THUNDERHEAD LIMITED

Directors' Report and Financial Statements

31st December 2007

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors G R Manchester

A J Copleston P A Milton

Secretary A J Copleston

Registered Office Catalyst House

720 Centennial Court Centennial Park Elstree Hertfordshire WD6 3SY

Auditors Deloitte & Touche LLP

Principal Bankers Allied Irish Bank Plc

10 Berkeley Square London W1J 6AA

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2007

The directors present their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the company and of the group for the year ended 31st December 2007

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the group is the development, sale and support of computer software for the document generation and correspondence output market.

Chief Executive Officer's Business Review

Thunderhead provides enterprise-level software solutions for organisations that have demanding requirements for communications with their customers and partners. With our software, an organisation can manage the complete range of enterprise communications using a single platform, from transaction driven business-to-business (B2B) data exchanges through to highly personalised multi-channel messaging supporting customer engagement and marketing strategies. Our software platform has two key features that differentiate us strongly in the market. First, it is based completely on open standards. Second, it has been designed to enable business users to take control of the process of creating and managing communications and minimising reliance on technology specialists, resulting in dramatic improvements in productivity, flexibility and significantly reduced costs.

Thunderhead was founded by myself in 2001 with the objective of creating a next-generation software product to address what I perceived as a critical gap in the document generation market. After two years effort by our development team, all experienced software professionals, we released the first version of the Thunderhead enterprise communications platform in November 2003

Since then, Thunderhead has established itself as the market leader in enterprise communications, and now numbers many of the world's leading financial services organisations as satisfied and successful customers. To take the investment banking sector, for example, Thunderhead is the defacto standard for trade confirmations and term sheet generation, being used by 9 of the top 10 global derivatives dealer institutions. And while our presence in the financial services market is strong – in investment banking, retail banking and insurance – we are now moving into the public sector with some interesting deployments in Australia, USA, and UK.

2007 in Review

The year 2007 was one of further outstanding growth and consolidation for Thunderhead We delivered over £12 million of revenue, and just short of £2 million in operating profit. This represents an impressive 66% growth in revenue over 2006, and, thanks to tight control of costs, a satisfying 16% net margin.

This is consistent with our growth over the last three years. According to the Software 500 league table of global software companies, Thunderhead has been the fastest growing company in our market category two years in a row (this is based on 2005 and 2006 revenues)

Our objective is to build long-term competitive advantage with our technology. Therefore it is important to note that our growth is driven by software license sales, as opposed to consulting services or legacy maintenance (unlike most of our competitors). This is highlighted by the fact that, in the Software 500 2007 league table, Thunderhead is ranked at number 365 for growth in total revenues, but number 15 when measured in software and services. Furthermore, our customer wins are in general based on business value rather than price. Thunderhead is typically one of the higher priced solutions, and there are a number of examples where. Thunderhead has been successfully sold at a much higher price point than our competitors.

In 2006 we invested significantly in the development of our North American markets, and it is pleasing to see that investment beginning to pay off with close to 80% revenue growth in that region, laying the ground work for further development of that market in 2008

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2007

We also embarked on a long-term plan to develop the insurance market, a strategy which paid dividends, contributing almost 40% of our revenues in 2007 compared to 18% in 2006, and we look forward to a similar result in 2008. High profile insurance wins included The Hartford (USA) and AMP (Australia). Meanwhile, we continue to develop our opportunities in investment banking and financial services, with a number of new customers including Credit Suisse, HBOS, and Sallie Mae.

In 2007 we saw increased industry recognition of Thunderhead, and strengthened relationships with partners. Our position as a leading innovator has been recognised in published reports by industry analysts during the year. Thunderhead was recognised by inclusion in the Sunday Times UK. Tech Track 100 (UK's fastest growing technology companies) and recipient of the Tech Track 100 award for the "best use of technology." At the beginning of the year we were ranked in the top 3 of the finalists for Hottest European Technology Prospect and CEO award categories for the UK. Technology Innovation & Growth Award.

