### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017



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### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017.

### Results for the year and dividend

The results are set out in the Income Statement on page 4.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: £Nil).

### Principal activity, review of the business and future developments

The Company has continued its business as an investment holding company. No changes in the Company's principal activity are anticipated in the foreseeable future.

### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this report unless otherwise stated were:

Land Securities Management Services Limited LS Director Limited M Arnaouti (resigned 31 March 2017) L Miller (appointed 1 March 2017)

### Indemnity

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of the respective directors which were in place throughout the year and which remain in place at the date of this report.

### Small companies exemption

The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

### Strategic report .

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under s414B of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare a Strategic Report.

### Statement of disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

By order of the board

E Miles, for and behalf of LS Company Secretaries Limited

Company Secretary

26 October 2017

Registered and domiciled in England and Wales

Registered number:04365195

Registered Office 100 Victoria Street

London SW1E 5JL

### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report, and the audited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare audited financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the audited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Under company law the directors must not approve the audited financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these audited financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LAND SECURITIES SPV'S LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Land Securities SPV's Limited for the year ended 31 March 2017, which comprise the Income Statement, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 10. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2017 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in not preparing the Strategic Report and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparation of the Directors' Report.

Daniel Saunders (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP Statutory auditor London

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October 2017

### INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

| •  |        | ,          | • | Note                                    | 2017<br>£000   |        |
|--|--------|------------|---|---|----------------|--------|
| •  |        |            |   | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |                |        |
| Dividends received   | . •    |            | • |   | ,              | 2,478  |
| Profit before tax  |        |            | • |   | -              | 2,478  |
| ncome tax  | ,      | •          |   | 4                                       | <del>-</del> . |        |
| Profit for the financial year                                      |        | •          | • |   |                | 2,478  |
|  | •      |            | • |   |                |        |
|  |        |            |   |   |                |        |
|  |        | NT OF COMF |   |   |                | · .    |
|  |        |            |   |   | 2017<br>£000   |        |
| <sup>2</sup> rofit for the financial year                          |        |            |   |   |                | ) £000 |
| Profit for the financial year                                      |        |            |   |   |                |        |
| Profit for the financial year<br>Other comprehensive income for th | FOR TH |            |   |   |                | ) £000 |

### LAND SECURITIES SPV'S LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 04365195

### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

|  |            | Note | 2017<br>£000                            | 2016<br>£000 |
|--|------------|------|---|--------------|
| Non-current assets                     |            | •    |   |              |
| Investments in subsidiary undertakings |            | 5    | 362                                     | 361          |
|  |            |      | 362                                     | 361          |
| Current assets                         |            |      |   |              |
| Amounts due from Group undertakings    |            | 6    | 9,584                                   | 9,585        |
|  | :          |      | 9,584                                   | 9,585        |
| Net assets :                           | <i>t</i> . |      | 9,946                                   | 9,946        |
| Capital and reserves                   | •          |      | ======================================= | <del></del>  |
| Share capital                          |            | 7    | <u>-</u>                                | -            |
| Retained earnings                      |            |      | 9,946                                   | 9,946        |
| Total equity                           |            |      | , 9,946                                 | 9,946        |
|  |            | •    |   |              |

The financial statements on pages 4 to 14 were approved by the Board of Directors and were signed on its behalf by:

M Cadwaladr For and behalf of LS Director Limited

Date: 26 October 2017

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

|   | Share capital | Retained<br>earnings<br>£000 | Total equity |
|---|---------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| At 1 April 2015   |               | 7,468                        | 7,468        |
| Total comprehensive income for the year                 | · -           | 2,478                        | 2,478        |
| At 1 April 2016 Total comprehensive income for the year |               | 9,946                        | 9,946        |
| At 31 March 2017  |               | 9,946                        | 9,946        |

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

### 1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS 101). The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of investment properties.

The results of the Company are included in the consolidated financial statements of Land Securities Group PLC which are available from 100 Victoria Street, London, SW1E 5JL.

The accounting policies which follow set out those policies which apply in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017. The financial statements are prepared in Sterling and are rounded to the nearest thousand pounds (£'000).

