The Companies Acts 1985 to 1989

Private Company Limited by Shares

Company Number 04318984

MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

CARDANOE ESTATES LIMITED

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28/09/2007 COMPANIES HOUSE

THE	COMPANIES ACTS 1985 TO 1989
PRIV.	ATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
MEM	ORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF
CARD	ANOE ESTATES LIMITED
1	The Company's name is "CARDANOE ESTATES LIMITED"
2	The Company's registered office is to be situated in England and Wales
3 1	The object of the Company is to carry on business as a general commercial company

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- Without prejudice to the generality of the object and the powers of the Company derived from Section 3A of the Act the Company has power to do all or any of the following things -
- To purchase or by any other means acquire and take options over any property whatever, and any rights or privileges of any kind over or in respect of any property
- To apply for, register, purchase, or by other means acquire and protect, prolong and renew, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, any trade marks, patents, copyrights, trade secrets, or other intellectual property rights, licences, secret processes, designs, protections and concessions and to disclaim, alter, modify, use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing and improving any patents, inventions or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire
- To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill, and assets of any person, firm, or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which the Company is authorised to carry on and as part of the consideration for such acquisition to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company, or to acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits or for co-operation, or for mutual assistance with any such person, firm or company, or for subsidising or otherwise assisting any such person, firm or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquired, any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage and deal with any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities so received
- To improve, manage, construct, repair, develop, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, charge, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant licences, options, rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company
- To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined and to hold or otherwise deal with any investments made
- To lend and advance money or give credit on any terms and with or without security to any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any holding company, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of, or any other company associated in any way with, the Company), to enter into guarantees, contracts of indemnity and suretyships of all kinds, to receive money on deposit or loan upon any terms, and to secure or guarantee in any manner and upon any terms the payment of any sum of money or the performance of any obligation by any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any such holding company, subsidiary, fellow subsidiary or associated company as aforesaid)
- To borrow and raise money in any manner and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or other security upon the whole or any part of the Company's property or assets (whether present or future), including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or security to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake or which may become binding on it
- To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute and issue cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments

- To apply for, promote, and obtain any Act of Parliament, order, or licence of the Department of Trade or other authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to promote the Company's interests, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests
- To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority (supreme, municipal, local, or otherwise) that may seem conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any charters, decrees, rights, privileges or concessions which the Company may think desirable and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such charters, decrees, rights, privileges, and concessions
- To subscribe for, take, purchase, or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, deal with and dispose of, place and underwrite shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any other company constituted or carrying on business in any part of the world, and debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any government or authority, municipal, local or otherwise, in any part of the world
- To control, manage, finance, subsidise, co-ordinate or otherwise assist any company or companies in which the Company has a direct or indirect financial interest, to provide secretarial, administrative, technical, commercial and other services and facilities of all kinds for any such company or companies and to make payments by way of subvention or otherwise and any other arrangements which may seem desirable with respect to any business or operations of or generally with respect to any such company or companies
- To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring the whole or any part of the business or property or undertaking or any of the liabilities of the Company, or of undertaking any business or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit the Company or to enhance the value of any property or business of the Company, and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares or securities of any such company as aforesaid
- To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business or property of the Company, either together or in portions, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any company purchasing the same
- 3 2 15 To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person, firm or company, and to undertake and perform sub-contracts
- To remunerate any person, firm or company rendering services to the Company either by cash payment or by the allotment of shares or other securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise as may be thought expedient
- 3 2 17 To distribute among the members of the Company in kind any property of the Company of whatever nature
- To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the promotion, formation and incorporation of the Company, or to contract with any person, firm or company to pay the same, and to pay commissions to brokers and others for underwriting, placing, selling, or guaranteeing the subscription of any shares or other securities of the Company

- 3 2 19 To support and subscribe to any charitable or public object and to support and subscribe to any institution, society, or club which may be for the benefit of the Company or its directors or employees, or may be connected with any town or place where the Company carries on business, to give or award pensions, annuities, gratuities, and superannuation or other allowances or benefits or charitable aid and generally to provide advantages, facilities and services for any persons who are or have been directors of, or who are or have been employed by, or who are serving or have served the Company, or any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or the holding company of the Company or a fellow subsidiary of the Company or the predecessors in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to the wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants of such persons, to make payments towards insurance including insurance for any director, officer or auditor against any liability in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust (so far as permitted by law), and to set up, establish, support and maintain superannuation and other funds or schemes (whether contributory or noncontributory) for the benefit of any of such persons and of their wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants, and to set up, establish, support and maintain profit sharing or share purchase schemes for the benefit of any of the employees of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to lend money to any such employees or to trustees on their behalf to enable any such schemes to be established or maintained
- Subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Act (if and so far as such provisions shall be applicable) to give, directly or indirectly, financial assistance for the acquisition of shares or other securities of the Company or of any other company or for the reduction or discharge of any liability incurred in respect of such acquisition
- 3 2 21 To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any part of the world
- To do all or any of the things or matters aforesaid in any part of the world and either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through agents, brokers, subcontractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others
- To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them
- 3 2 24 AND so that -
- None of the provisions set forth in any sub-clause of this clause shall be restrictively construed but the widest interpretation shall be given to each such provision, and none of such provisions shall, except where the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other provision set forth in such sub-clause, or by reference to or inference from the terms of any other sub-clause of this clause, or by reference to or inference from the name of the Company
- The word "company" in this clause, except where used in reference to the Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere

- In this clause the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1985, but so that any reference in this clause to any provision of the Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force
- 4 The liability of the members is limited
- The Company's share capital is £1,000,000 divided into 1,000,000 shares of £1 each

We, the subscriber to this Memorandum of Association, wish to be formed into a Company pursuant to this Memorandum, and we agree to take the number of shares shown opposite our respective names

Name and address of Subscriber		Number of shares taken by each Subscriber	
1 Conwy Cars Limited Ffordd Maelgwyn Llandudno Junction Conwy LL31 9PL		One	
Signed			
	Total Shares Taken	One	
Date			
Witness to the above signatures			

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 to 1989

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

CARDANOE ESTATES LIMITED

l PRELIMINARY

- The regulations contained in Table A in the Schedule to the Companies (Tables A to F)
 Regulations 1985 (SI 1985 No 805) as amended by the Companies (Tables A to F)
 (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (SI 1985 No 1052) (such Table being hereinafter called "Table A") shall apply to the Company save in so far as they are excluded or varied hereby and such regulations (save as so excluded or varied) and the Articles hereinafter contained shall be the Articles of Association of the Company
- In these Articles the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1985, but so that any reference in these Articles to any provision of the Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or reenactment of that provision for the time being in force

2 ALLOTMENT OF SHARES

- Shares which are comprised in the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated shall be under the control of the directors who may (subject to section 80 of the Act and to Article 2 4 below) allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same, to such persons, on such terms and in such manner as they think fit
- All shares which are not comprised in the authorised share capital with which the Company is 2 2 incorporated and which the directors propose to issue shall first be offered to the members in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of the existing shares held by them respectively unless the Company in general meeting shall by special resolution otherwise direct. The offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered, and limiting a period (not being less than 14 days) within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined After the expiration of that period, those shares so deemed to be declined shall be offered in the proportion aforesaid to the persons who have, within the said period, accepted all the shares offered to them, such further offer shall be made in like terms in the same manner and limited by a like period as the original offer. Any shares not accepted pursuant to such offer or further offer as aforesaid or not capable of being offered as aforesaid except by way of fractions and any shares released from the provisions of this Article by any such special resolution as aforesaid shall be under the control of the directors, who may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons, on such terms, and in such manner as they think fit, provided that, in the case of shares not accepted as aforesaid, such shares shall not be disposed of on terms which are more favourable to the subscribers therefor than the terms on which they were offered to the members. The foregoing provisions of this Article 2 2 shall have effect subject to section 80 of the Act

- In accordance with section 91(1) of the Act sections 89(1) and 90(1) to (6) (inclusive) of the Act shall not apply to the Company
- The directors are generally and unconditionally authorised for the purposes of section 80 of the Act to exercise any power of the Company to allot and grant rights to subscribe for or convert securities into shares of the Company up to the amount of the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated at any time or times during the period of five years from the date of incorporation and the directors may, after that period, allot any shares or grant any such rights under this authority in pursuance of an offer or agreement so to do made by the Company within that period. The authority hereby given may at any time (subject to the said section 80) be renewed, revoked or varied by ordinary resolution.

3 SHARES

- The lien conferred by regulation 8 in Table A shall attach also to fully paid-up shares, and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien on all shares, whether fully paid or not, standing registered in the name of any person indebted or under liability to the Company, whether he shall be the sole registered holder thereof or shall be one of two or more joint holders, for all moneys presently payable by him or his estate to the Company Regulation 8 in Table A shall be modified accordingly
- The liability of any member in default in respect of a call shall be increased by the addition at the end of the first sentence of regulation 18 in Table A of the words "and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment"

