Directors' report and financial statements

Year ended 31 March 2020

Registered number: 04285452

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Directors' report and financial statements

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Directors and other information

Directors P Brown

P Bryan

G O'Keeffe (Resigned 31 January 2020)

Secretary R Hinds

Registered office Technology House

Magnesium Way

Hapton Burnley BB12 7BF England

KPMG Auditor

Chartered Accountants

1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green

Dublin 2

National Westminster Bank plc **Bankers**

7 Hustlergate Bradford BD1 1PP

Solicitors Pannone LLP

378/380 Deansgate

Manchester M3 4LY

04285452 Registered number

Directors' report

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Principal activity and review of the business

On 5 April 2016, 100% of the share capital of Siracom Limited was acquired by Exertis (UK) Limited. On 1 July 2017, the assets and liabilities of the Company were transferred to the immediate parent company, Exertis (UK) Ltd, at net book value. Following this transfer, the Company ceased to trade. Prior to the transfer, the principal activity of the Company was the sale and distribution of computer network systems.

Results and dividends

The Company's result for the financial year was £Nil (2019: £Nil). No payment of a dividend was recommended for this year (2019: £Nil).

Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements are detailed:

P Brown

P Bryan

G O'Keeffe (Resigned 31 January 2020)

Strategic report

In preparing the directors' report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemption under section 414B of the companies Act 2006 not to prepare a Strategic Report.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each person who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors
 are unaware and:
- each director has taken the steps he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Post balance sheet events

There were no significant post balance sheet events that would require adjustment to, or disclosure in, the Company's financial statements.

Directors' report (continued)

Political contributions

The Company made no political contributions or incurred any political expenditure during the year.

Auditor

Pursuant to section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG chartered accountants will therefore continue in office.

On behalf of the board

Technology House Magnesium Way Hapton Burnley BB12 7BF England

P Bryan Director 1 July 2020

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*.

Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal controls as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

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P Bryan Director

1 July 2020



KPMG Audit 1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green Dublin 2 D02 DE03 Ireland

Independent auditor's report to the members of Siracom Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Siracom Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 31 March 2020 set out on pages 8 to13, which comprise the profit and loss account and other comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and the related notes, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 1. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is UK Law and FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council (FRC)'s Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We have nothing to report on going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We have nothing to report in these respects.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Siracom Limited (continued)

Report on the audit of the financial statements (continued)

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information presented in the Annual Report together with the financial statements. The other information comprises the information included in the directors' report. The financial statements and our auditor's report thereon do not comprise part of the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work we have not identified material misstatements in the other information.

Based solely on our work on the other information;

- we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report;
- in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements;
- in our opinion, the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006, we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in these respects.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Siracom Limited (continued)

Respective responsibilities and restrictions on use

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements including being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Colm O'Sé (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants 1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green

Dublin 2

1 July 2020

Profit and loss account and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2020

During the current and preceding financial year, the Company has not traded and has received no income and incurred no expenditure, and consequently has made neither a profit nor a loss.

The Company had no other recognised gains or losses nor any cash flow during the year and accordingly no statement of other comprehensive income or statement of cashflows is presented. The notes on pages 11 to 13 form an integral part of the financial statements

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2020

	Note .	2020 £	2019 £
Current assets Debtors	3	3,108,030	3,108,030
Net assets		3,108,030	3,108,030
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Share premium Non-distributional reserve Profit and loss account	4	2,000 230,780 400 2,874,850	2,000 230,780 400 2,874,850
Total shareholders' funds		3,108,030	3,108,030

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board on 1 July 2020.

On behalf of the board

P Bryan Director

Registered number: 04285452

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2020

	Called up share capital £	Share Premium £	Non- distributable capital redemption reserve £	Profit and loss account	Total equity £
At 1 April 2018 Result for the financial year	2,000	230,780	400	2,874,850 -	3,108,030
At 31 March 2019 Result for the financial year	2,000	230,780	400	2,874,850	3,108,030
At 31 March 2020	2,000	230,780	400	2,874,850	3,108,030

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2020

			distributable capital		
	Called up share capital £	Share Premium £	redemption reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total equity £
At 1 April 2018 Result for the financial year	2,000	230,780	400	2,874,850	3,108,030
At 31 March 2019 Result for the financial year	2,000	230,780	400	2,874,850	3,108,030
At 31 March 2020	2,000	230,780	400	2,874,850	3,108,030

Notes

forming part of the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

Reporting entity

Siracom Limited (the "Company") is a company incorporated, domiciled and registered in the United Kingdom. The Company's registered number is 04285452and registered office address is Technology House, Magnesium house, Hapton, Burnley, BB12 7BF, England..

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101"). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical convention.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking, DCC Group includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of DCC Plc are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are available to the public and may be obtained from DCC House, Leopardstown Road, Foxrock, Dublin 18, Ireland.

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- a cash flow statement and related notes:
- comparative year reconciliations for share capital and intangible assets;
- disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries;
- the effect of new but not yet effective IFRS's;
- disclosures in respect of the compensation of Key Management Personnel; and
- disclosures of transactions with a management entity that provides key management personnel services to the Company.

In the current financial reporting period the Company has adopted IFRS 16, which replaces the existing guidance in IAS 17 Leases. Application of these new standards had no material impact on the Company's 2019 financial statements. The accounting policies set out below have, unless other stated, been applied consistently to all period presented in these financial statements.

Going concern

The Covid-19 situation which emerged earlier this year is having a significant impact on businesses. The impact is compounded by the fact that the duration and full extent of the pandemic is difficult to predict which is causing a risk of a sustained economic recession. The Company does not trade and therefore Covid-19 has no impact on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The directors have considered the factors likely to affect the Company's future development, performance and position, and have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date, with the exception of trade creditors that are hedged through forward currency contracts, which are held in the balance sheet at the relevant currency rate. Any translation differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

Notes (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: the initial recognition of goodwill; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit other than in a business combination, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for impairments. The Company uses estimates based on the single loss model and current information in determining the level of debts for which an allowance for impairment is required. The level of allowance required is reviewed on an ongoing basis.

2 Statutory information

Auditor's remuneration and Directors' remuneration is borne by another group entity. The Company had no employees (including executive directors) or payroll costs during the year.

3	Debtors	2020	2019
		£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	3,108,030	3,108,030
		3,108,030	3,108,030

Amounts owed by group companies are repayable on demand and non-interest bearing. No security is held against these amounts.

Notes (continued)

4	Called up share capital	2020 £	2019 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	•	
	Allotted, called up and fully paid At beginning of year Issued during the year/period	2,000	2,000
	At end of year	2,000	2,000

5 Ultimate parent company

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Exertis UK Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The Company regards DCC plc, a company incorporated in the Republic of Ireland, as its ultimate parent company. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by DCC plc. Copies of the Group financial statements of DCC plc are available from its registered office at DCC House, Leopardstown Road, Foxrock, Dublin 18, Republic of Ireland.

6 Post balance sheet events

There were no significant post balance sheet events that would require adjustment to, or disclosure in, the Company's financial statements.

7 Related party transactions

FRS 101.8(k) exempts the requirement of IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures* to disclose related party transactions between wholly-owned subsidiaries. Consequently, these financial statements do not contain disclosures of transactions with entities in the DCC Group.