### 1.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
   paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
  - paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment;
  - paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38 Intangible Assets;
  - paragraphs 76 and 79(d) of IAS 40 Investment Property; and
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1
   Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member
- the requirements of paragraphs 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

The equivalent disclosures relating to IFRS 7, IFRS 13 & IAS 36 are included in the consolidated financial statements of Land Securities Group PLC, in which the entity is consolidated.

### 1.3 Investment property

Investment properties are properties, either owned or leased by the Company, that are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation, or both.

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including related transaction costs, and subsequently at fair value. Fair value is based on market value as determined by a professional independent valuer at each reporting date. Properties are treated as acquired at the point when the Company assumes the significant risks and returns of ownership.

The difference between the fair value of an investment property at the reporting date and its carrying amount prior to re-measurement is included in the income statement as a valuation surplus or deficit. Investment properties are presented on the balance sheet within noncurrent assets.

When the Company begins to redevelop an existing investment property for continued future use as an investment property, the property continues to be held as an investment property. When the Company begins to redevelop an existing investment property with a view to sell, the property is transferred to trading properties and held as a current asset. The property is re-measured to fair value as at the date of the transfer with any gain or loss being taken to the income statement. The re-measured amount becomes the deemed cost at which the property is then carried in trading properties.

Properties are treated as disposed when the significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the buyer. Typically, this will either occur on unconditional exchange or on completion. Where completion is expected to occur significantly after exchange, or where the Company continues to have significant outstanding obligations after exchange, the risks and rewards will not usually transfer to the buyer until completion.

The profit on disposal is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset at the beginning of the accounting period plus capital expenditure to the date of disposal. The profit on disposal of investment properties is presented separately on the face of the income statement. Proceeds received on the sale of trading properties are recognised within Revenue, and the carrying value at the date of disposal is recognised within Costs.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

### 1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (continued)

### 1.4 Other property, plant and equipment

This category comprises computers, motor vehicles, furniture, fixtures and fittings and improvements to Company offices. These assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and are depreciated to their residual value on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of between two and five years.

The residual values and useful lives of all property, plant and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

### 1.5 Investment in a joint venture

Investments in a joint venture / associate undertaking are carried at cost, less any repayment of joint venture capital and provision for impairment in value.

### 1.6 Investment in subsidiary undertaking(s)

Investments in subsidiary undertaking(s) are stated at cost in the Company's balance sheet, less any provision for impairment in value.

### 1.7 Other investments

Other investments are available-for-sale financial assets and are held at fair value. Changes to fair value are recorded within other comprehensive income.

### 1.8 Trading properties and long-term development contracts

Trading properties are those properties held for sale, or those being developed with a view to sell. Trading properties are recorded at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The net realisable value of a trading property is determined by a professional independent valuer at each reporting date. If the net realisable value of a trading property is lower than its carrying value, an impairment loss is recorded in the income statement. If, in subsequent periods, the net realisable value of a trading property that was previously impaired increases above its carrying value, the impairment is reversed. Trading properties are presented on the balance sheet within current assets.

Revenue on long-term development contracts is recognised according to the stage reached in the contract by reference to the value of work completed using the percentage of completion method. An appropriate estimate of the profit attributable to work completed is recognised once the outcome of the contract can be estimated reliably. The gross amount due from customers for contract work is shown as a receivable. The gross amount due comprises costs incurred plus recognised profits less the sum of recognised losses and progress billings. Where the sum of recognised losses and progress billings exceeds costs incurred plus recognised profits, the amount is shown as a liability.

### 1.9 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value, subsequently at amortised cost and, where relevant, adjusted for the time value of money. A provision for impairment is established where there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables concerned. If collection is expected in more than one year, they are classified as non-current assets.

### 1.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash balances, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or fewer. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are deducted from cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

### 1.11 Provisions

A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a constructive or legal obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Where relevant, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

### 1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (continued)

### 1 12 Revenue

Rental income from investment property leased out under an operating lease is recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are an integral part of the net consideration for the use of the property and are therefore recognised on the same straight-line basis. Service charges and other recoveries are recorded as income in the periods in which they are earned.

When property is let under a finance lease, the Company recognises a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease at inception of the lease. Rentals received are accounted for as repayments of principal and finance income as appropriate. Finance income is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining net investment in the finance lease. Contingent rents, being lease payments that are not fixed at the inception of a lease, for example turnover rents, are recorded as income in the periods in which they are earned.

