agrocatest about fors.

 Dainis of how other professionals, including subcentractors, were chosen, how they were mentioned to be paid, and what steps have been taken to review their fors.

It should be borne in migd that the degree of soulysis and form of presentation should be proportionale to the site and complexity of the case. In smaller cases not all integences of activity will always be eclarent, whilst further muniyate anny be necessary in larger cases.

5.1.4 Where the fee is sharged on a percentage basis the liquidator should provide details of any work which has been or is intended to be sub-conducted out which would normally be undertaken detectly by a liquidator whit staff.

Where a resolution fixing the basis of foor is passed at my creditors' marting held before he has andersatistly complated his functions, the liquidator should notify the creditors of the details of the resolution in his next report or circular to them. When subminganciny reporting to creditors on the progress of the Equidation, or submining his final report, he should specify the amount of rememention he has drawn in accordance with the consistion. Where the fee is based on time comy he should also provide details of the time spens and charge-out value to date and my material charges in the rates charged for the verious grades since the resolution was first passed. Its should sho provide such additional information as may be required in accordance with the principles are out in progress; A.1.3. Where the fee is charged on a permutage basis the high-distant should provide the details set out in paragraph 5.1.4 shows regarding work which here and-constructed out.

Figing the liquidator's fee

- The basis for fixing the Equidator's remanenation is set out in Rules 4.127 = 4.127B of the basis renty Rules 1926. The Rules state that the remuneration shall be fixed either:
 - as a percentage of the value of the assets which are realised or distributed or both.
 - or by reference to the time properly given by the liquidator and his staff is attending to contlers arising in the liquidation.

It is for the liquidation committee (if there is use) to determine on which of these beness the remmeration is to be thout, and if it is to be fixed as a percentage, to fix the precentage to be applied. Rule 4.127 says that in arriving at its decision the committee shall have regard to the following matters:

- the complexity (or otherwise) of the exec.
 exery responsibility of on exceptional kind or degree which falls on the liquidator is
 connection with the individual;
 the officer which the liquidator appears to be corrying out, or to have
 curried out, his delier;
 the value and enture of the smets which the liquidator has to deal with.
- 4.2 If there is no liquidation constitute, or the commission does not make the requisite decommendation, the liquidator's entantaction may be fitted by a resolution of a marging of creditors. The creditors late account of the mans matter as the containties would. A resultation specifying the terms on which the liquidator is to be removed only be taken at the marking which appoints the liquidator. If the removantion is not found in any of these ways, it will be in accordance with a scale and on all the Roberts.
- What inflormation should be provided by the liquid

When seeking the approve

- 5.1.1 When seeking agreement to his four the Equichter should provide sufficient apporting information to make the committee or the creditors to form a pidepenent at its whether the proposed for its reasonable having regard to all the circumstances of the case. The arture and execut of the supporting information which should be provided will depend on:

 - the nature of the approval being sought;
 the stage drafts the administration of the case at which it is being sought; and
 the size and complexity of the case.
- 5.1.2 Where, at any practitors' or committee meeting. Be liquidator seeks agreement to the terms on which he is to be remacement, he should provide the meeting with details of the charge-out rates of all grader of staff, including principals, which are likely to be involved on the case.
- Where the liquidator make approximate to his fees during the costuse of the liquidation, he should always provide on up to disc receipts and payments account. Where the proposed fat is based on time court to liquidator should allocate to the continuous or the creations the time speet and the changeous when in the particular case, tengoher with, where appropriate, such additional information are many reasonably be required having regard to the time und complexely of the exam. The additional information should conspict a sufficient explanation of what the liquidator has relicited and how it was entired to conduct a sufficient explanation of what the liquidator has reduced and how it was entired to conduct the time to the contraction to be ascened (whilst proposed to when the reduction of the contraction of the contractio

5.3 Espenses and disburs

There is no detailed reprintment for the contraints or the creditors to approve the drawing of expenses or debut summers. However, productional guidance insued to insufverey perablishness requires that, where the lightishness proposers for exerce courts which, while being is the posture or expenses or disturcements, may include an element of theme or allocated costs (such as room has, decreased aborage or constantial insufficient provided by the lightisher's own firms, they must be disclosuled and by eartherised by these responsible for approprint plat remanantians. Such expenses must be directly insured on the case and onlyies to a reasonable section of calculation and the carefully insured on the case and onlyies to a reasonable section of calculation and allocated.

Realisations for secured creditors

Where the liquidator resistor an exact on behalf of a notived conditor and receives remaneration and of the proceeds (see perspirely 8.1. below), he should disclose the amount of that remaneration to the consultates (if there is ease), to say necking of creations convened for the purpose of describeing his foce, and in any reports he reads to creations.

Reporting in concenhory liquidations

It should be borne in mind that in computatory liquidations there is no statemy requirement for the liquidate to report to predicts until the conclusion of the assignment. In most such cases, therefore, certifices will receive no information during the course of the liquidation unless they specifically request it.

What If a creditor is dissatisfied?

- Except in successivers there is a liquidation committee it is the cruditors on a body who have untherity to approve the liquidator's fore. To combin them to carry out this function they say require the liquidator to call a creditors' asceding. In order to do this at Items ten per cent in value of the creditors must concer with the request, which must be made to the highlator in
- If a creditor believes that the linguisator's remuneration is too high he may, if at least 15 per tent in where of the creditors (methoding linearity agree, apply to the court for an order that it be reclaimed. If the rount does not desirate the application (which it may if it considers that insufficient cause is shown) the applicant ment give the linguisators copy of the application and supporting ordered as least 14 days before the hearing. Unless the court orders observine, the costs must by paid by the applicant and not out of the anests of the insolvent company.

