Company registration number: 04322604

Murrays Direct Pallet Services Ltd

Trading as Murray's Builders & Timber Merchants Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 March 2021

Contents Directors and other information Accountants report Statement of financial position

Notes to the financial statements

Murrays Direct Pallet Services Ltd

Directors and other information

Directors Robert Midghall

Edmund Stephens

Secretary R J Midghall

Company number 04322604

Registered office Cholmondeley House

Dee Hills Park

Chester CH3 5AR

Business address 37 Bankhall Street

Bootle Liverpool L20 8JD

Accountants Hargreaves and Woods

Cholmondeley House

Dee Hills Park

Chester CH3 5AR **Bankers**

Natwest Bank Plc

PO Box 1234

Stephenson Way

Wavertree

Liverpool

Chartered accountants report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Murrays Direct Pallet Services Ltd

Year ended 31 March 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Murrays Direct Pallet Services Ltd for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Murrays Direct Pallet Services Ltd, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 1 April 2020. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Murrays Direct Pallet Services Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Murrays Direct Pallet Services Ltd as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Murrays Direct Pallet Services Ltd and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Murrays Direct Pallet Services Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Murrays Direct Pallet Services Ltd. You consider that Murrays Direct Pallet Services Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Murrays Direct Pallet Services Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Hargreaves and Woods

Chartered Accountants

Cholmondeley House

Dee Hills Park

Chester

CH3 5AR

30 December 2021

Statement of financial position

31 March 2021

		2021		2020	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	5	29,744		24,448	
Tangible assets	6	69,986		42,040	
			99,730		66,488
Current assets					
Stocks		1,250		1,250	
Debtors	7	407,206		281,217	
Cash at bank and in hand		249,630		121,835	
		658,086		404,302	
Creditors: amounts falling due		030,000		404,302	
within one year	8	(535,510)		(385,548)	
within one year	0	(333,310)		(303,340)	
Net current assets			122,576		18,754
Total assets less current liabilities			222,306		85,242
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	9		(57,531)		-
Net assets			164,775		85,242
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			164,773		85,240
Shareholders funds			164,775		85,242

For the year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to

companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial
Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 December 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Robert Midghall

Director

Company registration number: 04322604

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 March 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Cholmondeley House, Dee Hills Park, Chester, CH3 5AR.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit

of lease incentives is re	cognised as a reduction	on to expense over t	he lease term, on a s	traight-line basis.

Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business acquisitions and represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the company's interest in the net amount of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired business. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. It is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. Where a reliable estimate of the useful life of goodwill or intangible assets cannot be made, the life is presumed not to exceed ten years.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 5 % straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 15 % reducing balance
Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25 % reducing balance

Notes a little of the latest and the

Motor vehicles - 25 % reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 11 (2020: 11).

5. Intangible assets

	Goodwill	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 1 April 2020	84,091	84,091
Additions	10,000	10,000
At 31 March 2021	94,091	94,091
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2020	59,642	59,642
Charge for the year	4,705	4,705
At 31 March 2021	64,347	64,347
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2021	29,744	29,744
At 31 March 2020	24,449	24,449

6. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 April 2020	106,811	5,884	12,995	125,690
Additions	-	-	51,795	51,795
Disposals	-	-	(12,995)	(12,995)
At 31 March 2021	106,811	5,884	51,795	164,490
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2020	72,946	5,019	5,685	83,650
Charge for the year	3,374	216	12,949	16,539
Disposals	-	-	(5,685)	(5,685)
At 31 March 2021	76,320	5,235	12,949	94,504
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2021	30,491	649	38,846	69,986
At 31 March 2020	33,865	865	7,310	42,040
7. Debtors				
			2021	2020
			£	£
Trade debtors			334,789	269,400
Other debtors			72,417	11,817
			407,206	281,217
8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
			2021	2020
			£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts			6,944	-
Trade creditors			394,897	288,659
Corporation tax			21,444	17,522
Social security and other taxes			22,004	14,418
Other creditors			90,221	64,949
			535,510	385,548

9. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	43,056	-
Other creditors	14,475	-
	57,531	-

10. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2021

	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£	£
Robert Midghall	(1,618)	33,697	(37,834)	(5,755)
2020				
	Balance	Advances	Amounts	Balance
	brought forward	/(credits) to the directors	repaid	o/standing
	£	£	£	£
Robert Midghall	3,220	15,162	(20,000)	(1,618)

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.