A further important development in 2007 was the establishment of a partnership with Indian computer services leader, HCL, to provide Thunderhead consulting and support services, and an off-shoring capability for large scale projects. This is a strategic initiative to enable us to scale our business without having to massively increase our staffing levels, and allows us to be more agile in response to market opportunities. The relationship with HCL is complementary to our relationship with IBM Global Services, and enables us to provide a strong, scalable, and responsive professional services capability.

In October 2007, we announced Thunderhead NOW, the next stage in the evolution of our platform. With NOW 4.0 (due to be released in July 2008) our "one-platform-for-all-communications" paradigm is extended across the enterprise, allowing communications to be integrated with customer facing business processes, and further cements our position as the innovation leader in the enterprise communications market. The response from the market place on this positioning has been extremely positive, and supportive of our vision for personalized real-time multichannel communications.

Finally, this was a year of significant consolidation within our market, with the acquisitions of our two key competitors by IT industry giants EMC (Document Sciences) and HP (Exstream). We view these two acquisitions as key indicators of the final stage of maturity of the older print-centric generation of technology. We have been successful in both displacing and winning against these two vendors on the basis of our newer standards-based technology. We now have the added advantage of being the leading independent solution provider.

Looking ahead to 2008

We are now several months into 2008, and indicators thus far are encouraging, although we are, given the uncertainty in the banking sector, approaching the year with some caution. Our principal goals for this year are to continue our drive into North America, and to continue our focus on the insurance market. We also want to build on the success we have had in government, and have recently appointed a sales executive to focus solely on the EMEA public sector market.

We are expanding our geographical reach, and have already this year established an office in Singapore and made a new appointment in Zurich to address the DACH market

The release of Thunderhead NOW V4 0 in July 2008 will be a product highlight for 2008, and, as I have already noted, our NOW strategy has attracted a lot of attention from our partners, industry analysts and customers

In conclusion, we approach 2008 with a more diversified approach to markets, broader geographical reach, a much stronger services offering and an exciting new product release, together providing a firm platform for further growth in 2008

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2007

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Company's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including exchange risk and credit risk.

Exchange risk

The Company's activities expose it to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company uses natural hedges, offsetting foreign currency revenues and expenses where possible, to hedge these exposures.

Credit risk

The Company's principal financial assets are cash, trade and other debtors. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful debts. The Company considers credit risk to be minimal due to the blue chip nature of its customers.

<u>Dividends</u>

No dividends were declared for the year (2006 £1,150,000)

Directors

The directors of the company, during the year and to the date of this report, are shown on page 3

Auditors

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- 1) so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- 2) the director has taken all of the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of S234ZA of the Companies Act 1985

Deloitte & Touche LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of directors and signed on behalf of the Board

A J COPLESTON Secretary

17 June 2008

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2007

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THUNDERHEAD LIMITED

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Thunderhead Limited for the year ended 31 December 2007 which comprise the consolidated profit and loss account, the consolidated and company balance sheets, the consolidated cashflow statement and the related notes numbered 1 to 22 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements. We also report if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and we consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally
 Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the group's and company's affairs as at 31 December 2007
 and of the group's profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

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Reading, United Kingdom

1 June 2008

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2007

		2007	2006
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER	2	12,351,193	7,422,128
Cost of Sales		(1,484,920)	(722,140)
GROSS PROFIT	•	10,866,273	6,699,988
Administrative Expenses		(8,951,159)	(5,633,545)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	1,915,114	1,066,443
Interest receivable and similar income		24,406	40,067
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		1,939,520	1,106,510
Taxation	6	-	(270,000)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION			
AND RETAINED EARNINGS TRANSFERRED TO			
RESERVES	17	1,939,520	836,510
			-

The above amounts represent the results of continuing activities

There are no recognised gains or losses other than as stated above. Accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AT 31ST DECEMBER 2007

	Notes	£	2007 £	£	2006 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	8		331,900		87,913
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	10	6,682,537		2,440,053	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,828,596		690,074	
		8,511,133	•	3,130,127	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	11	(4,917,305)		(2,470,894)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			3,593,828		659,233
CREDITORS	10				
Amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(1,104,063)		-
NET ASSETS			2,821,665	•	747,146
				•	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	14		941,667		806,668
Profit and loss account	16		1,879,998		(59,522)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17		2,821,665		747,146

