REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

Registration number: 04284466

David G Collins Refrigeration Limited
Unaudited Financial Statements
30 September 2020



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Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of David G Collins Refrigeration Limited for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of David G Collins Refrigeration Limited for the year ended 30 September 2020 as set out on pages $\underline{2}$ to $\underline{10}$ from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/regulation.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of David G Collins Refrigeration Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 28 January 2019. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of David G Collins Refrigeration Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of David G Collins Refrigeration Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than David G Collins Refrigeration Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that David G Collins Refrigeration Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of David G Collins Refrigeration Limited. You consider that David G Collins Refrigeration Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of David G Collins Refrigeration Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

Dodd & Co Limited

Chartered Accountants FIFTEEN Rosehill Montgomery Way Rosehill Estate CARLISLE CA1 2RW

6 April 2021

(Registration number: 04284466) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	142,065	138,927
Current assets			
Stocks		10,675	10,675
Debtors	<u>5</u>	138,522	225,193
Cash at bank and in hand		271,242	150,621
		420,439	386,489
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(254,618)	(282,931)
Net current assets		165,821	103,558
Total assets less current liabilities		307,886	242,485
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>6</u>	(19,997)	(18,416)
Provisions for liabilities		(25,575)	(24,506)
Net assets		262,314	199,563
Capital and reserves			
Allotted, called up and fully paid share capital		1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		261,314	198,563
Total equity		262,314	199,563

(Registration number: 04284466) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2020 (continued)

For the financial year ending 30 September 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 6 April 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

D G Collins
Director
S Collins
Company secretary and director
S D Collins
Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Hillcrest
Oughterby
Kirkbampton
CARLISLE
CA5 6JH

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Government grants

Grants for the purpose of giving immediate financial support with no future related costs to be incurred are recognised in the profit and loss account when the grant proceeds become receivable.

Other grants relating to revenue are recognised in the profit and loss account on a systematic basis over the periods in which the related costs are recognised for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Grants of £11,765 in respect of the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme were receivable during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020 (continued)

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Land and buildings Plant and equipment Motor vehicles

Furniture, fittings and office equipment

Depreciation method and rate

10 years straight line basis15% reducing balance basis25% reducing balance basis15% reducing balance basis and 3 years

straight line basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for the sale of goods or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020 (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade creditors are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method where due after more than one year.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020 (continued)

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 9 (2019 - 8).

contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020 (continued)

4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Plant and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Furniture, fittings and office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 October					
2019	24,863	89,592	118,945	11,656	245,056
Additions	-	13,984	25,336	1,134	40,454
Disposals _			(20,585)	-	(20,585)
At 30 September 2020	24,863	103,576	123,696	12,790	264,925
Depreciation					
At 1 October 2019	14,916	39,286	44,479	7,448	106,129
Charge for the year	2,486	8,242	16,447	1,457	28,632
Eliminated on disposal		<u> </u>	(11,901)	<u>-</u>	(11,901)
At 30 September 2020	17,402	47,528	49,025	8,905	122,860
Carrying amount					
At 30 September 2020	7,461	56,048	74,671	3,885	142,065
At 30 September 2019	9,947	50,306	74,466	4,208	138,927

5 Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	133,737	220,902
Other debtors	4,785	4,291
	138,522	225,193

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020 (continued)

6 Creditors			
	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>7</u>	89,503	80,905
Trade creditors	-	53,442	75,443
Taxation and social security		29,139	42,950
Corporation tax liability		33,469	31,301
Other creditors		49,065	52,332
	_	254,618	282,931
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>7</u>	19,997	18,416
7 Loans and borrowings			
		2020	2019
Constant lance and become in the		£	£
Current loans and borrowings Finance lease liabilities		17,676	14,057
Other borrowings		71,827	66,848
		89,503	80,905
Current loans and borrowings includes the following liabilities, or	which security ha	as been given by the	company:
		2020 £	2019 £
Finance lease liabilities		17,676	14,057
Finance lease liabilities are secured on the assets to which they	relate.		
		2020 £	2019 £
Non-current loans and borrowings		40.00	
Finance lease liabilities	_	19,997	18,416
Non-current loans and borrowings includes the following liabilitie	s, on which secur	ity has been given b	y the company:
		2020 £	2019 £
Finance lease liabilities		19,997	18,416

Finance lease liabilities are secured on the assets to which they relate.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020 (continued)

8 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the balance sheet is £Nil (2019 - £175).

9 Related party transactions

Transactions with directors

2019 D G Collins Loan	At 1 October 2018 £	Advances £ 1,345	Repayments £	Other payments £	Dividends credited £ (1,345)	Interest £ -	At 30 September 2019 £
S Collins Loan	-	1,242	-	-	(1,242)	-	-

Directors' advances are repayable on demand.

No Interest has been charged on advances to directors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.