Annual Report and Accounts

Year ended 31 March 2017

Company number: 04276642

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for the year ended 31 March 2017

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Meadowhall Shopping Centre Limited STRATEGIC REPORT

for the year ended 31 March 2017

The directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Business review and principal activities

Meadowhall Shopping Centre Limited ("the company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Meadowhall Shopping Centre Property Holdings Limited. The ultimate holding company, MSC Property Intermediate Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries ("the group") operate as a joint venture between The British Land Company PLC and NBIM Victoria Partners LP.

The company's principal activity is to act as a Limited Partner to the Meadowhall Limited Partnership, a partnership involved in property investment in the United Kingdom (UK). A Partnership Agreement has been established to determine the respective roles and responsibilities of each partner as well as the profit share. The effective stake in the partnership is 99.99%.

As shown in the company's Profit and Loss Account on page 6, the company's turnover has decreased compared with the prior year from £38,504,750 to £36,977,836. During the current year the company made a loss on ordinary activities before taxation of £17,595,906 compared to the profit on ordinary activities before taxation of £70,401,378 in the prior year. This is predominantly due to the value of underlying investments as described below.

Dividends of £nil (2016: £nil) were paid in the year.

The Balance Sheet on page 7 shows that the company's financial position at the year end is, in net asset terms, a decrease on the prior year.

The value of investments held as at 31 March 2017 decreased by 4.4% due to underlying net asset value adjustments made during the year then ended as shown in note 7 to the company's Balance Sheet.

The performance of the group, which includes the company, is discussed in the group's annual report which does not form part of this report.

The expected future developments of the company are determined by the strategy of the group. There are no future developments outside of the company's current operations planned.

Principal risks and uncertainties

This company is part of a large property investment group. As such, the fundamental underlying risks for this company are those of the property group as discussed below.

The group generates returns to shareholders through long-term investment decisions requiring the evaluation of opportunities arising in the following areas:

- · demand for space from occupiers against available supply;
- identification and execution of investment and development strategies which are value enhancing;
- · availability of financing or refinancing at an acceptable cost;
- economic cycles, including their impact on tenant covenant quality, interest rates, inflation and property values;
- · legislative changes, including planning consents and taxation; and
- · environmental and health and safety policies.

These opportunities also represent risks, the most significant being change to the value of the property portfolio. This risk has high visibility to directors and is considered and managed on a continuous basis. Directors use their knowledge and experience to knowingly accept a measured degree of market risk.

The group's preference for prime assets and their secure long term contracted rental income, primarily with upward only rent review clauses, presents lower risks than many other property portfolios.

The company has no third party debt. It therefore has no interest rate exposure.

This report was approved by the Board on 25/09/2017 and signed by the order of the board by:

Director

H-SHAH

Meadowhall Shopping Centre Limited DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the year ended 31 March 2017

The directors present their Annual Report on the affairs of the company, together with the audited financial statements and independent Auditors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Environment

The company recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment, and designs and implements policies to reduce any damage that might be caused by the company's activities. The company operates in accordance with best practice policies and initiatives designed to minimise the company's impact on the environment include safe disposal of manufacturing waste, recycling and reducing energy consumption.

Directors

The directors who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements, unless otherwise stated, were:

C A Barber (alternate: H Shah)

R Wise (alternate: C Forshaw resigned 5 April 2017)

J Patel

R Ford (resigned 17 July 2017)

E Strysse (appointed 17 July 2017)

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
 continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The company has indemnified its current directors. The indemnity arrangements are qualifying indemnity provisions under the Companies Act 2006 and are currently in force at the date of this Annual Report.

Subsequent events

Details of significant events since the Balance Sheet date, if any, are contained in note 14.

Going concerr

The directors consider the company to be a going concern and the accounts are prepared on this basis. Details of this are shown in note 1 of the financial statements. When assessing the company's going concern status the Directors have taken into account the UK electorate's decision on 23 June 2016 to vote to leave the European Union, and the resulting period of uncertainty for the UK economy and real estate markets.

Meadowhall Shopping Centre Limited DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- (a) so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- (b) the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Independent auditor

The auditor, Deloitte LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their re-appointment will be proposed at the next Board Meeting.

This report was approved by the Board on 25loq/2017 and signed by the order of the board by:

Director

H-844H

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF Meadowhall Shopping Centre Limited

for the year ended 31 March 2017

We have audited the financial statements of Meadowhall Shopping Centre Limited for the year ended 31 March 2017 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 15. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework".

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2017 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF Meadowhall Shopping Centre Limited (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Mathew Hall

Matthew Hall FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor

Cambridge, United Kingdom 26th September 2017

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 March 2017

	Note	2017 £	Restated 2016 £
Turnover Share of partnership income		36,977,836	38,504,750
Gross profit		36,977,836	38,504,750
Write (down)/up of investment in subsidiaries	7	(28,627,685)	55,443,777
Profit on ordinary activities before interest and taxation		8,350,151	93,948,527
Interest payable and other charges	5	(25,946,057)	(23,547,149)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3	(17,595,906)	70,401,378
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	6	(246,446)	(1,617,661)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(17,842,352)	68,783,717

Turnover and results are derived from continuing operations within the United Kingdom. The company has only one significant class of business, that of to act as a Limited Partner to the Meadowhall Limited Partnership, a Partnership involved in property investment in the United Kingdom.