Approved by the Board of Directors on 17 June 2008

G R MANCHESTER

A J COPLESTON

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET AT 31ST DECEMBER 2007

	Notes	£	2007 £	£	2006 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	8		278,858		56,291
Investments	9		93		93
			278,951	_	56,384
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	10	6,491,719		2,517,457	
Cash at bank and in hand		690,843		289,529	
		7,182,562		2,806,986	
CREDITORS amounts falling due					
within one year	11	(3,382,094)		(1,864,068)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			3,800,468		942,918
CREDITORS amounts falling due in					
more than one year	12		(635,526)	_	-
NET ASSETS			3,443,893	-	999,302
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
			A 46-		224 445
Called up share capital	14		941,667		806,668
Profit and loss account	16		2,502,226		192,634
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17		3,443,893		999,302

Approved by the Board of Directors on TJune 2008

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G R MANCHESTER

A J COPLESTON

) Directors

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CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW ST FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST D			2007	2006
CASH FLOW STATEMENT		Notes	£	£
Net cash inflow from operating activ	nties		1,696,223	1,624,483
Inflow/(outflow) on investments and finance	servicing of	22	24,406	(1,109,933)
Increase in Share Capital			134,999	-
Taxation			(123,629)	(381,371)
Capital expenditure				
Payments to acquire tangible fixed Foreign exchange movement on fi			(376,252) (830)	(103,519)
Increase in net cash			1,354,917	29,660
Reconciliation of net cashflow to n	novement			
Increase in cash in the year			1,354,917	29,660
Net cash at beginning of the year			473,679	444,019
Net cash at the end of the year			1,828,596	473,679
Analysis of Net Funds	1 January 2007 £		Cash flow £	31 December 2007 £
Cash at bank and in hand	690,074		1,138,522	1,828,596
Overdraft	(216,395)		216,395	-
	473,679		1,354,917	1,828,596
Reconciliation of operating profit from operating activities	to net cash inflow		2007 £	2006 £
Operating profit			1,915,114	1,066,443
Depreciation charges			133,095	62,697
Increase in debtors			(4,242,484)	(236,213)
Increase in creditors			3,890,498	731,556
Net cash inflow from operating ac	ctivities		1,696,223	1,624,483

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 Accounting Policies

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted, which have been applied consistently in both the current and prior years, are described below:

a) Basis of Preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost accounting rules and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards

b) <u>Turnover</u>

Turnover represents amounts derived from the provision of goods and services which fall within the group's ordinary activities after deduction of trade discounts and value added tax. Revenue on licence sales is recognised at the date of delivery of the fully functional software irrespective of the customer requesting a key as this is not required for the customer to access fully functional software, nor is the customer's obligation contingent on receipt of the key Revenue on maintenance and support sales is recognised over the period to which it relates

c) Research and Development

Expenditure on research and development is charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it is incurred

d) Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on cost, less residual value, in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The rates of depreciation are as follows

Computer equipment

- 33 33% per annum

Other office equipment and furniture

- 25% per annum

e) Operating Lease Rentals

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

f) Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as likely that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

g) Pension Contributions

The company does not operate a pension scheme but makes contributions to the personal pension plans of its employees Contributions are charged to profit and loss as they arise

h) Basis of Consolidation

The assets, liabilities, turnover and results of all subsidianes are consolidated into these accounts on the basis of the accounts to 31st December 2007

No profit and loss account is presented for the parent company in accordance with Section 230 of the Companies Act 1985. The company made a profit during the year of £2,309,592 (2006 £777,697)

1 Accounting Policies (continued)

1) Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. These translation differences are taken to the profit and loss account

Currency differences arising from the translation of the opening net investment in subsidiaries at the closing rate are taken directly to reserves

j) <u>Investments</u>

Investments are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

2 <u>Turnover</u>

Turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the group and arose in percentages across the world as follows

