# DOCUMEDIA SOLUTIONS (UK) LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 2004



#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors H H Maxwell

J W Tayler

Secretary H H Maxwell

Company number 04323657

Registered office Truscott House, 32-42 East Road

London Great Britain N1 6AD

**Auditors** Hazlewoods

Windsor House Barnett Way Barnwood Gloucester GL4 3RT

Bankers Bank of Scotland plc

55 Temple Row Birmingham B2 5LS

**Solicitors** Taylor Wessing

50 Victoria Embankment

Blackfriars London EC4Y 0DX

### CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' report	1
Independent auditors' report	2 - 3
Profit and loss account	4
Balance sheet	5
Notes to the financial statements	6 - 14

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT

#### for the year ended 29 February 2004

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 29 February 2004.

#### Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company is that of digital printing and the provision of print services.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 4.

#### **Directors**

The following directors have held office since 1 March 2003:

H H Maxwell J W Tayler A Hodgson

(Appointed 4 September 2003 and resigned 26 May 2004)

#### Directors' interests

The directors' interests in the shares of the company were as stated below:

	Ordinar	y shares of £ 1 each
	29 February 2004	1 March 2003
HH Maxwell	-	-
J W Tayler	-	-
A Hodgson	-	-

#### **Auditors**

Hazlewoods were appointed auditors to the company and in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

#### Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

1xwll

H H Maxwell

Director

30 June 2004

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF DOCUMEDIA SOLUTIONS (UK) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Documedia Solutions (UK) Limited on pages 4 to 14 for the year ended 29 February 2004. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out herein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF DOCUMEDIA SOLUTIONS (UK) LIMITED

#### Qualified opinion arising from disagreement about accounting treatment

Included in provisions for liabilities and charges at 28 February 2003 is an amount of £226,000 in respect of redundancy payments made to employees in March 2003. The directors included the provision on the basis that the board passed a resolution on 27 February 2003 approving these costs. In our opinion no provision should have been made against these costs as the company did not have an actual or constructive obligation to make these payments at 28 February 2003. The loss before tax for the year ended 28 February 2003 should be reduced, and the loss for the year ended 29 February 2004 increased, by the same amount.

Except for the inclusion of the provision for redundancy payments referred to above, in our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 29 February 2004 and of its loss for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Hazlewoods

30 June 2004

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor Windsor House Barnett Way Barnwood Gloucester GL4 3RT

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 29 February 2004

	Notes		Year ended 29 February 2004 £		Period ended 28 February 2003 £
Turnover	2				
Continuing operations		6,743,458		9,730,052	
Discontinued activities		254,299		527,371	
			6,997,757		10,257,423
Cost of sales			(4,789,632)		(6,997,095)
Gross profit			2,208,125		3,260,328
Administrative expenses - normal			(3,015,531)		(4,554,877)
Administrative expenses - exceptional	4		(191,091)		(762,835)
Other operating income			2,990		6,474
Operating loss	5				<del></del>
Continuing operations		(942,334)		(1,997,546)	
Discontinued activities		(53,173)		(53,364)	
			(995,507)		(2,050,910)
Reorganisation and business integration expe	nses		-		(398,616)
Loss on ordinary activities before			(005 505)		(2.440.50()
interest			(995,507)		(2,449,526)
Other interest receivable and similar income			<u>-</u>		7,352
Interest payable and similar charges	6		(28,623)		(806)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation			(1,024,130)		(2,442,980)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	7		-		-
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation	16		(1,024,130)		(2,442,980)

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

# **BALANCE SHEET** as at 29 February 2004

		20	004	20	2003	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	8		294,412		1,503,631	
Current assets						
Stocks	9	277,148		301,064		
Debtors	10	1,610,479		1,465,202		
Cash at bank and in hand		33,251		581		
		1,920,878		1,766,847		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(1,832,400)		(4,037,458)		
Net current assets/(liabilities)			88,478		(2,270,611)	
Total assets less current liabilities			382,890		(766,980)	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(3,600,000)		(1,200,000)	
Provisions for liabilities and charges	13		-		(226,000)	
			(3,217,110)		(2,192,980)	
			=			
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	15		250,000		250,000	
Profit and loss account	16		(3,467,110)		(2,442,980)	
Shareholders' funds - equity interests	17		(3,217,110)		(2,192,980	
			=			

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 30 June 2004

HH Maxwell

Mound

Director

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 29 February 2004

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, adopting the following principal accounting policies all of which are in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts excluding value added tax receivable during the year for goods and services supplied.

#### 1.3 Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between the cost of an acquired entity and the aggregate of the fair value of the entity's identifiable assets and liabilities.

Positive goodwill is capitalised, classified as an asset on the balance sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its estimated economic life of five years.

Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following the acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of tangible assets over their estimated useful lives at the following rates:

Land and buildings Freehold

nil on land, 10-50 years on buildings

Land and buildings Short leasehold

Over the term of the lease

Plant and machinery

Over 3-10 years on cost

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

Over 2-10 years on cost

#### 1.5 Leasing

Assets acquired under hire purchase and finance leases are recorded in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets at their equivalent capital value. The corresponding liability is included under creditors due within or after one year. The interest element is charged to profit and loss account and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

The cost of and income from operating leases is respectively charged and credited to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### 1.6 Stock and work in progress

Stock and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is represented by direct materials and labour together with attributable amounts of fixed and variable overheads incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition. Net realisable value is estimated selling price less further costs to completion and disposal.

#### 1.7 Pensions

The company makes contributions to the personal pension plans of certain employees. Contributions are charged in the profit and loss account as they become payable.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) for the year ended 29 February 2004

#### 1 Accounting policies

(continued)

#### 1.8 Deferred taxation

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard ("FRS") 19 Deferred Tax, full provision is made for deferred tax arising from timing differences between the differing treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The provision is calculated at the rates of taxation at which it is estimated the liability will arise and is not discounted. No provision is made in respect of timing differences arising from the sale or revaluation of fixed assets unless there is a commitment to the disposal of the assets at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider there to be suitable taxable profits which the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

#### 1.9 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date, or if appropriate at the forward contract rate. Non-monetary assets denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of acquisition of the assets. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction, or at the contracted rate if the transaction is covered by a forward exchange contract. All revaluation differences and realised foreign exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

#### 1.10 Cash flow statement

The company has not presented a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company is a wholly owned subsidiary company and a group cash flow statement is included in the financial statements of the parent company. The company is therefore exempt from the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard Number 1.

#### 2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

#### 3 Cost of sales and net operating expenses

	2004			2003	
Continuing	Discontinued	Total	Continuing	Discontinued	Total
£	£	£	£	£	£
4,588,623	201,009	4,789,632	6,643,520	353,575	6,997,095
3,100,159 (2,990)	106,463	3,206,622 (2,990)	5,090,552 (6,474)	227,160	5,317,712 (6,474)
7,685,792	307,472	7,993,264	11,727,598	580,735	12,308,333
	4,588,623 3,100,159 (2,990)	Continuing £ £  4,588,623 201,009  3,100,159 106,463 (2,990) -	Continuing £         Discontinued £         Total £           4,588,623         201,009         4,789,632           3,100,159         106,463         3,206,622           (2,990)         -         (2,990)	Continuing £         Discontinued £         Total £         Continuing £           4,588,623         201,009         4,789,632         6,643,520           3,100,159         106,463         3,206,622         5,090,552           (2,990)         -         (2,990)         (6,474)	Continuing £         Discontinued £         Total £         Continuing £         Discontinued £           4,588,623         201,009         4,789,632         6,643,520         353,575           3,100,159         106,463         3,206,622         5,090,552         227,160           (2,990)         -         (2,990)         (6,474)         -

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) for the year ended 29 February 2004

4	Administrative expenses		
	The exceptional administrative expenses for the current year are made up as follows:		
	Redundancy costs		191,091
	The exceptional administrative expenses incurred in 2003 are made up as follows:		£
	Provision for impairment in the value of goodwill		326,835
	Provision for impairment in the value of freehold land and buildings		210,000
	Provision for redundancy costs		226,000
			762,835
5	Operating loss	2004	2003
	Operating loss is stated after charging:	£	£
	Depreciation of tangible assets	334,959	553,809
	Loss on disposal of tangible assets	9,242	-
	Operating lease rentals	<b>- ,</b>	
	- Plant and machinery	210,824	151,895
	Auditors' remuneration	19,400	23,500
6	Interest payable	2004	2003
		£	£
	On bank overdrafts	2,441	806
	Other interest	26,182	-
		28,623	806

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) for the year ended 29 February 2004

#### 7 Taxation

No taxation arises based on the loss for the period. The company has unutilised losses of approximately £2,209,000 available for offset against profits of future accounting periods; these have not been recognised as a deferred tax asset because the recognition criteria setout in FRS19 are not met.

	2004	2003
	£	£
Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(1,024,130)	(2,442,980)
		<del></del>
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK		
corporation tax of 30.00 %	(307,239)	(732,894)
Effects of:		
Non deductible expenses (including provision for goodwill impairment in 2003)	27,407	136,561
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	43,780	229,144
Short term timing difference	(67,800)	67,800
Tax losses surrendered for group relief purposes	24,567	-
Tax losses carried forward for use in future periods	279,285	299,389
	307,239	732,894
Current tax charge	_	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) for the year ended 29 February 2004

