L 1349728

Brightview Internet Services Limited (formerly Dialstream Limited formerly Keymetro Limited)

Report and Financial Statements

Period ended

30 April 2003





BDO Stoy Hayward Chartered Accountants

Annual report and financial statements for the period ended 30 April 2003

Contents

Directors

Page:

age.	
l	Report of the directors
3	Report of the independent auditors
5	Profit and loss account
6	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds
7	Balance sheet
3	Cash flow statement
•	Notes forming part of the financial statements

Directors

D P Laurie J A Coleman

Secretary and registered office

D A Stirling, 8 Baker Street, London, W1U 3LL.

Company number

04334320

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward, 8 Baker Street, London, W1U 3LL.

Report of the directors for the period ended 30 April 2003

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the period ended 30 April 2003.

Incorporation

The company was incorporated on 5 December 2001 and trading began on 25 February 2002.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the profit for the period.

No dividends were paid during the period.

Principal activities, review of business and future developments

The company is engaged in providing internet services to households and small businesses.

There have been no events since the balance sheet date which materially affect the position of the company.

Directors

The Directors of the company during the period were:

D P Laurie (appointed 26 March 2002)

G E Vardey (appointed 26 March 2002; resigned 23 April 2002)
J J Menell (appointed 26 March 2002; resigned 13 December 2002)

J A Coleman (appointed 9 July 2002)

A J G Bilton (appointed 20 December 2001; resigned 26 March 2002)

Instant Companies Limited (resigned 20 December 2001)

No director had any beneficial interest in the share capital of the company.

Report of the directors for the period ended 30 April 2003 (Continued)

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward, who were appointed as first auditors of the company by the directors, have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Director

12 September 2003

Report of the independent auditors

To the shareholders of Brightview Internet Services Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Brightview Internet Services Limited for the period ended 30 April 2003 on pages 5 to 15 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 9.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Our report has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. No person is entitled to rely on this report unless such a person is a person entitled to rely upon this report by virtue of and for the purpose of the Companies Act 1985 or has been expressly authorised to do so by our prior written consent. Save as above, we do not accept responsibility for this report to any other person or for any other purpose and we hereby expressly disclaim any and all such liability.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Report of the independent auditors (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 April 2003 and of its profit for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BDO STOY HAYWARD

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors London

12 September 2003

Profit and loss account for the period 30 April 2003

	Note	£
Turnover	2	10,902,614
Cost of sales		3,167,430
Gross profit		7,735,184
Administrative expenses		6,242,953
Operating profit	5	1,492,231
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	6	11,310 790,199
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		713,342
Taxation	7	182,401
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation and retained for the period		530,941

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There are no recognised gains or losses other than profit for the period.

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds for the period ended 30 April 2003

	£
Profit for the period	530,941
New share capital subscribed	1
Shareholders' funds at 30 April 2003	530,942

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 30 April 2003

Note	£	£
		526,893
9		3,530,206
		4,057,099
10	4 205 022	
10		
	2,014,123	
	3,901,956	
11	1 000 551	
11	1,920,551	
		1,981,405
		6,038,504
10		# 20# 2 C
12		5,507,562
		530,942
13		1
14		530,941
		530,942
	8 9 10 11	10

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 12 September 2003

D\P Laurie
Director

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Cash flow statement for the period ended 30 April 2003

	Note	£	£
Net cash inflow from operating activities	15		3,145,216
Returns on investments and servicing of finance			
Interest received		11,310	
Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance			11,310
Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets Purchase of intangible fixed assets		(5,391,350) (658,616)	
			(6,049,966)
Cash outflow before use of liquid resources and financing			(2,893,440)
Management of liquid resources Increase in short term deposit			(216,000)
Cash outflow before financing			(3,109,440)
Financing Increase in long-term borrowings Issue of ordinary share capital		5,507,562 1	
			5,507,563
Increase in cash	17		2,398,123

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 30 April 2003

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to outside customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates:

Computer equipment

331/3% per annum straight line

Intangible assets

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business is the difference between the fair value of the consideration paid and the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. Positive goodwill is capitalised and amortised through the profit and loss account over the directors' estimate of its useful economic life of 5 years.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that:

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the company has entered into a binding sale agreement and is not proposing to take advantage of roll over relief, and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable.