		THE G	ROUP
		2007 %	2006 %
ī	United Kingdom and Europe	64	70
τ	United States of America	20	19
	Australia	16	11
		100	100
3	Operating Profit	<u></u>	
		2007 £	2006 £
	This is stated after charging		
1	Directors' remuneration (see note 5)	212,055	194,407
	Auditors' remuneration - for audit services - Group - Company	27,500 22,000	19,000 15,000
	tax advisory services - Grouptax advisory services - Company	-	74,527 74,527
ļ	Operating lease rentals - other	278,457	145,979
;	Foreign exchange losses	2,095	100,186
	Depreciation - owned assets	133,095	62,697
			

4	Staff Costs	
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4	Staff Costs		
		2007	2006
		£	£
	Wages and salanes	4,641,783	3,443,642
	Social security costs	561,927	411,078
	Other pension costs	137,465	113,629
	•	5,341,175	3,968,349
	The average monthly number of employees		
	(including executive directors) was	72	45
_	D' 4. ID		
5	Directors' Remuneration		
	The emoluments of the directors were as follows		
	Remuneration for management services	210,938	193,660
	Benefits in kind	1,117	747
		212,055	194,407
6	<u>Taxation</u>		
		er arrees as follows	
	The taxation charge on the profit on ordinary activities		
		2007 £	2006 £
	Current Tax		
	Corporation Tax	<u>-</u>	270,000
	Total current tax charge	<u> </u>	270,000

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

6	Taxation	(continued)

	2007 £	2006 £
Factors affecting the tax charge for the period		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1,939,520	1,106,510
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by a standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30% (2006 30%)	581,856	331,953
Effects of		
Non deductible expenses	22,970	5,084
Capital allowances less than depreciation	2,176	6,263
Overseas tax losses	111,944	-
Tax losses brought forward utilised in the period	-	(8,151)
Research and development enhanced expenditure	(87,666)	(62,596)
Share scheme relief	(631,280)	-
Other tax adjustments	-	(2,553)
	(581,856)	(61,953)
Current tax charge for the period	-	270,000
<u>Dividends</u>		
	2007 £	2006 £
Amounts recognised as distributions to shareholders in the period 2007. Nil		
(Interim dividends for the year ended 31st December 2006 of 142 56 pence per ordinary share)	Nıl	1,150,000

8 Tangible Fixed Assets

THE GROUP	Computer Equipment	Other Office Furniture and Equipment	Total
	£	£	£
COST			
At 1st January 2007	204,775	16,718	221,493
Additions in the year	71,183	305,069	376,252
Foreign exchange differences	1,588	160	1,748
At 31st December 2007	277,546	321,947	599,493
DEPRECIATION			
At 1st January 2007	123,577	10,003	133,580
Charge for the year	70,471	62,624	133,095
Foreign exchange differences	888	30	918
At 31st December 2007	194,936	72,657	267,593
NET BOOK VALUE	<u> </u>		
At 31st December 2007	82,610	249,290	331,900
At 31st December 2006	81,198	6,715	87,913
		 	
THE COMPANY	Computer Equipment	Other Office Furniture and Equipment	Total
THE COMPANY	_	Furniture and	Total £
THE COMPANY COST	Equipment	Furniture and Equipment	
	Equipment	Furniture and Equipment	
COST	Equipment £	Furniture and Equipment	£
COST At 1st January 2007	£ 152,527	Furniture and Equipment £	£ 166,420
COST At 1st January 2007 Additions in the year	£ 152,527 41,226	Furniture and Equipment £ 13,893 292,578	£ 166,420 333,804
COST At 1st January 2007 Additions in the year At 31st December 2007	£ 152,527 41,226	Furniture and Equipment £ 13,893 292,578	£ 166,420 333,804
COST At 1st January 2007 Additions in the year At 31st December 2007 DEPRECIATION	£ 152,527 41,226 193,753	Equipment £ 13,893 292,578 306,471	£ 166,420 333,804 500,224
COST At 1st January 2007 Additions in the year At 31st December 2007 DEPRECIATION At 1st January 2007	£ 152,527 41,226 193,753	Furniture and Equipment £ 13,893 292,578 306,471	£ 166,420 333,804 500,224
COST At 1st January 2007 Additions in the year At 31st December 2007 DEPRECIATION At 1st January 2007 Charge for the year	£ 152,527 41,226 193,753 100,749 51,339	Furniture and Equipment £ 13,893 292,578 306,471 9,380 59 898	£ 166,420 333,804 500,224 110,129 111,237
COST At 1st January 2007 Additions in the year At 31st December 2007 DEPRECIATION At 1st January 2007 Charge for the year At 31st December 2007	£ 152,527 41,226 193,753 100,749 51,339	Furniture and Equipment £ 13,893 292,578 306,471 9,380 59 898	£ 166,420 333,804 500,224 110,129 111,237
COST At 1st January 2007 Additions in the year At 31st December 2007 DEPRECIATION At 1st January 2007 Charge for the year At 31st December 2007 NET BOOK VALUE	£ 152,527 41,226 193,753 100,749 51,339 152,088	Furniture and Equipment £ 13,893 292,578 306,471 9,380 59 898 69,278	£ 166,420 333,804 500,224 110,129 111,237 221,366

