FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 JANUARY 2016





ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2016

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COMPANY INFORMATION

The board of directors

TJP Knowles

TD Hopkinson CC Sharp

Company secretary CC Sharp

Registered office Canal Mill

Botany Brow Chorley Lancashire PR6 9AF

Auditor Moore and Smalley LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor Richard House Winckley Square

Preston PR1 3HP

DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2016

The directors present their report and the accounts of the company for the year ended 31 January 2016.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was the hiring of air transport equipment.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

TJP Knowles TD Hopkinson CC Sharp

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the accounts in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the accounts in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year.

In preparing these accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

Moore and Smalley LLP are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- each director has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themself aware of any
 relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2016

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

Signed by order of the directors

GOLD (M)

CC Sharp Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 22 June 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF BOTANY AVIATION LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2016

We have audited the accounts of Botany Aviation Limited for the year ended 31 January 2016 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015) (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

This report is made solely to the company's shareholder, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholder those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholder as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the accounts in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the accounts

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the accounts sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the accounts. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited accounts and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on accounts

In our opinion the accounts:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the accounts are prepared is consistent with the accounts.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF BOTANY AVIATION LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2016

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the accounts in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and take advantage of the small companies exemptions from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Healmen

James Treadwell (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of
Moore and Smalley LLP
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Richard House Winckley Square Preston PR1 3HP

22 June 2016

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Turnover		297,820	16,667
Cost of sales		(84,362)	(11,079)
Gross profit		213,458	5,588
Administrative expenses		(64,627)	(112,763)
Operating profit/(loss)	2	148,831	(107,175)
Exceptional items	3	458,244	-
Interest payable and similar charges		(11,804)	(14,273)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		595,271	(121,448)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	4	-	
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		595,271	(121,448)

The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these accounts.

BALANCE SHEET

31 JANUARY 2016

				*	
	. •	2016	;	2015	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		394,968		404,455
Current assets					
Debtors	6	2,163		2,855	
Cash at bank	•	26,328		84	
		28,491		2,939	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	7	97,273		578,260	
Net current liabilities			(68,782)		(575,321)
Total assets less current liabilities			326,186		(170,866)
Creditors: amounts falling due after					
more than one year	8		335,355		433,574
			(9,169)		(604,440)
Capital and reserves					
Called up equity share capital	10		1		1
Profit and loss account	11		(9,170)		(604,441)
Deficit			(9,169)		(604,440)

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

These accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 22 June 2016, and are signed on their behalf by:

TD Hopkinson

Company Registration Number: 04384188

The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these accounts.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2016

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts, to the extent that the company has a right to consideration arising from the performance of its contractual arrangements.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold Property

10% straight line

Plant & Machinery

15% on wdv & 20% on cost less residual value

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2016

2 Operating profit/(loss)

Operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging/(crediting):

2016	2015
£	£
9,487	9,747
2,000	2,000
	£ 9,487

3 Exceptional items

The exceptional item relates to the release of group creditors.

4 Taxation on ordinary activities

Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit/(loss) on ordinary activities for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 21.33%).

	2016 £	2015 £
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	595,271	(121,448)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities by rate of tax	119,054	(25,909)
Effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	37	34
Effect of capital allowances and depreciation	1,897	2,079
Utilisation of tax losses	(16,847)	· -
Group relief	(12,492)	23,796
Effect of revenue exempt from tax	(91,649)	· -
Total current tax	<u> </u>	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2016

5	Tangible assets	•		
		Leasehold alterations £	Plant & machinery	Total £
	Cost At 1 February 2015 and 31 January 2016	78,887	698,504	777,391
	Depreciation At 1 February 2015 Charge for the year	64,764 7,889	308,172 1,598	372,936 9,487
	At 31 January 2016	72,653	309,770	382,423
	Net book value At 31 January 2016 At 31 January 2015	6,234	388,734	394,968
	At 31 January 2015	14,123	390,332	404,455
6	Debtors			
		2016 £	•	2015 £
·	Amounts owed by group undertakings VAT recoverable Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	- 465 1,698		167 582 465 1,641
	· ·	2,163		2,855
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2016 £		2015 £
	Bank loans Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors including taxation:	87,410 384 306		73,341 90 503,829
	VAT Accruals and deferred income	7,614 1,559		_ 1,000
		97,273		578,260
	·			

The bank loan from Lombard North Central Plc is secured by a legal mortgage over the company's helicopter asset.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2016

8	Creditors:	amounts	falling	due after	more than one	year
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	2016 £	2015 £
Bank loans	335,355	433,574
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

The bank loan from Lombard North Central Plc is secured by a legal mortgage over the company's helicopter asset.

Included within creditors falling due after more than one year is an amount of £nil (2015: £121,605) in respect of liabilities which fall due for payment after more than five years from the balance sheet date.

9 Related party transactions

The company had the following transactions during the year, and the following balances present in debtors and creditors at the year end, relating to other group companies:

	Sales & income	Purchases & expenses	Debtors	Creditors
	£	£	£	£
Group companies:				
First Investments Limited	78,713		_	_
Facilities Maintenance & Construction Services				
Limited	556	_	· —	34
FI Real Estate Management Limited	106,767	_	_	272
Lea Valley Limited	18,515	_	_	_
Pro Investments Valley Limited	26,200	_	_	_
USL (Trading) Limited	600	_	_	_
	231,351	-		306

During the year the company made sales to the director, Mr TJP Knowles, totalling £5,894 (2015: £nil).

10 Share capital

Authorised share capital:

•		2016 £		2015 £
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	=	1,000		1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2016 No	£	2015 No	£
1 Ordinary share of £1 each	. 1	1	1	1

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2016

11 Reserves

Profit and loss account

At 1 February 2015
Profit for the year

(604,441) 595,271

At 31 January 2016

(9,170)

12 Ultimate parent company

The immediate parent company is Britannic Holdings Limited.

The ultimate parent company is Acepark Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Acepark Limited. The consolidated financial statements of this group are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House, Cardiff.

The ultimate controlling party is TJP Knowles.