### 1.13 Expenses

Property and contract expenditure is expensed as incurred with the exception of expenditure on long-term development contracts (see 1.8 above).

Rental payments made under an operating lease are recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are an integral part of the net consideration for the use of the property and also recognised on a straight-line basis.

Minimum lease payments payable on finance leases and operating leases accounted for as finance leases under IAS 40 are apportioned between finance expense and reduction of the outstanding liability. Finance expense is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining liability. Contingent rents (as defined in 1.12 above) are charged as an expense in the periods in which they are incurred.

### 1.14 Impairment

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than investment properties, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated (see below). An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The value in use is determined as the net present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset, discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the amount that would have been determined, net of applicable depreciation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

### 1.15 Interest

Interest is accounted for on an accruals basis.

### 1.16 Income taxation

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax is the tax payable on the taxable income for the year and any adjustment in respect of previous years. Deferred tax is provided in full using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the asset is realised or the liability is settled.

No provision is made for temporary differences (i) arising on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities, other than on a business combination, that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit and (ii) relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

### 1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (continued)

### .1.17 Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception date. The arrangement is assessed for whether fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

### Company is the lessee

- i) Operating lease leases in which substantially all risks and rewards of ownership are retained by another party, the lessor, are classified as operating leases. Payments, including prepayments, made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.
- ii) Finance lease leases of assets where the Company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised within investment properties at the commencement of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in current and non-current borrowings. The finance charges are charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The investment properties acquired under finance leases are subsequently carried at their fair value.

### Company is the lessor

- i) Operating lease properties leased out to tenants under operating leases are included in investment properties in the balance sheet.
- ii) Finance lease when assets are leased out under a finance lease, the present value of the minimum lease payments is recognised as a receivable. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income.

Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method before tax, which reflects a constant periodic rate of return. Where only the buildings element of a property lease is classified as a finance lease, the land element is shown within operating leases.

### 1.18 Dividend distribution

Final dividend distributions to the Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders. Interim dividends are recognised when paid.

### 1.19 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive payment is established.

### 1.20 Group accounts

The financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The Company has not prepared group accounts as it is exempt from the requirement to do so by section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 as it is a subsidiary of Land Securities Group PLC, a Company incorporated in England and Wales whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available.

### 1.21 Intercompany loans

Intercompany loans are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequently to initial recognition, intercompany loans are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in the income statement over the period of the loan, using the effective interest method.

### 1.22 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables with no stated interest rate and payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Trade and other payables after one year are discounted based on amortised cost method using the effective interest rate.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

# Critical accounting judgements and key estimation uncertainty

The Company's significant accounting policies are stated in note 1 above. Not all of these significant accounting policies require management to make difficult, subjective or complex judgements or estimates. The following is intended to provide an understanding of the policies that management consider critical because of the level of complexity, judgement or estimation involved in their application and their impact on the consolidated financial statements. These judgements involve assumptions or estimates in respect of future events. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

## (a) Trade and other receivables

The Company is required to judge when there is sufficient objective evidence to require the impairment of individual trade receivables. It does this on the basis of the age of the relevant receivables, external evidence of the credit status of the counterparty and the status of any disputed amounts.

## Management and administrative expenses

### (a) Management services

The Company had no employees during the year (2016: None). Management services were provided to the Company throughout the year by Land Securities Properties Limited, which is a Group undertaking, and amount to £Nii (2016: £Nii).

### (b) Directors' remuneration

The directors of the Company received no emoluments from Land Securities Properties Limited for their services to the Company. The amounts allocated to services for this Company were £Nil (2016 £Nil).

### (c) Auditor remuneration

The Group auditor's remuneration is borne by Land Securities Properties Limited. The proportion of the remuneration which relates to the Company amounts to £1,700 (2016: £1,545). The auditor received no remuneration for non-audit services provided to the Company during the year (2016: £Nii).