9 <u>Investment in Subsidiary Undertakings</u>

	2007 £	2006 £
Shares in subsidiaries at cost	93	93

Investment in subsidiaries represents direct holdings of the following proportions of the nominal value of the issued ordinary share capital of the companies

		Nature of Business	Investment £
Thunderhead PTY	100%	Software sales	41
- Incorporated in New South Wales, Australia			
Thunderhead Inc	100%	Software sales	52
- Registered in Virginia, USA			
			93

10 <u>Debtors</u>

	THE COMPANY		THE GROUP	
	2007 £	2006 £	2007 £	2006 £
Trade debtors	4,294,024	1,025,845	5,937,945	1,764,663
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,510,421	824,304	•	-
Other debtors and prepayments	687,274	667,308	744,592	675,390
	6,491,719	2,517,457	6,682,537	2,440,053

All amounts included as debtors are due within one year

11 Creditors - amounts due within one year

	THE COMPANY		THE GROUP	
	2007 £	2006 £	2007 £	2006 £
Accruals and deferred income	2,384,480	1,177,930	3,533,599	1,618,434
Bank overdraft	-	216,395	-	216,395
Trade creditors	207,595	183,485	325,182	266,424
Corporation tax	-	113,629	-	123,629
Other taxes and social security costs	790,019	165,120	1,056,987	236,019
Other creditors	- 7,509		1,537	9,993
	3,382,094	1,864,068	4,917,305	2,470,894

12 Creditors - amounts due after more than one year

	THE COMPANY		THE GROUP	
	2007 £	2006 £	2007 £	2006 £
Accruals and deferred income	635,526	-	1,104,063	-
	635,526		1,104,063	-

13 Deferred Taxation

The group has an unprovided deferred tax asset of £232,630 (2006 £91,250) In relation to overseas losses, no deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the uncertainty surrounding the future profitability of these group companies

	At 31st D	ecember 2007	At 31st Dec	At 31st December 2006	
	Provided	Unprovided	Provided	Unprovided	
Capital allowances less than depreciation	-	9,267	•	14,750	
Losses carried forward	-	223,363	-	76,500	
Deferred tax asset/(liability)	-	232,630		91,250	

14 Share Capital

	THE COMPANY		
	2007 £	2006 £	
Authorised			
20,000,000 Ordinary shares of 5 pence each (2006 20,000,000 Ordinary shares of 5 pence each)	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Allotted, called-up and fully paid.			
18,833,340 Ordinary shares of 5 pence each (2006 16,133,360 Ordinary shares of 5 pence each)	941,667	806,668	

15 Share Options

On 31st August 2002 options over 193,332 Ordinary shares were granted to certain staff members at an exercise price of £1. The options vested in tranches between 31st August 2003 and 31st August 2005 and can then be exercised at any time up to ten years from the date of grant.

Following the company 20 1 share split carried out on 20th September 2006, the options represented 3,866,640 ordinary shares of 5 pence per share 2,699,980 shares (2006 Nil) at 5 pence each were exercised during 2007. This leaves 1,166,660 vested options that had not been exercised at the balance sheet date.