4 GENERAL MEETINGS AND RESOLUTIONS

- Every notice convening a general meeting shall comply with the provisions of section 372(3) of the Act as to giving information to members in regard to their right to appoint proxies, and notices of and other communications relating to any general meeting which any member is entitled to receive shall be sent to the directors and to the auditors for the time being of the Company
- No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present. Subject to Article 4.2.2 below, two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum
- If and for so long as the Company has only one member, that member present in person or by proxy or (if that member is a corporation) by a duly authorised representative shall be a quorum
- If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for a general meeting the general meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine, and if at the adjourned general meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed therefor such adjourned general meeting shall be dissolved
- 4 2 4 Regulations 40 and 41 in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- If and for so long as the Company has only one member and that member takes any decision which is required to be taken in general meeting or by means of a written resolution, that decision shall be as valid and effectual as if agreed by the Company in general meeting, subject as provided in Article 4 3 3 below

- Any decision taken by a sole member pursuant to Article 4.3.1 above shall be recorded in writing and delivered by that member to the Company for entry in the Company's minute book
- Resolutions under section 303 of the Act for the removal of a director before the expiration of his period of office and under section 391 of the Act for the removal of an auditor before the expiration of his period of office shall only be considered by the Company in general meeting
- A member present at a meeting by proxy shall be entitled to speak at the meeting and shall be entitled to one vote on a show of hands. In any case where the same person is appointed proxy for more than one member he shall on a show of hands have as many votes as the number of members for whom he is proxy. Regulation 54 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- Unless resolved by ordinary resolution that regulation 62 in Table A shall apply without modification, the instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the directors may be deposited at the place specified in regulation 62 in Table A up to the commencement of the meeting or (in any case where a poll is taken otherwise than at the meeting) of the taking of the poll or may be handed to the chairman of the meeting prior to the commencement of the business of the meeting

5 APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 5 1 1 Regulation 64 in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- The maximum number and minimum number respectively of the directors may be determined from time to time by ordinary resolution. Subject to and in default of any such determination there shall be no maximum number of directors and the minimum number of directors shall be one. Whenever the minimum number of directors is one, a sole director shall have authority to exercise all the powers and discretions by Table A and by these Articles expressed to be vested in the directors generally, and regulation 89 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- The directors shall not be required to retire by rotation and regulations 73 to 80 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- No person shall be appointed a director at any general meeting unless either -
 - (a) he is recommended by the directors, or
 - (b) not less than 14 nor more than 35 clear days before the date appointed for the general meeting, notice signed by a member qualified to vote at the general meeting has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment, together with notice signed by that person of his willingness to be appointed
- Subject to Article 5 3 above, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint any person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director
- The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of directors to exceed any number determined in accordance with Article 5 1 2 above as the maximum number of directors and for the time being in force

In any case where as the result of death or deaths the Company has no members and no directors the personal representatives of the last member to have died shall have the right by notice in writing to appoint a person to be a director of the Company and such appointment shall be as effective as if made by the Company in General Meeting pursuant to Article 5 4 1 above. For the purpose of this article, where two or more members die in circumstances rendering it uncertain which of them survived the other or others, the members shall be deemed to have died in order of seniority, and accordingly the younger shall be deemed to have survived the elder.

6 BORROWING POWERS

The directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money without limit as to amount and upon such terms and in such manner as they think fit, and subject (in the case of any security convertible into shares) to section 80 of the Act to grant any mortgage, charge or standard security over its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock, and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party

7 ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting by ordinary resolution an alternate director shall not be entitled as such to receive any remuneration from the Company, save that he may be paid by the Company such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct, and the first sentence of regulation 66 in Table A shall be modified accordingly
- A director, or any such other person as is mentioned in regulation 65 in Table A, may act as an alternate director to represent more than one director, and an alternate director shall be entitled at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors to one vote for every director whom he represents in addition to his own vote (if any) as a director, but he shall count as only one for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present

8 GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

- The directors may exercise the powers of the Company conferred by its Memorandum of Association in relation to the payment of pensions, gratuities and other benefits and shall be entitled to retain any benefits received by them or any of them by reason of the exercise of any such powers
- 8 1 2 Regulation 87 in Table A shall not apply to the Company

9 PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

A director may vote, at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors, on any resolution, notwithstanding that it in any way concerns or relates to a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, any kind of interest whatsoever, and if he shall vote on any such resolution his vote shall be counted, and in relation to any such resolution as aforesaid he shall (whether or not he shall vote on the same) be taken into account in calculating the quorum present at the meeting