## (d) Provision for impairment in value

An impairment of £Nil (2016: £Nil) in respect of an investment in a subsidiary undertaking has been recognised in the Income Statement for the year. See note 5 for further details.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

|   |  |                       |                   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | <del></del>          |              |
|---|--|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
|   | Income tax   | •                     | -                 |                                       |                      |              |
|   |  |                       |                   |                                       | 2017                 | 2016         |
| • |  |                       |                   |                                       | £000                 | £000         |
|   | Current tax  | -                     |                   |                                       |                      |              |
|   | Income tax on profit for the year  |                       | 1                 |                                       | `-                   | -            |
|   |  |                       | ,                 |                                       |                      |              |
|   | Total income tax charge in the income star   | tement                |                   |                                       |                      | <u> </u>     |
|   | Factors affecting the tax charge for the year  | ar                    |                   | •                                     |                      |              |
|   | The tax for the year is equal to (2016 - lowe differences are explained below:   | r than) the standa    | rd rate of corpo  | ration tax in th                      | e UK of 20% (201     | 6 - 20%). Tł |
|   |  | •                     |                   | . ,                                   | 2017                 | 201          |
|   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |                       | *•                | •                                     | £000                 | £00          |
|   | Profit before tax  |                       |                   |                                       | _                    | 2,47         |
|   |  |                       |                   | •                                     | <u>·</u>             |              |
|   | Profit before tax multiplied by the rate of corpo  | oration tax in the U  | K of 20% (2016    | - 20%)                                | · ·                  | 49           |
|   | Effects of:  |                       |                   | ,                                     |                      |              |
| • | Non-taxable income   |                       |                   | •                                     | <u>.</u>             | (49          |
|   | Total tax charge in the income statement (   | as above)             | ,                 |                                       | •                    |              |
|   |  |                       |                   | •                                     |                      |              |
|   | Land Securities Group PLC is a Real Estate on the profits and gains from qualifying renta gains of the Company continue to be subject to | l business in the U   | K provided it m   |                                       |                      |              |
|   | Investment in subsidiary undertakings  |                       |                   |                                       |                      |              |
|   |  |                       |                   |                                       | ٠.                   | 201          |
|   | •  |                       |                   | •                                     |                      | £00          |
|   | **   |                       |                   |                                       | •                    |              |
|   | At 1 April 2016 Acquisitions   |                       |                   |                                       |                      | 36           |
|   | Disposals  |                       |                   | •                                     | -                    | _            |
|   | ·  |                       |                   | ,                                     | -                    |              |
|   | At 31 March 2017   |                       |                   |                                       | ,                    | . 362        |
|   | During the year the Company acquired 100%  | of the capital of the | e following subsi | diaries for the a                     | =<br>amounts stated: |              |
|   | DVD Box Limited .  | £800                  |                   |                                       | •                    |              |
|   | LS TMS Nominee 1 Limited LS TMS Nominee 2 Limited  | £1<br>£1              |                   |                                       |                      |              |
|   | Metro Nominees (Notting Hill No.1)   | £2                    | • •               |                                       | •                    |              |
|   | Metro Nominees (Notting Hill No.2) Limited Metro Nominees (Victoria Place) Limited   | £2<br>£2              |                   |                                       |                      |              |
|   | X-Leisure (Brighton Cinema II) Limited   | £1                    |                   | `                                     |                      |              |
|   | X-Leisure (Brighton Cinema) Limited<br>X-Leisure (Edinburgh) Limited   | £1<br>£2              |                   |                                       | ·                    |              |
|   | A coloure (Cambaign) Cillilea  | ~~                    |                   |                                       |                      |              |

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

### Investment in subsidiary undertakings (continued)

The Company received £6 from the disposals during the year which resulted in a profit of £Nil on the disposal of the following subsidiaries:

LS 1 Sherwood Street Limied LS Chesterfield Limited LS Arundel (North) Limited LS Martineau Limited £2 £2 £1 (Struck off) £1 (Struck off)

