

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2005



### GERALD EDELMAN

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2005

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2005.

#### Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of provision of web-hosting and related services.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 3.

The directors do not recommend payment of an ordinary dividend.

#### **Directors**

The following directors have held office since 1 February 2004:

A C Salter

A Pestkowski

#### **Directors' interests**

The directors' interests in the shares of the company were as stated below:

	Ordinary	Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	
	31 January 2005	1 February 2004	
A C Salter	51	55	
A Pestkowski	35	40	

#### **Auditors**

Gerald Edelman were appointed auditors to the company and in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

#### Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- -select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- -make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- -prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

Director

22 March 2005

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF EXALIA LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Exalia Limited on pages 3 to 11 for the year ended 31 January 2005. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Gerald Edelman

22 March 2005

Chartered Accountants

25 Harley Street

**Registered Auditor** 

London W1G 9BR

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
Turnover	2	289,776	84,002
Cost of sales		(47,435)	(30,208)
Gross profit		242,341	53,794
Administrative expenses		(173,939)	(52,492)
Operating profit	3	68,402	1,302
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	4 5	128 (6,609)	5 (704)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		61,921	603
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(4,964)	-
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	13	56,957 ————	603

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JANUARY 2005

		200	05	200	04
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		118,265		25,989
Current assets					
Debtors	8	49,020		11,992	
Cash at bank and in hand		6,374		-	
		55,394		11,992	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(87,456)		(37,278)	
Net current liabilities			(32,062)		(25,286)
Total assets less current liabilities			86,203		703
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(26,395)		-
Provisions for liabilities and charges	11		(2,148)		
			57,660		703
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		100		100
Profit and loss account	13		57,560 ————		603
Shareholders' funds - equity interests	14		57,660		703

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 22 March 2005

AC Salter Director

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2005

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company.

#### 1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Client networking equipment 15% 1st year of purchase Straight line method 40% 2nd year of purchase Straight line method 45% 3rd year of purchase Straight line method

Fixtures, fittings & equipment 25% Straight line method

#### 1.5 Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

#### 2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

3	Operating profit	2005	2004
		£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	22,317	11,772
	Auditors' remuneration	1,500	1,500
			<del></del>
4	Investment income	2005	2004
		£	£
	Bank interest	128	5
			=