- Each director shall comply with his obligations to disclose his interest in contracts under 912 section 317 of the Act Regulations 94 to 97 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company 913 10 THE SEAL If the Company has a seal it shall only be used with the authority of the directors or of a 10.1 committee of directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or second director. The obligation under regulation 6 of Table A relating to the sealing of share certificates shall apply only if the Company has a seal Regulation 101 in Table A shall not apply to the Company The Company may exercise the powers conferred by section 39 of the Act with regard to 10.2 having an official seal for use abroad, and such powers shall be vested in the directors **NOTICES** 1.1 111 Without prejudice to regulations 112 to 116 inclusive in Table A, the Company may give notice to a member by electronic means provided that the member has given his consent in writing to receiving notice communicated by electronic 1111 means and in such consent has set out an address to which the notice shall be sent by electronic means, and the electronic means used by the Company enables the member concerned to read the text of 1112 the notice A notice given to a member personally or in a form permitted by Article 11 1 above shall be 112 deemed to be given on the earlier of the day on which it is delivered personally and the day on which it was despatched by electronic means, as the case may be Regulation 115 in Table A shall not apply to a notice delivered personally or in a form 113 permitted by Article 11 1 above In this article "electronic" means actuated by electric, magnetic, electro-magnetic, electro-114 chemical or electro-mechanical energy and "by electronic means" means by any manner only capable of being so actuated 12 INDEMNITY
- Every director or other officer or auditor of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto, including any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, or in connection with any application under section 144 or section 727 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the Court, and no director or other officer shall be liable for any loss, damage or misfortune which may happen to or be incurred by the Company in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto. But this Article shall only have effect in so far at its provisions are not avoided by section 310 of the Act.

- The directors shall have power to purchase and maintain for any director, officer or auditor of the Company insurance against any such liability as is referred to in section 310(1) of the Act
- 12 3 Regulation 118 in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- 13 TRANSFER OF SHARES
- The directors may, in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor, decline to register the transfer of a share, whether or not it is a fully paid share, and the first sentence of regulation 24 in Table A shall not apply to the Company

Name and address of Subscriber

1 Conwy Cars Limited Ffordd Maelgwyn Llandudno Junction Conwy LL31 9PL

Signed

Date

Witness to the above signatures

Address

The regulations of Table A to the Companies Act 1985 apply to the Company save in so far as they are excluded or varied by its Articles of Association

Table A as prescribed by the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (S.I. 1985 No. 805), amended by the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (S I 1985 No 1052), is reprinted below

Table A THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

Regulations for Management Of a Company Limited by Shares

INTERPRETATION

In these regulations

"the Act" means the Companies Act 1985 including any statutory modification or

the Act investing the Companies Act 1985 including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

"the articles" means the articles of the company
"clear days" in relation to the period of notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect.

executed" includes any mode of execution.

"office" means the registered office of the company
"the holder" in retation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares
"the seal" means the common seal of the company
"secretary" means the sacretary of the company or any other person appointed to

perform the duties of the secretary of the company, including a joint, assistant or

"the United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Unless the context otherwise requires words or expressions contained in these regulations bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when these regulations become binding on the

Subject to the provisions of the Act and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as

the company may by ordinary resolution determine

3 "Subject to the provisions of the Act, shares may be issued which are to be redeemed or are to be liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the holder on such terms and in such manner as may be provided by the articles

4 The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the attornent of suby or partly paid shares or partly in one. way and partly in the oth

Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as bodding any share upon any trust and (except as otherwise provided by the articles or by law) the company shall not be bound by or recognise any interest in any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the holder SHARE CERTIFICATES

6 Every member, upon becoming the holder of any shares, shall be entitled without payment to one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him (and, upon transferring a past of this holding) of shares of any class, to a certificate for the belance of such holding) or several certificates for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first of such reasonable sum as the directors may determine. Every certificate shall be sealed with the seal and shall specify the number class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid up thereon. The company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of

Them.

It is a share certificate as defaced, worn-out, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of the expenses reasonably incurred by the company in sinvestigating evidence as the directors may determine but otherwise free of charge and (in the case of defacement or wearing-out) on delivery up of the old certificate.

8 The company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. The directors may at any time declare. any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this requitation company's lien on a share shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it.

company's lien on a share shall extend to any amount payable at respect of a.

9. The company may sell in such manner as the directors determine any shares on which the company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourtien clear days after notice has been more to the holder of the chara or to the person entitled to it in consequence of the given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to it in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, demanding payment and staling that if the notice

teen or complied with the shares may be sold.

10 To give effect to a sale the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to or in accordance with the directors of the purchaser. The title of the transferse to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.

11 The net proceeds of the sale, after payment of the costs, shall be applied in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable and any residue shall (upon surrender to the company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale

CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

12. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal value or premium) and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen clear days' notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the company as required by the notice the amount called in his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may before receipt by the company of any sum due thereunder be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be postported in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect whereof the call was made. the shares in respect whereof the call was made

13 A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorising the call was passed.

14. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally flable to pay all calls

15. If a call ternains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whom it is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it became due and payable until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of allictment of the share or in the notice of the call, or if no rate is fixed, at the appropriate rate (as defined by the Act) but the directors may waive payment of the interest wholly or in

16 An amount payable in respect of a share on alloiment or at any fixed date. whether is respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of the articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by value of a call."

