Rule 4 223 - CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of **Receipts and Payments** Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

For Official Use To the Registrar of Companies Company Number 04337866 Name of Company Probotec Limited I/We Jonathan Scott Pope Myles Antony Halley Arlington Business Park Theale Reading Berkshire

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

RG7 4SD

KPMG LLP

Arlington Business Park

Theale

Reading

Berkshire

RG7 4SD

Ref P352971/MAH/PMC/REH

For Official Use

Insolvency Sect

Post Room



06/02/2008 **COMPANIES HOUSE** 

# Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Probotec Limited

Company Registered Number

04337866

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

14 July 2006

Date to which this statement is

brought down

13 January 2008

Name and Address of Liquidator

Jonathan Scott Pope Arlington Business Park Theale Reading Berkshire Myles Antony Halley

#### NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

#### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised including balance at bank book debts and calls collected property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the balance at bank. Only actual investments are to be included in the amounts invested section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such nor are payments into a bank building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried torward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

## Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

### Dividends

- (3) When dividends instalments of compositions etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories the total amount of each dividend etc actually paid must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting or by order of the court as the case may require or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

# Liquidator's statement of account

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations	Real	lisa	tio	ns
--------------	------	------	-----	----

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amoun
		Brought Forward	387,600 7
01/10/2007	DTI	Bank interest, gross	12,938 3
		ł	
<del></del>	1	Carried Forward	400 539 1

)ate	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	8,297 40
18/09/2007 18/09/2007 01/10/2007 01/10/2007 04/10/2007	HM Revenue & Customs only DTI Payment Fee ISA Banking Fee DTI The National Insurance Fund	Corporation tax Cheque/Payable order fee Bank charges Corporation tax Employees wages and holiday pay	2,313 86 0 80 20 00 2,587 68 5,380 30
04/10/2007 01/01/2008	DTI Payment Fee ISA Banking Fee	Cheque/Payable order fee Bank charges	0 80 20 00

Ana	h	SIS	of	bal	lance

	tal realisations tal disbursements		£ 400 539 16 18,620 84
		Balance £	381,918 32
Th 1 2	ns balance is made up as follows Cash in hands of liquidator Balance at bank		0 00 0 00
3	Amount in Insolvency Services Account		381,918 32
4	Amounts invested by liquidator Less The cost of investments realised	£ 0 00 0 000	
_	Balance		0 00
5	Accrued Items		0 00
	Total Balance as shown above		381,918 32

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up  $\frac{F}{F}$ 

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges) 0 00 Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors 0 00 Floating charge holders 0 00 Preferential creditors 0 00 Unsecured creditors 5,045,278 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Book debts, with a book value of £1,128,153

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Book debt collection, agreement of creditors' claims

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

6 months