What if the Equidator is distatished?

If the liquidator considers that the remanuration fixed by the committee is insufficient he may request that it is insertently probabilise of the creditions. If he considers that the remanuration fixed by the committee or the creditions or in accordance with the stretchary scale is insufficient, he may apply to the court for it to be increment. If he decides to apply to the court he most give at least 14 days' action to the members of the committee and the committee may continue root or more of its members to oppure or for represented at the court hearing. If there is no committee, the injudicate's notice of his application small be sent to such of the conditions we the court may direct, and they may monitate one or more of their number to appear or be represented. The court may order the costs to be paid and of the mander.

Where the Espidator realism usuch on behalf of a secured creditor he is entitled to be remnented out of the proceeds of sale in secured accordance with a male set out in the Raica. Usually, between the Equidator will agree the basis of his fee for dealing with charged assets with the secured creditor concerned.

- 5.2 Where two (or ment) joint liquidators are apprinted it in far them to agree between thermalities have the transmention practice should be appointment. Any dispute between them may be referred to the over; the committee or a secting of architers.
- 8.3 If the epociated Septidator is a milicider and employs his over fitre to act in the insulvancy, profit costs may not be paid unless authorized by the occumittee, the conditors or the court.
- 8.4 There cany also be occasions when creditors will agree to make finds available thermstwee to pely for the bignifetter to carry out tester which entened be paid for east of the sarets, other because they are deficient or bossise it is macroits whether the work undertaken will result any benefit to creditors. Armangements of this limit are benefities need to find Highestin or investigations into the elliest of the insubvent company. Any errangements of this nature will be a matter for agreement between the injudication and the reditions concerned and will not be onlyed to the statutery value relating to renumeration.
- 9. Provision of Information additional requirements

Service and the service

In my case where the Equiphter is appointed on or other 1 April 2005 he must provide cests in information chant the time spend on the case, time of charge, upon request by any craditor, director or shareholder of the company.

The information which must be provided in -

- the lotal number of hours spent on the case by the liquidator or staff assigned to the cose;
- for each grade of staff, the overage hearty rate at which they are charged out;
- the number of letters spent by each grade of staff in the relevant period.
 The period the which the information cause the provided in the partied from expelationate to the end of the most execut period of the number of them the date of the Begindston's appointment, or where he have needed utilitie, the date that he wented office.

The information must be provided within 28 thys of receipt of the request by the liquidator, and requests must be sends within two years from vecation of office.

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration)

Report to Creditors & Statement of Proposals

APPENDIX XII

Form 2.20B / Proxy Form

Notice of a meeting of creditors

Name of Company PERSONNEL PLUS (RECRUITMENT) LIMITED (IN ADMINISTRATION)	Company number 04413503
In the HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE	Court case number 17307 / 2009

(a) Insert full name(s) and address(es) of the administrator(s) Notice is hereby given by (a) Simon Franklin Plant and Daniel Plant of SFP, 9 Ensign House, Admirals Way, Marsh Wall, London, E14 9XQ

(b) Insert full name and address of registered office of the company that a meeting of the creditors of (b) Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (in Administration) whose registered office address is 9 Ensign House, Admirals Way, Marsh Wall, London, E14 9XQ

(c) Insert details of place of meeting

is to be held at (c) the offices of SFP, 9 Ensign House, Admirals Way, Marsh Wall, London, E14 9XQ

(d) Insert date and time of meeting

on (d) 23 September 2009.

*Delete as applicable

The meeting is:

- *(1) an initial creditors' meeting under paragraph 51 of Schedule B1 to the Insolvency Act 1986 ("the Schedule");
- *(2) an initial creditors' meeting requested under paragraph 52(2) of the Schedule;
- *(3) to consider revisions to my proposals under paragraph 54(2) of the Schedule;
- *(4) a further creditors' meeting under paragraph 56 of the Schedule;
- *(5) a creditors' meeting under paragraph 62 of the Schedule.

I invite you to attend the above meeting.

A proxy form is enclosed which should be completed and returned to me by the date of the meeting if you cannot attend and wish to be represented.

In order to be entitled to vote under Rule 2.38 at the meeting you must give to me, not later than 12.00 hours on the business day before the day fixed for the meeting, details in writing of your claim.

Signed

Joint / Administrator(s)

Dated 3 September 2009

* Delete as applicable

A copy of the *proposals / revised proposals is attached

Proxy (Administration)

Personnel Plus (Recruitment) Limited (In Administration)

	Name of Creditor
	Address
Please insert name of	Name of Proxy Holder
person (who must be 18 or over) or the Chairman of the Meeting . If you wish to	1
provide for alternative proxy holders in the circumstances that your first choice is unable to	2
attend please state the name(s) of the alternatives as well	3
Please delete words in brackets if the proxy holder is only to vote as directed i.e. he has no discretion	I appoint the above person to be my/the creditor's proxy holder at the meeting of creditors to be held on 23 September 2009 at 11:00am at the offices of SFP, 9 Ensign House, Admirals Way, Marsh Wall, London, E14 9XQ or at any adjournment of that meeting. The proxy holder is to propose or vote as instructed below (and in respect of any resolution for which no specific instruction is given, may vote or abstain at his/her discretion).
	Voting Instructions for resolutions
*Please delete as appropriate	"That the Joint Administrators Statement of Proposals dated 25 August 2009 be approved"
	For/Against *Delete as appropriate
	2. For the appointment of
	of
	representing
This form must be signed	Signature Date
•	Name in CAPITAL LETTERS
Only to be completed if the creditor has not signed in person	Position with creditor or relationship to creditor or other authority for signature
	Remember: there may be resolutions on the other side of this form