17 Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares.

If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear days' notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any interest which may have accused. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state-that if the notice is not compiled with the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be fortested.

was made will be label to be tortested."

If it is notice is not compiled with any phare in respect of which it was given may before the payment required by the notice has been made, be tortested by a resolution of the directors and the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeiture. 20 "Subject to the provisions of the Act, a forfelted share may be sold," re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as "the directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person and at any time before sale re-allotment or other disposition, the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors thank fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person.

21 A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a memb in respect of them and shall surrender to the company for cancellation the conflicts for the startes forfeited but shall remain liable to the company for all moneys which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable by him to the company in respect of those shares with interest at the rate of which interest was payable on those moneys before the forfeiture or if no interest was so payable at the appropriate rate (as defined in the Act) from the date of forfeiture until payment but the directors may walve payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of toristure or for any consideration received on their disposal.

22. A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfield on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and the declaration shall against an persons cauming to be extend to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an institutional of transfer if necessary) constitute a good little to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration if any nor shall his tible to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

23 The instrument of transfer of a share may be in any usual form or in any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the

transferor and, unless the share is fully peld, by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully peld, by or on behalf of the transferoe 24. The directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share which is not fully peld to a person of whom they do not approve and they may refuse to register the transfer of a share on which the company has a lien. They may also refuse to

 (a) It is lodged at the office or at such other place as the directors may appoint and is accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the directors may reasonably require to show the right of

(b)It is an respect of only one class of shares, and

(c)it is in tayour of not more than four transferees.

25 If the directors refuse to register a transfer of a share, they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

26 The registration of transfers of shares or of transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in

any year) as the directors may determine

7. No see shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or
other document relating to or affecting the title to any share
28. The company shall be entitled to retain any instrument of transfer which is
registered, but any instrument of transfer which the directors relate to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given. TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

29 If a member dies the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder and his personal representatives where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest, but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by

- A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or A person resonant probability of a manufacture of the produced as the directors may properly require elect either to become the holder of the share or to have may properly require each enter to decline in recover or the share of to have some zero. nominuted by him registered as the transferes. If ne elects to become the holder he shall give notice to the company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person. All the articles relating to the transfer of shares shall paply to the notice or instrument of transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed. by the member and the death or pankruptcy of the member had not occurred.

 31 A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or
- bankruptcy of a member shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he bandupticy of a member shall have the highes to which he would be charged in the were the holder of the share except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share be entitled in respect of it to attend or vote at any meeting of the company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

- 32. The company may by ordinary resolution.-(a) increase its share capital by new shares of such amount as the resolution
- (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares
- (c) subject to the provisions of the Act, sub-divide its shares, or any of them wto shares of smaller amount and the resolution may determine that, as bety the shares resulting from the sub-division, any of them may have any preference or advantage as compared with the others; and
- (d) cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
- 33 Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share the directors may on behalf of those members call the shares representing the fractions for the tiest price reasonably obtainable to any person (including, subject to the provisions of the Act, the company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the stares to, or in accordance with the direction of, the purchaser. The transferree shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title in the shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in erence to the sale
- 34 Subject to the provisions of the Act the company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve and any share premium account in any way -PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

- 35 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and, if it is a private company, make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own sheres otherwise than out of distributable profits of the company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares GENERAL MEETINGS
- All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called ary general meets
- extraordinary general meetings.

 37 The directors may call general meetings and on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting for a date not later than eight weeks after recent of the requisition. It there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors to call a general meeting, any director or any member of the company may call a general

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- 38. An airrual general meeting anu an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a director shall be called by at least twenty-one clear days notice. All other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least fourteen clear days notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed:-
- (a) in the case of an annual general meeting by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (b) in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than ninety-live per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right. The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted and in the case of an annual general meeting, shall

specify the meeting as such,

Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors

39 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.
PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 40 No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present. Two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum.
- If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for 41 eting, or il during a meeting such a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the directors may determine 42. The chairman if any of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting but if
- mether the charman nor such other director (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their number to be charman and, if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
- 43 if no director is willing to act as chairman, or if no director is present within lifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman.

 44 A director shall, notwithstanding that he leads a state of the control of th
- A director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of
- any class of shares in the company
 45 The chairman may with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present The criaimian may will the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall d so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice

46 A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands a poll is duly demanded. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a poll may be demanded:

(a) tythe therman or

- (b) by at least two members having the right to vote at the meeting or (c) by a member or members representing not less than one-tenth voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
- (d) by a member or members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right;
- and a demand by a person as proxy for a membar shall be the same as a d 47 Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or
- proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution 48 The demand for a poll may before the poll is taken be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made
- 49 A pol shall be taken as the charman directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
- 50 In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poil, the chairman shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may
- A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shell be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shell be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chamman directs not being more than thirty-days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of bands and the demand is duly withdraw all continue as if the demand had not been m the meeting sha
- 52. No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith it the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded in any other case at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time d place at which the poll is to be taken.
- and place all which the poul is to be taken.