On bank loans and overdrafts         15         246           On other loans wholly repayable within five years         810         -           Lease finance charges and hire purchase interest         5,184         -           Other interest         600         458           6,609         704           6         Taxation         2005         2004           f         f         f         f           Domestic current year tax         U.K. corporation tax         2,816         -           Current tax charge         2,816         -           Deferred tax         2,816         -           Deferred tax charge         2,148         -           Factors affecting the tax charge for the year         -         -           Profit on ordinary activities before taxation         61,921         603           Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 19.00% (2004: 0.00%)         11,765         -           Effects of:         Non deductible expenses         628         -           Depreciation add back         4,240         -           Capital allowances         (12,480)         -           Other tax adjustments         (8,949)         -	5	Interest payable	2005 £	2004 £
Lease finance charges and hire purchase interest Other interest		On bank loans and overdrafts	15	246
Lease finance charges and hire purchase interest Other interest 600 458   6,609 704   6,609 704   6,609 704   6,609 704   6,609 704   6,609 704   6,609 704   6		On other loans wholly repayable within five years	810	-
6 Taxation 2005 2004			5,184	-
6 Taxation         2005 £ £         2004 £ £           Domestic current year tax         U.K. corporation tax         2,816		Other interest	600	458
Domestic current year tax U.K. corporation tax  2,816  Current tax charge  2,816  Deferred tax Deferred tax charge  2,148  -  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Profit on ordinary activities before taxation  Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 19.00% (2004: 0.00%)  Effects of: Non deductible expenses Depreciation add back Capital allowances (12,480) Other tax adjustments  (8,949)  -			6,609	704
Domestic current year tax U.K. corporation tax  2,816  Current tax charge  2,816  Deferred tax Deferred tax charge  2,148  -  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Profit on ordinary activities before taxation  Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 19.00% (2004: 0.00%)  Effects of: Non deductible expenses Depreciation add back Capital allowances (12,480) Other tax adjustments  (8,949)  -		Tavatia	2005	2004
Domestic current year tax U.K. corporation tax  2,816  -  Current tax charge  2,816  -  Deferred tax  Deferred tax charge  2,148  -  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year  Profit on ordinary activities before taxation  Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 19.00% (2004: 0.00%)  Effects of:  Non deductible expenses  Depreciation add back  Capital allowances  Other tax adjustments  2,816  -  4,964  -  4,964  -  603  -  61,921  603  -  61,921  603  -  61,921  603  -  61,921  603  -  61,921  603  -  61,921  603  -  61,921  603  -  61,921  603	ь	laxation		
Current tax charge 2,816 -  Deferred tax Deferred tax charge 2,148 -  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 19.00% (2004: 0.00%) 11,765 -  Effects of: Non deductible expenses 628 - Depreciation add back 4,240 - Capital allowances (12,480) - Other tax adjustments (1,337) -		Domestic current year tax		
Deferred tax Deferred tax charge  2,148  4,964  -  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Profit on ordinary activities before taxation  Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 19.00% (2004: 0.00%)  Effects of: Non deductible expenses  Depreciation add back Capital allowances  Other tax adjustments  (8,949)  -		·	2,816	
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 19.00% (2004: 0.00%)  Effects of:  Non deductible expenses Depreciation add back Capital allowances Other tax adjustments  2,148  4,964  -  61,921  603  11,765  -  Effects of:  Non deductible expenses 628 - Depreciation add back (12,480) -  (8,949) -		Current tax charge	2,816	-
Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Profit on ordinary activities before taxation				
Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 19.00% (2004: 0.00%)  Effects of: Non deductible expenses Depreciation add back Capital allowances Other tax adjustments  (8,949)  -  603  61,921 603  61,921 603  61,921 603  61,921 603  61,921 603  61,921 603  61,921 603  61,921 603  61,921 603  61,921 603  61,921 603		Deferred tax charge	2,148	
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 19.00% (2004: 0.00%)  Effects of: Non deductible expenses Depreciation add back Capital allowances Other tax adjustments  61,921 603  11,765  -  628 - 4,240 - (12,480) - (1337) -  (8,949) -			4,964	-
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 19.00% (2004: 0.00%)  Effects of: Non deductible expenses Depreciation add back Capital allowances Other tax adjustments  61,921 603  11,765  -  628 - 4,240 - (12,480) - (1337) -  (8,949) -			=======================================	
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 19.00% (2004: 0.00%)  Effects of:  Non deductible expenses  Depreciation add back  Capital allowances  Other tax adjustments  (12,480)  (8,949)  -		Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
corporation tax of 19.00% (2004: 0.00%)       11,765       -         Effects of:       Non deductible expenses       628       -         Depreciation add back       4,240       -         Capital allowances       (12,480)       -         Other tax adjustments       (1,337)       -         (8,949)       -		Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	61,921 ======	603
corporation tax of 19.00% (2004: 0.00%)       11,765       -         Effects of:       Non deductible expenses       628       -         Depreciation add back       4,240       -         Capital allowances       (12,480)       -         Other tax adjustments       (1,337)       -         (8,949)       -				
Non deductible expenses       628       -         Depreciation add back       4,240       -         Capital allowances       (12,480)       -         Other tax adjustments       (1,337)       -         (8,949)       -			11,765	<u>-</u>
Depreciation add back       4,240       -         Capital allowances       (12,480)       -         Other tax adjustments       (1,337)       -         (8,949)       -		Effects of:		
Capital allowances       (12,480)       -         Other tax adjustments       (1,337)       -         (8,949)       -		Non deductible expenses	628	-
Other tax adjustments (1,337) - (8,949) -		-	·	-
(8,949) -				-
		Other tax adjustments	(1,337)	
Current tax charge 2,816 -			(8,949)	
		Current tax charge	2,816	