The company has applied the transitional provisions of FRS 20 Share based payments, as the share options were granted before 7th November 2002

16 Profit and Loss Account

	THE COMPANY		THE GROUP	
	2007 £	2006 £	2007 £	2006 £
At 1st January	192,634	564,937	(59,522)	253,968
Profit for the year	2,309,592	777,697	1,939,520	836,510
Dividends paid	-	(1,150,000)	-	(1,150,000)
At 31st December	2,502,226	192,634	1,879,998	(59,522)

17 Reconciliation of Movement in Shareholders' Funds

	THE COMPANY		THE GROUP	
	2007 £	2006 £	2007 £	2006 £
Profit after taxation	2,309,592	777,697	1,939,520	836,510
Dividends paid	÷	(1,150,000)	-	(1,150,000)
Increase in Share Capital	134,999	-	134,999	-
Net movement in shareholders' funds	2,444,591	(372,303)	2,074,519	(313,490)
Shareholders' funds brought forward	999,302	1,371,605	747,146	1,060,636
Shareholders' funds carned forward	3,443,893	999,302	2,821,665	747,146

18 Pension Commitments

During the year the group made contributions of £137,465 (2006 £113,629) to the personal pension plans of employees There were no contributions due and outstanding at the balance sheet date (2006 £nıl)

19 Financial Commitments

At the balance sheet date the neither the group nor the company had any capital expenditure either authorised or contracted for

	Land and Buildings	Land and Buildings
	2007	2006
	£	£
Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows		
Expiry date		
-Between one and two years	31,844	-
-Between two and five years	-	153,019
-Between nine and ten years	143,928	-
	175,772	153,019
		

20 Related Party Transactions

A J Copleston, a director of the company, is the proprietor of an accountancy firm. During the period his firm charged the company £61,442 (2006 £91,431) for professional accountancy and related services

P A Milton, a director of the company, is the proprietor of a firm of solicitors. During the year his firm charged the company £159,451 (2006 £104,525) for legal fees

21 Controlling Party

The company is under the control of G R Manchester, by virtue of his beneficial interest in 86% of the issued share capital

Note to the Cash Flow Statement

	2007 £	2006 £
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
Interest received	24,406	40,067
Dividends paid	-	(1,150,000)
	24,406	(1,109,933)

The additional unaudited information on pages 23 and 24 have been prepared from the accounting records of the company. While it does not form part of the statutory financial statements, it should be read in conjunction with them.

DETAILED COMPANY TRADING, PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2007

	£	2007 £	£	2006 £
SALES				
External Software licences		5,275,882		3,387,726
External Support and maintenance fees		1,911,585		1,458,001
		0		298,884
Subsidiary licence charges		740,063		528,700
Professional services			-	
		7,927,530		5,673,311
DIRECT COSTS				
External purchases	(62,360)		(120,602)	
Internal sales commission	(699,765)		(414,542)	
External sales commission	(46,350)		-	
		(808,475)		(535,144)
GROSS PROFIT		7,119,055		5,138,167
Administrative Expenses		(4 834,871)		(4,134,386)
OPERATING PROFIT		2,284,184		1,003,781
Interest receivable		25,408		33,916
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		2,309,592	•	1,037,697
Taxation		-		(260,000)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		2,309,592		777,697
			•	

SCHEDULE OF COMPANY ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2007

	2007	2006
	£	£
Software development sub-contractors	34,306	39,993
Directors' salaries	210,938	193,660
Other salary costs	2,171,950	1,906,126
Employers NIC	412,842	304,490
Employer's pension costs	74,006	71,894
Other staff benefits	38,331	39,685
Rent and rates	218,779	101,336
Other premises expenses	127,298	13,680
Insurance	1,040	3,348
Telephone	59,594	45,838
Printing, postage and stationery	6,896	9,932
Travelling	179,896	197,524
Accommodation and subsistence	90,685	47,150
Entertaining	32,567	16,948
Technical literature	10,513	390
Audit and accountancy	64,344	6,717
Other legal and professional fees	545,931	370,250
Software development licences	47,915	36,226
Subscriptions and donations	9,230	9,707
Computer consumables and maintenance	9,914	3,620
Marketing and public relations	360,068	572,280
Training courses	213	1,287
Sundry expenses	9,024	11,256
Bank charges	6,300	6,388
Foreign exchange differences and charges	1,052	76,406
Depreciation	111,236	48,255
	4,834,871	4,134,386