 5.3. A resolution in withing -executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall be as effectual as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members. VOTES OF MEMBERS
- 54 Subject to any injuis or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative not being himself a member entitled to vote shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one you for every share of which he is the holder.

 55 In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote whether
- in person or by proxy shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other ders; and senionty shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the recister of members.
- 56. A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concern mental disorder may vote whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his receiv curator borus or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court, and any such receiver curator bonis or other person may, on a poli, vote by proxy Evidence to the satisfaction of the directors of the authority of the person clammo to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the office or at such other place as is specified in accordance with the articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the night to vote shall not be exercisab
- 57 No member shall vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company either in person or by proxy in respect of any share held by him unless all moneys presently payable by him in een pasd.
- The state of the state reare overs peak.

 58 No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time e referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive
- 59 On a polt votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A member may appoint more than one proxy to aftend on the same occasion.
- 60 An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, executed by or on behall of the appointor and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve)⁻ PLC/Limited

VWe. being a member/members of the above named company hereby appoint or failing him of my/our proxy to vote in my/our name(s) and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary general meeting of the company to be held on 19 and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed on 19 61 Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of instructing the proxy how he shall act the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual which the directors may approve :-

Pt CA softed

being a member/members of the above-named company hereby appoint of or tailing him as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name(s) and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary general meeting of the company to be held on 19 and at any adjournment thereof.

This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:

Resolution No 1 *for *against Resolution No 2 *for *against

Strike out whichever is not desired.

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from votina

Signed this

day of

19

- 62 The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the
- directors may
 (a) be deposited at the office or at such other place within the United
 Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of
 proxy sant out by the company in relation to the meeting not less than 48 hours
 before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person
 ramed in the instrument proposes to vote or

 (b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded be
 denoted as aforecard after the poll has been demanded and not less than 24

deposted as aforesaid after the poll has been demanded and not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll or (c) where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours

after it was demanded be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded

to the charman or to the secretary or to any director
and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a
manuar so permitted shall be invalid

63 A vote given or poil demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid not with standing the previous. representative or a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the company at the office or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duty deposited before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll.

NUMBER OF DIRECTORS.

64 Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors (other than alternate directors) shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

65 Any director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other director or any other person approved by resolution of the directors and willing to act, to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director so appointed.

An alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the director appointing him is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of his appointor as a director in his absence but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for his services as an alternate director. But it shall not be necessary to give notice of such a meeting to an alternate director who is absent from the United Kingdom.

67 An alternate director shall cease to be an alternate director if his appoint ceases to be a director, but, if a director retires by rotation or otherwise but is reappointed or deemed to have been reappointed at the meeting at which he retires any appointment of an alternate director made by him which was in force immediately prior to his refirement shall continue after his reappointment.

68 Any appointment or removal of an alternate director shall be by notice to the company signed by the director making or revoking the appointment or in any other

manner approved by the directors

69 Save as otherwise provided in the articles an alternate director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and detaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company shall be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers of the company alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such direction shall invalidate any auteration of the intendration or strices and no such direction shall invaligate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this regulation shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers able by the directors

71. The directors may, by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any person to be the agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his powers DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS

72. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors. They may also delegate to any managing director or any director holding any other executive office such of their powers as they consider. desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the directors may impose and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

73 At the first amust general meeting at the directors shall retire from office and at every subsequent annual general meeting one-third of the directors who are subject to retirement by rotation or if their number is not three or a multiple of three the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office; but, if there is only one director who is subject to retirement by rotation he shall retire

one director who is subject to retirement by rotation he shall retire?

7.4. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors to retire by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or reappointment, but as between persons who became or were last reappointed directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.

7.5. If the company at the meeting at which a director retires by rotation does not fill the vacancy the retiring director shall if willing to act, be deemed to have been reappointed unless at the meeting it is resolved not to fill the vacancy or unless a resolution for the reappointment of the director is put to the meeting and lost.