	Tangible fixed assets	Client networking equipment	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Total
4	Cost	£	£	£
	At 1 February 2004	29,135	8,626	37,761
	Additions	80,022	34,571	114,593
	At 31 January 2005	109,157	43,197	152,354
	Depreciation			
	At 1 February 2004	9,615	2,157	11,772
	Charge for the year	11,518	10,799	22,317
,	At 31 January 2005	21,133	12,956	34,089
	Net book value			
	At 31 January 2005	88,024	30,241	118,265
	At 31 January 2004	19,520	6,469	25,989
	Included above are assets held under finance leases or hire pure	chase contracts	s as follows:	Clìen networking equipmen
	Included above are assets held under finance leases or hire pure  Net book values  At 31 January 2005	chase contracts	s as follows:	networking equipmen
	Net book values	chase contracts	s as follows:	networking equipmen 29,100
	Net book values At 31 January 2005  Depreciation charge for the year	chase contracts	2005	networking
	Net book values At 31 January 2005  Depreciation charge for the year At 31 January 2005	chase contracts		29,100
	Net book values At 31 January 2005  Depreciation charge for the year At 31 January 2005  Debtors  Trade debtors	chase contracts	2005 £ 38,459	29,100
	Net book values At 31 January 2005  Depreciation charge for the year At 31 January 2005  Debtors  Trade debtors Called up share capital not paid	chase contracts	2005 £ 38,459 1	29,100 14,694
	Net book values At 31 January 2005  Depreciation charge for the year At 31 January 2005  Debtors  Trade debtors Called up share capital not paid Other debtors	chase contracts	2005 £ 38,459 1 8,580	29,100 14,694
	Net book values At 31 January 2005  Depreciation charge for the year At 31 January 2005  Debtors  Trade debtors Called up share capital not paid	chase contracts	2005 £ 38,459 1	29,100 14,694

9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2005	2004
		£	4
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	8,693
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	14,555	-
	Trade creditors	23,562	11,458
	Corporation tax	2,816	•
	Other taxes and social security costs	17,439	1,909
	Other creditors	26,526	10,000
	Accruals and deferred income	2,558	5,218
		87,456 ————	37,278
	The bank loans and overdrafts are secured by a fixed and floating chacompany.	arge over the as	sets of the
10	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2005	2004
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	£	1
	Other loans	7,640	-
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	18,755	-
		26,395	
	Analysis of loans Wholly repayable within five years	14,691	-
		14 601	
	Included in current liabilities	14,691 (7,051)	_
	included in current liabilities	(7,051)	
		7,640 ———	
	Loan maturity analysis		
	In more than one year but not more than two years	7,051	-
	In more than two years but not more than five years	589	
	Not obligations under finance leases and him numbers contracts		
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts  Repayable within one year	14,555	
	Repayable between two and five years	18,755	
		33,310	<u></u>
	Included in liabilities falling due within one year	(14,555)	
		18,755	
		====	=

11	Provisions for liabilities and charges		
			Deferred tax
			liability £
			T.
	Profit and loss account		2,148
			<u></u> -
	Balance at 31 January 2005		2,148
	The deferred tax liability is made up as follows:		
		2005	2004
		2005 £	2004 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	2,148	-
			===
12	Share capital	2005	2004
-	Jiano Ouprian	£	£
	Authorised		
	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
		=======================================	<del></del>
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
			<b>=</b>
13	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		
			Profit and
			loss
			account £
			~
	Balance at 1 February 2004		603
	Retained profit for the year		56,957
	Balance at 31 January 2005		57,560

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2005

14	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2005 £	2004 £
	Profit for the financial year Proceeds from issue of shares	56,957 -	603 99
	Net addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	56,957 703	702 1
	Closing shareholders' funds	57,660	703
15	Directors' emoluments	2005 £	2004 £
	Emoluments for qualifying services	35,385	-
16	Employees		
	Number of employees The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:		
	year was.	2005 Number	2004 Number
	Administration Sales and services	2 2	2 2
		4	4
	Employment costs	2005 £	2004 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	84,227 8,063	8,000 680
		92,290	8,680

#### 17 Control

The ultimate controlling party is Mr A Salter, a director and shareholder of the company.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2005

#### 18 Related party transactions

A C Salter and A Pestkowski have offered a joint and several gaurantee of £10,000 in respect of the banking facilities.

Included within other debtors is an amount of £8,580, due from A C Salter and A Pestkowski, who are both directors and shareholders of the company. This balance will be repaid subsequent to the year end.