The subsidiary undertakings of the Company are:

| Name   | Class of shares / units owned | Holding<br>percentage | Principal country of | Nature of business |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
|  |                               |                       | incorporation        | •                  |
| LS Castleford Limited  | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| (formerly known as 59-60 Grosvenor Street (No. 1) Limited)               |                               |                       | ·                    |                    |
| LS Braintree Limited   | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| (formerly known as 59-60 Grosvenor Street (No. 2) Limited)               |                               |                       |                      | ,                  |
| Alan House (Nottingham) (No. 1) Limited                                  | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| Alan House (Nottingham) (No. 2) Limited                                  | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| LS Street Limited  | £1 Ordinary shares            | · 100%                | England              | Dormant            |
| (formerly known as Albany Park (Frimley) (No. 1) Limited)                | •                             |                       | •                    |                    |
| Cedric (New Fetter Lane) (No. 1) Limited                                 | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| Cedric (New Fetter Lane) (No. 2) Limited                                 | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| City & Central Shops Limited   | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| City Centre Properties Limited   | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| Clock Tower (Canterbury) (No. 1) Limited                                 | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| Clock Tower (Canterbury) (No. 2) Limited                                 | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| DVD Box Limited  | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| L S Leisure Limited  | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| Land Securities (Insurance Services) Limited                             | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| Land Securities Business Services Limited                                | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| Land Securities Management Services Limited                              | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| Land Securities MPPS Trustee Company Limited                             | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| LS (Milford Haven) Limited   | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| LS 120 Cheapside Limited   | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| LS Arundel Nominee No. 1 Limited   | £1 Ordinary A and             | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
|  | £1 Ordinary B shares          |                       |                      | _,                 |
| LS Bon Accord Limited  | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| LS Centre Properties Limited   | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| LS Harrogate (Leasehold) Limited   | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| LS Harrogate Limited   | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| LS Hungate Limited   | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Domant             |
| LS Taplow No. 2 Limited  | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| LS TMS Nominee 1 Limited   | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| LS TMS Nominee 2 Limited   | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| LS Wood Lane Limited   | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| Metro Nominees (Notting Hill No.1) Limited                               | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| Metro Nominees (Notting Hill No.2) Limited                               | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| Metro Nominees (Victoria Place) Limited                                  | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| Ravenseft Industrial Estates Limited                                     | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| The Imperial Hotel Hull Limited  | £1 Ordinary and               | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| The imperial froter frail climited                                       | £1 Deferred shares            | 10070                 | Ligianu              | Command            |
| X-Leisure (Brighton Cinema II) Limited                                   | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| X-Leisure (Brighton Cinema) Limited  X-Leisure (Brighton Cinema) Limited | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant -          |
| X-Leisure (Edinburgh) Limited  | £1 Ordinary shares            | 100%                  | England              | Dormant            |
| A-Leibure (Lumburgh) Limiteu   | £1 Oldinary Strates           | 100%                  | Lingianu             | Donnant            |

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

### 6. Amounts due from Group undertakings

| , and and the most of the analysis        |     | •   |       |        |
|---|-----|-----|-------|--------|
| ,   | •   | . • | 2017  | 2016   |
|   | ,   |     | £000  | . £000 |
| •   | •   | •   |       |        |
| Amounts due from Group undertakings       | : · | •   | 9,584 | 9,585  |
| Total amounts due from Group undertakings |     |     | 9,584 | 9,585  |
| •   |     |     |       |        |

The unsecured amounts due from Group undertaking is interest free and repayable on demand with no fixed repayment date.

### 7. Ordinary share capital

|                               | Issued |        | Allotted and fully paid |      |  |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------------|------|--|
| •                             | 2017   | 2016   | 2017                    | 2016 |  |
|                               | Number | Number | £                       | £    |  |
| Ordinary shares of £1.00 each | . 2    | 2      | 2.                      | , 2  |  |

### 8. Cash flow statement exemption

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Land Securities Group PLC which prepares a consolidated cash flow statement. The Company has therefore elected to make use of the exemption provided in FRS 101 not to produce its own cash flow statement.

### 9. Related party transactions

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Land Securities Group PLC and has taken advantage of the exemption provided in FRS 101 not to make disclosure of transactions with other entities that are part of the Group.

### 10. Parent company

The immediate parent company is Land Securities Property Holdings Limited.

The ultimate parent company and controlling party at 31 March 2017 was Land Securities Group PLC, which is registered in England and Wales. This is the largest parent company of the Group to consolidate these financial statements.

Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 for Land Securities Group PLC can be obtained from the Company Secretary, 100 Victoria Street, London, SW1E 5JL. This is the largest and smallest group to include these accounts in its consolidated financial statements.