7.6. No person other than a director retire by the time entire shall be encountered or.

No person other than a director retring by rotation shall be appointed or pointed a director at any general meeting unless:-

(a) he is recommended by the directors: or

(a) he is recommended by the directors: or

(b) not less than fourteen nor more than tharty-five clear days before the date appointed for the meeting notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the company of the intention to propose that person for appointment or reappointment stating the particulars which would, if he were so appointed or reappointed be required to be included in the company's register of directors together with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be spooned or reappointed. appointed or reappointed
77 Not loss then

Not less than seven nor more than twenty-eight clear days before the date appointed for holding a general meeting notice shall be given to all who are entitled to receive notice of the meeting of any person (other than a director retiring by rotation at the meeting) who is recommended by the directors for appointment or reappointment as a director at the meeting or in respect of whom notice has been duly given to the company of the intention to propose him at the meeting for appointment or reappointment as a director. The notice shall give the particulars of that person which would, if he were so appointed or reappointed, be required to be included in the company's register of directors. 78. Subject as atoresaid the company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is witting to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director and may also determine the rotation in which any additional directors are to retire

Officions are in terms appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director provided that the appointment does not to the avacancy of as an accumonational process that we appoint that to exponentially oversion cause the number of directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with the anicles as the maximum number of directors. A director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and shall not be taken into account in determining the directors who are to retire by rotation at the meeting if not reappointed at such annual general meeting, he shall vacate office at the conclusion thereof

8.0 Subject as aforesaid a director who retires at an annual general meeting may if willing to act, be reappointed if he is not reappointed he shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in his place or if it does not do so until the end of

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

81 The office of a director shall be vacated if

(a) he ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or he mes prohibited by law from being a director or

(b) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally or

(c) he is, or may be suffering from mental disorder and either-(i) he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1983 or in Scotland, an application for admission under the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1960 o

(ii) an order is made by a court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver curator bons or other person to rose powers with respect to his property or affairs; or

(d) he resigns his office by notice to the company; or

(e) he shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and ne directors resolve that his office be vacated.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

82 The directors shall be entitled to such remuneration as the company may by ordinary resolution determine and, unless the resolution provides otherwise the tion shall be deemed to accrue from day to day **DIRECTORS' EXPENSES**

83 The directors may be paid all travelling, hotel, and other expenses properly incurred by them in-connection with their attendance at meetings of-directors or committees of directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties. DIRECTORS APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

84 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may appoint one or more of their number to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary dubes of a director. Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the appointment, agreement or a transparent may be shade upon such terms as the director determine and they may remunerate any such director or his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he cases to be a director but without prejudice to any claim to demages for breach of the contract of service between the director and the company. A managing director and a director holding any other executive office shall not be subject to

85 Subject to the provisions of the Act and provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his a director notwithstanding his office -

(a) may be a party to or otherwise interested in, any transaction or gement with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested;

(b) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any action or arrangement with or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise interested; and
(c) shall not, by reason of his office be accountable to the company for any

benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.

86 For the purposes of regulation 85

(a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified, and

(b) an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is

unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest

DIRECTORS GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

The directors may provide benefits whether by the payment of gratuities or persions or by insurance or otherwise to any director who has held but no longer holds any executive office or employment with the company or with any body corporale which is or has been a subsidiary of the company or a predecessor in business of the company or of any such subsidiary and for any member of his family (including a spouse and a former spouse) or any person who is or was dent on him, and may (as well before as after he ceases to hold such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such benefit.
PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

PHOCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS
88. Subject to the provision of the articles the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a director who is absent from the United Kingdom. Cuestions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a mejority of votas. In the case of an equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director who is also an alternate director shall be entitled in the absence of his appointor to a

separate vote on behalf of his appointor in addition to his own vote
89 The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by
the directors and unless so fixed at any other number shalf be two. A person who holds office only as an alternate director shall if his appointor is not present, be counted in the guotum

90 The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number but if the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing directors or director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting

- 91 The directors may appoint one of their number to be the chairman of the board of directors and may at any time remove him from that office. Unless he is unwilling to do so the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if there is no director how with at office until the director holding it is unwilling to preside or is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the directors present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

