Registered number: 04360232

BILLINGSGATE MANAGEMENT LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

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BILLINGSGATE MANAGEMENT LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 04360232

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 APRIL 2019

	Note		2019 £		2018
Fixed assets	Note		£.		£
Tangible assets	4		167,898		168,698
		_	167,898	_	168,698
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	3,729,661		3,220,782	
Bank & cash balances	_	225,365		257,735	
	_	3,955,026	-	3,478,517	
Current liabilities					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(4,067,224)		(3,613,997)	
Net current liabilities	-		(112,198)		(135,480)
Total assets less current liabilities		_	55,700	_	33,218
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	7	_	(14,163)		(10,421)
Net assets		=	41,537	=	22,797
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		100		100
Profit and loss account		_	41,437		22,697
		_	41,537	_	22,797

The director considers that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BILLINGSGATE MANAGEMENT LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:04360232

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 APRIL 2019

The company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 17 January 2020.

J Zeloof

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

1. General information

Billingsgate Management Limited is a private limited liability company registered in England and Wales. Its registered office and business address is at 1 Old Billingsgate Walk, London, EC3R 6DX.

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of of the staging of events at 1 Old Billingsgate

Walk.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Turnover

Turnover represents revenue earned from the staging of events. Revenue is recognised when the events are staged and it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the company. It is exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Amounts received in advance with respect to events occurring during future periods are deferred and recognised in the period the event occurs. These amounts are shown in other creditors.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

At each reporting date the company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives on the following basis:

Plant & machinery

25% on straight line basis

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

25% and 33% on straight line basis

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.4 Basic financial instruments

The company only enters into transactions that result in basic financial instruments such as trade debtors, other debtors, trade creditors, other creditors, cash at bank and in hand and loans to/from

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Basic financial instruments (continued)

related parties.

Trade debtors, other debtors and loans to related parties are recognised initially at the transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Trade creditors, other creditors and loans from related parties are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequently they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors, other debtors and loans to related parties.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand form an integral part of the company's cash management.

2.5 Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£), which is the functional currency of the company.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit and loss account.

2.6 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable.

2.7 Pensions

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 6 (2018 -6).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

4. Tangible fixed assets

5.

	Plant & machinery £	Fixtures, fittings & Equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 May 2018	892,485	75,628	968,113
Additions	76,159	853	77,012
Disposals	(8,910)	(404)	(9,314)
At 30 April 2019	959,734	76,077	1,035,811
Depreciation			
At 1 May 2018	729,874	69,541	799,415
Charge for the year on owned assets	75,376	2,436	77,812
Disposals	(8,910)	(404)	(9,314)
At 30 April 2019	796,340	71,573	867,913
Net book value			
At 30 April 2019	163,394	4,504	167,898
At 30 April 2018	<u>162,611</u>	6,087	168,698
Debtors			
		2019	2018
		£	£
Trade debtors		708,399	449,003
Amounts owed by group undertakings		2,175,000	1,935,000
Other debtors		835,660	820,249
Prepayments and accrued income		10,602	16,530
		3,729,661	3,220,782

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

6.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Trade creditors	1,923,551	1,732,626
	Other taxation and social security	258,161	180,745
	Other creditors	530,467	608,001
	Accruals and deferred income	1,355,045	1,092,625
		4,067,224	3,613,997
7.	Deferred taxation		
		2019 £	2018 £
	At beginning of year	10,421 3,742	6,217
	Charged to profit or loss		4,204
	At end of year	14,163	10,421
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	14,163	10,421
		14,163	10,421
8.	Share capital		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	Ĺ	£,
	100 (2018 -100) Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

9. Pension commitments

The company contributes to a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £1,975 (2018 - £1,247). Contributions totalling £314 (2018 - £70) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date

10. Parent undertaking

The company's parent undertaking is Ely & Sidney Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.