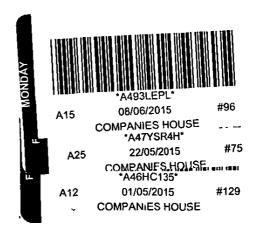
COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 04398255

INSURANCE COMPLIANCE SERVICES LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2014



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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

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INSURANCE COMPLIANCE SERVICES LIMITED OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

The board of directors

S Medwin

I J Gray J K Rhodes

N V Williams R B Woodward T E Stanley

Company secretary

I J Gray

Registered office

Deakins Park Deakins Mill Way

Egerton Bolton England BL7 9RW

Bankers

Barclays Commercial Bank

51 Mosley Street Manchester England M60 2AU

DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2014

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company is that of the provision of compliance consultancy services to the insurance industry

There was a profit for the financial year after taxation of £173,630 (2013 £162,705) During the year, the directors paid a dividend of £142,000 (2013 £75,000)

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

S Medwin
I J Gray
J K Rhodes
N V Williams
R B Woodward
T E Stanley

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations. Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,

make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

GOING CONCERN

The directors consider it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements. In accordance with current best practice further commentary in this regard is set out in the Accounting Policies accompanying the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption

Registered office

Deakins Park

Deakins Mill Way

Egerton

Bolton

England

BL7 9RW

Signed on behalf of the directors

T E Stanley

Director

Approved by the directors on 9 April 2015

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

TURNOVER	Note	2014 £ 1,127,828	2013 £ 995,127
Cost of sales		268,948	220,580
GROSS PROFIT		858,880	774,547
Administrative expenses		648,475	612,194
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	Ī	210,405	162,353
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	36,775	(352)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		173,630	162,705

The above activities all relate to continuing activities

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year set out above

BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2014

		2014		2013
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS				
Intangible assets	6		18,125	19,375
Tangible assets	7		<u>26,423</u>	14,324
			44,548	33,699
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors	8	165,699		85,364
Cash at bank		167,713		161,964
		333,412		247,328
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one				
year	9	251,556		184,547
NET CURRENT ASSETS			81,856	62,781
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	5		126,404	96,480
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more				
than one year	10		1,400	4,675
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES				
Deferred taxation	11		1,569	
			123,435	91,805
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	14		4,000	4,000
Other reserves	15		1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account	15		118,435	86,805
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	15		123,435	91,805

For the year ended 31 December 2014 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479a of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

Directors' responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476, and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The Balance sheet continues on the following page
The accounting policies and notes on pages 7 to 15 form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31 DECEMBER 2014

These accounts were approved by the shareholder and authorised for issue on 9 April 2015, and are signed on their behalf by

T E Stanley Director

Company Registration Number 04398255

The accounting policies and notes on pages 7 to 15 form part of these financial statements

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The directors have reviewed the accounting policies in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 18 "Accounting Policies" and have concluded that no changes were required from the previous year

The principal accounting policies of the company are set out below

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Report Standard 1 "Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)" not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within the group headed by Broker Direct Plc and the company is included in the consolidated financial statements of that company

Turnover

Turnover is the amount receivable by the company for services provided, exclusive of value added tax

Goodwill

Purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions represents the excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired. Positive goodwill is capitalised and classified as an asset on the balance sheet and is amortised on a straight line basis over its estimated economic life, being twenty years. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following each acquisition and subsequently when necessary if circumstances indicate that its carrying value may not be recoverable.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill

5% per annum

Fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Computer Equipment

20% or 25% straight line

Office Equipment

25% straight line

Leased assets

Leases where substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the company are treated as operating leases. Currently, all leases are regarded as operating leases and the payments made under them are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Pension costs

Defined contribution schemes

The pension costs charged against profits represent the amount of the contributions payable to the schemes in respect of the accounting period

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the group an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

Going concern

Financial Reporting Standards and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice require directors to satisfy themselves that it is reasonable for them to conclude whether it is appropriate to prepare financial statements on a going concern basis. These requirements are not intended to, and do not, guarantee that a company will remain a going concern until the next annual financial statements are issued. After due consideration, the Directors conclude that there are no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

1. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging

	2014	2013
	£	£
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,250	1,250
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	10,772	7,595

2. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial year amounted to

	2014	2013
	No	No
Number of administrative staff	4	4
Number of management staff	4	4
-		
	8	8
		_

The aggregate payroll costs of the above were

2014 £	2013 £
461,543	436,465
49,267	49,806
2,808	12,369
513,618	498,640
	£ 461,543 49,267 2,808

3. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The directors' aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services were

	2014 £	2013 £
Aggregate remuneration	226,069	211,799
Value of company pension contributions to money purchase		
schemes		
	227,452	211,799

The number of directors who accrued benefits under company pension schemes was as follows

	2014	2013
	No	No
Money purchase schemes	2	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

	2014 £	2013 £
Current tax	_	-
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 21 49% (2013 - 23 25%)	33,540	
Total current tax	33,540	-
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences (note 11) Capital allowances	3,235	(352)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	36,775	(352)

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of $21\,49\%$ ($2013-23\,25\%$)

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2014 £ 210,405	2013 £ 162,353
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation Tax credits Group relief surrendered	45,223 647 (3,477) (214) (8,639)	37,745 880 609 - (39,234)
Total current tax (note 4(a)) DIVIDENDS	33,540	

5.