8	Tangible fixed assets					
		Land and buildings Freehold	Land and buildings Short leasehold	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Total
		£	£	£	£	£
	Cost					
	At 1 March 2003	1,256,027	-	947,105	64,308	2,267,440
	Transfer from group company	-	-	57,128	10,696	67,824
	Additions	- (* 0.7 ( 0.7 )	29,127	42,633	2,531	74,291
	Disposals	(1,256,027)		(13,721)	(1,189)	(1,270,937)
	At 29 February 2004	<u>-</u>	29,127	1,033,145	76,346	1,138,618
	Depreciation					
	At 1 March 2003	231,580	-	509,723	22,506	763,809
	On disposals	(242,251)	-	(11,781)	(530)	(254,562)
	Charge for the year	10,671	3,681	316,563	4,044	334,959
	At 29 February 2004	<u>-</u>	3,681	814,505	26,020	844,206
	Net book value					
	At 29 February 2004	-	25,446	218,640	50,326	294,412
	At 28 February 2003	1,024,447	-	437,382	41,802	1,503,631
9	Stocks and work in progress				2004 £	2003 £
	Developed and accomplish				120.042	157 516
	Raw materials and consumables Work in progress				130,942 146,206	157,516 143,548
	work in progress					
					277,148	301,064
10	Debtors				2004 £	2003 £
	Trade debtors				1,296,489	1,274,618
	Amounts owed by parent and fellow:	subsidiary undertakin	igs		-	34,026
	Other debtors				203,000	50,125
	Prepayments and accrued income				110,990	106,433
	Tropayments and account mounts					

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) for the year ended 29 February 2004

11	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2004	2003
		£	£
	Bank overdrafts	_	318,089
	Trade creditors	707,400	763,779
	Amounts owed to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	97,270	2,416,826
	Taxes and social security costs	168,846	152,067
	Other creditors	525,744	55,149
	Accruals and deferred income	333,140	331,548
		1,832,400	4,037,458
	Included within other creditors is an amount of £420,343 (2003 : £Nil) debtors.	which is secured on the co	mpany's trade
12		which is secured on the co	2003
12	debtors.		mpany's trade 2003 £
12	debtors.	2004	2003
12	debtors.  Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year  Other loans	2004 £	2003 £
12	debtors.  Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2004 £	2003 £
12	debtors.  Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year  Other loans  Analysis of loans	2004 £ 3,600,000	2003 £ 1,200,000
12	debtors.  Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year  Other loans  Analysis of loans	2004 £ 3,600,000	2003 £ 1,200,000

Creditors due in more than one year represent a loan of £3,600,000 from the company's ultimate parent company Documedia Solutions plc.

The loan is not interest bearing and is due for repayment at an unspecified date in not less than one but not more than five years.

#### 13 Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Redundancy provision
	£
Balance at 1 March 2003	226,000
Paid during the year	(226,000)
Balance at 29 February 2004	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) for the year ended 29 February 2004

14	Pension costs		
	Defined contribution		
		2004 £	2003 £
	Contributions payable by the company for the year	38,013	47,673
15	Share capital	2004	2003
	Authorised	£	£
	250,000 Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	250,000	250,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	250,000 Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	250,000	250,000
16	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		
		P	Profit and loss account
			£
	Balance at 1 March 2003		(2,442,980)
	Retained loss for the period		(1,024,130)
	Balance at 29 February 2004		(3,467,110)
17	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2004 £	2003 £
	Loss for the financial year Proceeds from issue of shares	(1,024,130)	(2,442,980) 250,000
	Net depletion in shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	(1,024,130) (2,192,980)	(2,192,980)
	Closing shareholders' funds	(3,217,110)	(2,192,980)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) for the year ended 29 February 2004

#### 18 Financial commitments

At 29 February 2004 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

		2004	nd buildings 2003	2004	Other 2003
	Positive dead.	£	£	£	£
	Expiry date: Within one year		_	51,252	5,952
	Between two and five years	39,000	-	79,128	263,219
	In over five years	143,192	110,900	77,128	203,217
	in over nive years				<del></del>
		182,192	110,900	130,380	269,171
19	Directors' emoluments			2004	2003
19	Directors emoluments			£	£
	Emoluments for qualifying services			104,447	-
	Company pension contributions to money purch	ase schemes		5,083	-
				109,530	
20	Employees				
	Number of employees  The average monthly number of employees (incl	luding directors) durir	ng the year		
	was:			2004	2003
				Number	Number
	Production			90	97
	Sales			13	24
	Administration				
				136	157
	F				
	Employment costs			£	£
	Wages and salaries			2,983,871	4,546,247
	Social security costs			313,010	436,600
	Other pension costs			38,013	47,673
				3,334,894	5,030,520

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) for the year ended 29 February 2004

#### 21 Control

The ultimate controlling party of the company is its parent company Documedia Solutions plc.

#### 22 Related party transactions

During the year the company made sales of £10,316 (2003: £19,655) and purchases of £14,945 (2003: £9,733) with The Color Company Limited, a company in which J W Tayler, a director of the company, has a financial interest. At 29 February 2004 amounts due from and owing to The Color Company Limited were £273 (2003: £1,951) and £936 (2003: £9,173) respectively.