 92. All acts done by a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors or by a meeting of directors.
- 92 All acts done by a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors or by a person acting as a director shall notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of any director or that any of them were disqualified from holding office or had vacated office or were not entitled to vote be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and had been entitled to vote.
- 93. A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it has been passed at a meeting of directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors but a resolution signed by an alternate director need not also be expired by his appointor and if it is signed by a director who has appointed an alternate director it need not be signed by the alternate director in that capacity.
- 94 Save as otherwise provided by the articles a director shall not vote at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has directly or indirectly an interest or duty which is material and which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the company unless his interest or duty anses only because the case talls within one or more of the tollowing paragraphs:-
- (a) the resolution relates to the giving to him of a guarantee security or indemnity in respect of money lent to or an obligation incurred by him for the benefit of the company or any of its subsidianes;
- (b) the resolution relates to the giving to a fixed party of a guarantee security or indemnity in respect of an obligation of the company or any of its subsidiaries for which the director has assumed responsibility in whole or part and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security.
- (c) his interest anses by virtue of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe for any shares dibentures or other securities of the company or any of its subschares or by virtue of his being or intending to become a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of an other of any such shares, debentures or other securities by the company or any of its subsidiaries for subscription, purchase or exchange.
- (d) the resolution relates in any way to a retirement benefits scheme which has been approved or is conditional upon approval by the Board of Inland Revenue for taxation purposes
- For the purposes of this regulation, an interest of a person who is for any purpose of the Act (excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when this regulation becomes banding on the company), connected with a director shall be treated as an interest of the director and in relation to an alternate director an interest of this appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate director without prejudice to any interest which the alternate director has otherwise
- 95 A director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote
- 96 The company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or an respect of any possibilities any provision of the articles prohibiting a director from voting at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors.
- 97 Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to diffees or employments with the company or any body corporate in which the company is interested the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately end (provided he is not for another reason practiced from voting) each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.

 98 "If a question anses at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as
- 98 "If a question arises at a meeting of directors or c.l a committee of directors as to the input of a director to vote, the question may before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any director other than himself shall be final and conclusive
- 99 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them. MINUTES
- 100. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose
 - (a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors, and
- (b) of all proceedings at meetings of the company of the holders of any class of shares in the company and of the directors, and of committees of directors, including the names of the directors present at such meeting THE SEAL.
- 101 The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined if shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director DIVIDENDS.
- 102. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors.
- 103 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may pay interim dividends if appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes the directors may pay interim dividends on shares which confer deferred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividend but no interim dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment any preferential dividend is in arrear. The directors may also pay at intervals settled by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the directors act in good faith they shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conterring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the tawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred nortic.
- 104 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date that share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

- 105 A general meeting declaring a dividend may upon the recommendation of the directors direct that it shall be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of assets and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution the directors may settle the time and in particular may issue tractional certificates and fix the value tor distribution of any assets and may determine that cash shall be paid to any member upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of members and may vest any assets in trustees.
- members and may vest any assets in trustees.

 106. Any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share may be paid by cheque sent by post to the registered address of the person entitled or if two or more persons are the holders of the share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder to the registered address of that one of those persons who is first named in the register of members or to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct. Every cheque shall be made payable to the order of the person or persons entitled or to such other person as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct and payment of the cheque shall be a good discharge to the company. Any joint holder or other person jointly entitled to a share as aforesaid may give receipts for any dividend or other money's payable in respect of the share.
- 107 No dividend or other moneys payable in "espect of a share shall bear interest against the company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share 108. Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date when it became due for payment shall, if the directors so resolve be forleded and cease to remain owing by the company.
- 109 No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records of other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by ordinary resolution of the company CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS.
- 110 The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the company

 (a) subject as herematier provided resolve to capitalise any undivided
- (a) subject as herematier provided resolve to capitalize any undivided profits of the company not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not they are available for distribution) or any sum standing to the credit of the company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve
 (b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who
- (b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either in or towards paying up the amounts, if any for the time being unpaid on any shares haid by their respectively or in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the company of a nominal amount equal to that sum and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those members or as they may direct, in those proportions, or parity in one way and parity in the other but the share premium account, the capital redemption reserve and any profils which are not available for distribution may for the purposes of this regulation, only be applied in paying up unissued shares to be sitetted to members credited as fully paid.
- (c) make such provision by the issue of fractional cartificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they determine in the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable under this regulation in fractions; and
- (d) authorse any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively credited as fully paid, of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation any agreement made under such authority being birding on all such in-ambers.
- 111 Any notice to be given to or by any percon pursuant to the articles shall be an writing except that a notice calling a meeting of the directors need not be in writing. 112. The company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepay envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address. In the case of joint holders of a share all notices shall be given to the joint holders whose name stands first in the register of members in respect of the joint holding and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders. A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address but otherwise no such in ember shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company.
- 113. A member present, either in person or by proxy at any meeting of the company or of the holders of any class of shares in the company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite of the purposes for which it was called.
- 114 Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which before his name is entered in the register of members, has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title
- 115. Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive endence that the notice was given. A notice shall be deemed to be given at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it was nosted.
- 116. A notice may be given by the company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorised by the articles for the giving of notice to a member addressed to them by name, or by the little of representatives of the deceased or trustee of the bankrupt or by any like description at the address. If any within the United Kingdom supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled. Until such an address has been supplied, a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred. WINDING UP
- 117 If the company is wound up, the liquidator may with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the company and may for that purpose value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines, but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability
- 118. Subject to the provisions of the Act but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled every director or other officer or auditor of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings whether civil or criminal, which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which rehelf is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the

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