2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises solely within the United Kingdom.

3	Employees	£
	Staff costs consist of:	
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	1,306,434 125,770 23,614
		1,455,818
	The average number of employees during the period including directors was 47.	
4	Directors	
	There were no directors' emoluments paid in the period to 30 April 2003	
5	Operating profit	£
	This has been arrived at after charging:	
	Depreciation on office equipment Depreciation on infrastructure Auditors' remuneration Amortisation of goodwill Bad debts expense	1,661 1,859,483 15,000 131,723 27,299
6	Interest payable and similar charges	£
	Other loans	790,199

7	Taxation on profit from ordinary activities	£
	Current tax	
	UK corporation tax on profit of the period	283,218
	Deferred tax	
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(100,817)
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	182,401
	Taxation reconciliation	
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	713,342
	Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30%	214,003
	Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Group relief Depreciation for the period in excess of capital allowances	44,223 (75,825) 100,817
	Current tax charge for period	283,218
8	Intangible assets - Goodwill	£
	Cost Additions and at end of period (see note 20)	658,616
	Amortisation Provided for the period and at end of period	131,723
	Net book value At 30 April 2003	526,893

9	Tangible assets	C .
		Computer equipment £
	Cost	
	Additions and at 30 April 2003	5,391,350
	Depreciation	
	Provided for the period and at 30 April 2003	1,861,144
	Net book value	
	At 30 April 2003	3,530,206
10	Debtors	£
	Trade debtors	151,477
	Amount receivable from parent - Brightview Group Limited	433,291
	Other debtors	10,758
	Prepayments and accrued income	591,490
	Deferred tax – capital allowances	100,817
		1,287,833
	The deferred tax balance is recoverable after more than one year.	====
	All other amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year.	
11	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	£
	Trade creditors	312,433
	Corporation tax	283,218
	Taxation and social security	386,348
	Accruals	265,372
	Deferred income	673,180
		1,920,551

12	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		£
	Loan from parent entity - Brightview Group Limited		5,507,562
	On 15 April 2003 the loan was transferred from Brightview Limited to Bri Brightview Limited went into Administration on 9 April 2003.	ghtview Group	Limited after
13	Share capital	Authorised called up and Number	l fully paid
	£1 ordinary shares	1	£ 1
14	Reserves		Profit and loss account £
	Profit for the period		530,941
	At 30 April 2003		530,941
15	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activit	ies	£
	Operating profit Depreciation Amortisation Increase in debtors Increase in creditors		1,492,231 1,861,144 131,723 (1,977,215) 1,637,333
	Net cash inflow from operating activities		3,145,216

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 30 April 2003 (Continued)

16	Reconciliation of net cash inflow to movement in net debt	£
	Increase in cash in the period Increase in debt	2,614,123 (5,507,562)
	Change in net debt resulting from cash flows	(2,893,439)
	Closing net debt	(2,893,439)
17	Analysis of net debt	Cash flow £
	Cash in hand and at bank Managed liquid resources	2,398,123 216,000
	Debt due after one year	2,614,123 (5,507,562)
	Total	(2,893,439)

18 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related Party Disclosures" not to disclose transactions with members of the group headed by Reedbest Properties Limited on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within that group and the company is included in those consolidated financial statements.

19 Ultimate Holding Company

The immediate parent company is Brightview Group Limited a company registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent company is Reedbest Properties Limited a company registered in England and Wales.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 30 April 2003 (Continued)

20 Acquisition

On 26 February 2002 the company acquired the dial traffic business and assets of various subsidiaries of XO Limited (now GX Limited) for £2.1 million initial cash consideration and £1.84 million deferred consideration which was fully paid during the period. In calculating the goodwill arising on the acquisition the fair value of the assets were assessed as:

£

 Cash consideration
 3,958,616

 Fixed assets – fair value
 (3,300,000)

 Goodwill
 658,616

Another £1.5m was paid for further fixed assets of XO Limited. This was equal to the fair value therefore no goodwill arose.