Equity dividends

	2014 £	2013 £
Paid during the year Equity dividends on ordinary shares	142,000	75,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

6. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

				Goodwill £
	COST At 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2014			25,000
	AMORTISATION			
	At 1 January 2014 Charge for the year			5,625 1,250
	At 31 December 2014			6,875
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2014			18,125
	At 31 December 2013			19,375
7.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Computer	Office	
		Equipment £	Equipment £	Total £
	COST	~	~	*
	At 1 January 2014	92,470	30,524	122,994
	Additions	22,871	-	22,871
	Disposals	(27,664)	(1,919)	(29,583)
	At 31 December 2014	87,677	28,605	116,282
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 January 2014	78,146	30,524	108,670
	Charge for the year	10,772	· –	10,772
	On disposals	(27,664)	(1,919)	(29,583)
	At 31 December 2014	61,254	28,605	89,859
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2014	26,423		26,423
	At 31 December 2013	14,324		14,324

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

8. DEBTORS

Trade debtors 136,295 55,60 Amounts owed by group undertakings 2,998 1,98 Other debtors 26,406 26,10 Deferred taxation (note 11) - 1,66 165,699 85,36 9. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year Trade creditors 29,491 7,35 Corporation tax 33,540 26,87 Other taxation and social security 59,118 46,99 Other creditors 129,407 103,32	7
Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Deferred taxation (note 11) CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year 2014 £ Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors Other creditors 1,98 26,406 26,10 26,10 26,406 26,10 26,10 26,406 26,406	•
Other debtors 26,406 26,10 Deferred taxation (note 11) — 1,66 165,699 85,36 9. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year 2014 2013 £ £ £ £ £ £ Corporation tax 33,540 26,87 Other taxation and social security 59,118 46,99 Other creditors 129,407 103,32	
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2014 2013 £ £ Trade creditors 29,491 7,35 Corporation tax 33,540 26,87 Other taxation and social security 59,118 46,99 Other creditors 129,407 103,32	
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Trade creditors £ £ Corporation tax 29,491 7,35 Other taxation and social security 33,540 26,87 Other creditors 59,118 46,99 103,32 103,32	
Trade creditors 29,491 7,35 Corporation tax 33,540 26,87 Other taxation and social security 59,118 46,99 Other creditors 129,407 103,32	,
Corporation tax 33,540 26,87 Other taxation and social security 59,118 46,99 Other creditors 129,407 103,32	
Other taxation and social security 59,118 46,99 Other creditors 129,407 103,32	
Other creditors <u>129,407</u> 103,32	
	_
251,556 184,54	7
10. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	
2014 2013	}
£ £	_
Other creditors $\frac{1,400}{}$ $\frac{4,67}{}$	<u>-</u>
11. DEFERRED TAXATION	
The deferred tax included in the Balance sheet is as follows	
2014 2013	,
£	
Included in debtors (note 8) - (1,66	6)
Included in provisions 1,569	_
1,569 (1,66)	6)
The movement in the deferred taxation account during the year was	
2014 2013	i
Polance brought forward (1666) (121	۸١
Balance brought forward (1,666) (1,31) Profit and loss account movement arising during the year 3,235 (35)	
<u></u>	
Balance carried forward (1,66	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

11. DEFERRED TAXATION (continued)

The balance of the deferred taxation account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

	2014	2013
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed assets	1,569	(1,666)
	1,569	(1,666)

12. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 December 2014 the company had aggregate annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	2014	2013
	£	£
Operating leases which expire		
Within 2 to 5 years	20,225	23,575
After more than 5 years	2,792	-
	23,017	23,575

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As a wholly owned subsidiary of the group headed by Broker Direct Plc, the company is exempt from the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related Party Disclosures" to disclose transactions with Broker Direct Plc and its group of companies on the grounds that the consolidated financial statements are publicly available from Companies House

14. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

2014		2013	
No	£	No	£
4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
		No £	No £ No

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

15. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS AND MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

	Share capital	-	Profit and loss account	
	Share capital £	reserve £	account £	Rolder's fullds
Balance brought forward	4,000	1,000	86,805	91,805
Profit for the year	-	· –	173,630	173,630
Equity dividends	_	_	(142,000)	(142,000)
Balance carried forward	4,000	1,000	118,435	123,435

16. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

Broker Direct Acquisitions Limited is the company's parent company by virtue of its 100% ownership of the company's share capital Broker Direct Plc is the ultimate controlling party by virtue of its 100% share ownership of Broker Direct Acquisitions Limited