There are no comprehensive income or expense other than the (loss)/profit for the current and preceding year. Accordingly, no statement of comprehensive income is given.

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 March 2017

	•			Resta	
	Note ·	201	7	201	
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	7		629,451,068		658,078,753
			629,451,068		658,078,753
Current assets		·			
Debtors	8	293,894,605		256,885,254	
		293,894,605		256,885,254	
Creditors due within one year	9	(212,767)	•	(29,308,024)	
Net current assets			293,681,838		227,577,230
Total assets less current liabilities			923,132,906		885,655,983
Creditors due after one year	10		(305,645,879)-		(250,326,604)
Net assets			617,487,027	•	635,329,379
Capital and reserves	•				
Called up share capital	11		1		1
Profit and loss account			617,487,026		635,329,378
Total equity			617,487,027		635,329,379
· ·					

The financial statements of Meadowhall Shopping Centre Limited, company number 04276642, on pages 6 to 14, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issued on 25/09/2017 and signed on its behalf by:

Director

H-8HAH

Meadowhall Shopping Centre Limited STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 31 March 2017

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total equity £
Balance as at 1 April 2015 (restated see note 1)	1	566,545,661	566,545,662
Profit for the financial year (restated see note 1)	-	68,783,717	68,783,717
Balance as at 31 March 2016	. 1	635,329,378	635,329,379
Loss for the financial year	-	(17,842,352)	(17,842,352)
Balance as at 31 March 2017	1	617,487,026	617,487,027

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 March 2017

1 Accounting policies

This company is incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act. The address of the registered office is York House, 45 Seymour Street, London, W1H 7LX.

The principal accounting policies adopted by the directors are summarised below. They have been applied consistently throughout the current and previous year.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" ("FRS 101"). The amendments to FRS 101 (2015/16 Cycle) issued in July 2016 and effective immediately have been applied.

In preparing these financial statements, the company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the assets.

These financial statements are separate financial statements. The company is exempt from the preparation of consolidated financial statements, because it is included in the group accounts of MSC Property Intermediate Holdings Limited.

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- (a) The requirements of IAS 1 to provide a Balance Sheet at the beginning of the year in the event of a prior year adjustment;
- (b) The requirements of IAS 1 to provide a Statement of Cash flows for the year;
- (c) The requirements of IAS 1 to provide a statement of compliance with IFRS;
- (d) The requirements of IAS 1 to disclose information on the management of capital;
- (e) The requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors to disclose new IFRS's that have been issued but are not yet effective;
- (f) The requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member;
- (g) The requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose key management personnel compensation;
- (h) The requirements of IFRS 7 to disclose financial instruments; and
- (i) The requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS13 Fair Value Measurement to disclose information of fair value valuation techniques and inputs.

Disclosure exemptions for subsidiaries are permitted where the relevant disclosure requirements are met in the consolidated financial statements. Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the group accounts of MSC Property Intermediate Holdings Limited. The group accounts of MSC Property Intermediate Holdings Limited are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 15.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they have adopted the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at the lower of cost and the underlying net asset value of the investments.

Taxation

Current tax is based on taxable loss for the year and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted. Taxable loss differs from net loss as reported in the Profit and Loss Account because it excludes items of income or expense that are not taxable (or tax deductible).

Deferred tax is provided on items that may become taxable at a later date, on the difference between the balance sheet value and tax base value, on an undiscounted basis.

Turnover

Turnover is derived from the share of partnership profits from the partnership in which the company is a corporate member.

Turnover is recognised in the period in which the profits arose and is recorded at the value of the consideration due.

Financial assets and liabilities

Amounts owed by group companies and amounts owed by partnership are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost and discounted as appropriate.

Debt instruments are stated at their net proceeds on issue. Finance charges including premiums payable on settlement, on redemption and direct issue costs are spread over the period to redemption, using the effective interest method.

Interest payable and receivable

Interest payable and receivable is recognised as incurred under the accruals concept. Interest payable includes financing charges which are spread over the period to redemption, using the effective interest method. Commitment fees on non-utilised facilities are also included within interest payable.

Prior year adjustment

Meadowhall Contracts Limited ("Contracts"), a related group undertaking, was deemed to be the contracting party in respect of a specific capital project. Contracts deals with projects associated with the surrounding lands at Meadowhall. The capital project in question has been identified as associated to the main shopping centre asset. The contracting party on this capital project is therefore Meadowhall Limited Partnership ("LP"). The net asset value of LP has therefore been restated. This has an associated impact regarding the impairment of the company's investment in LP, the financial impact in respect of this is described below:

Profit and loss					2016 f	Adjustment f	Restated 2016
Revaluation of properties				i <u></u>	58,941,307	(3,497,530)	<u>55,443,777</u>
Balance Sheet		2016	Adjustment	Restated 2016		Adjustment	Restated 2015
		£	£	£	£	£	£
Investments : cost or underlying net asset value	ii	663,973,729	(5,894,976)	658,078,753	605,032,422	(2,397,446)	602,634,976
Investment Properties: provision for impairment	ii	(123,899,650)	(5,894,976)	(129,794,626)	(182,840,957)	(2,397,446)	(185,238,403)
Investment Properties: Cost	ii	787,873,379	-	787,873,379	787,873,379	-	787,873,379
Profit and Loss Account	ii	641,224,354	(5,894,976)	635,329,378	568,943,107	(2,397,446)	566,545,661
Net Assets	ii	641,224,355	(5,894,976)	635,329,379	568,943,108	(2,397,446)	566,545,662

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Prior year adjustment (continued)

- i) The adjustment represents the impact of a further write down of the investment in LP as a consequence of it incurring more capital costs for that year only.
- ii) The adjustment represents the impact of a further write down of the investment in LP as a consequence of it incurring more capital costs on a cumulative basis.

2. Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The directors consider the key source of estimation uncertainty to relate to the carrying value of the company's investments. In estimating the requirement for impairment of these investments, management make assumptions and judgements on the value of these investments using inherently subjective underlying asset valuations, supported by external valuers.

3. (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Auditor's remuneration

A notional charge of £5,706 (2016: £5,218) is deemed payable to Deloitte LLP in respect of the audit of the financial statements. Actual amounts payable to Deloitte LLP are paid at group level by MSC Property Intermediate Holdings Limited.

No non-audit fees (2016: £nil) were paid to Deloitte LLP.

4 Staff costs

No director received any remuneration for services to the company in either year.

Average number of employees, excluding directors, of the company during the year was nil (2016: nil).

5 Interest payable and similar charges

		2017 £	2016 £
Interest on loans from joint venture partners (see note 10)	•	25,946,057	23,547,149
		25,946,057	23,547,149

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

6 Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities

	2017 £	Restated (see note 1) 2016 £
Current tax UK corporation tax	246,446	1,617,661
Total current taxation charge	246,446	1,617,661
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences		-
Total deferred tax charge		-
Total taxation charge	246,446	1,617,661
	,	_
Tax reconciliation		
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(17,595,906)	70,401,378
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities at UK corporation tax rate of 20% (2016: 20%) Effects of:	(3,519,181)	14,080,276
REIT exempt income and gains Capital allowances Expenses not deductible/(income not taxable) for tax purposes	(943,574) (844,243) 6,037,110	(1,546,535) (445,789) (10,250,934)
Group relief surrendered for nil consideration Prior year adjustment	(509,139) 25,473	(219,357) -
Total taxation charge	246,446	1,617,661

Reductions to the UK corporation tax rate from 20% to 19% (effective from 1 April 2017) were substantively enacted on 26 October 2015. A further reduction to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016. These rate reductions have been reflected in the calculation of deferred tax at the Balance Sheet date, where relevant.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

7 Investments

	Shares in subsidiaries £
At cost or underlying net asset value of investment 1 April 2016 (restated see note 1) Provision for impairment	658,078,753 (28,627,685)
31 March 2017	629,451,068
Provision for underlying net asset change 1 April 2016 (restated see note 1) Provision for impairment	(129,794,626) (28,627,685)
31 March 2017	(158,422,311)
At cost 31 March 2017	787,873,379
31 March 2016	787,873,379

Subsidiaries

The company has investments in the following subsidiaries, unless noted otherwise the registered address of each company is York House, 45 Seymour Street, London, W1H 7LX.

Subsidiary	Principal activity	Interest	Country
Meadowhall Limited Partnership ¹	Property Investment	99.99%	Jersey
Meadowhall Finance PLC	Financing	99.99%	England & Wales
Meadowhall HoldCo Limited	Dormant	99.99%	England & Wales
Meadowhall SubCo Limited	Dormant	99.99%	England & Wales
Meadowhall Nominee 1 Limited	Dormant	99.99%	England & Wales
Meadowhall Nominee 2 Limited	Dormant	99.99%	England & Wales
MSC (Cash Management) Limited	Cash Management	99.99%	England & Wales

¹22 Grenville Street St Helier Jersey JE4 8PX

8 Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Current debtors (receivable within one year) Amounts owed by partnership - current accounts Corporation tax	293,863,090 31,515	256,885,254
	293,894,605	256,885,254
9 Creditors due within one year		
	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts owed to group companies - current accounts Corporation tax	212,767 -	28,486,398 821,626
	212,767	29,308,024

Amounts owed to group companies are repayable on demand. There is no interest charged on these balances.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

10 Creditors due after one year

		. 2017 £	2016 £
Long term loans - amounts owed to associated companies: due 1 to 2 years due 2 to 5 years due after 5 years		- - 305,645,879	- - 250,326,604
•	ŕ	305,645,879	250,326,604

The loans from joint venture partners are repayable on the earlier of 5 October 2020 or the date on which a joint venture partner sells their interest in the joint venture. Interest is charged at 10% per annum on £251,947,537 (2016: £237,147,737) and 6.5% per annum on £53,698,342 (2016: £13,178,867).

11 Called up share capital

	2017	2016
	£	£
Issued share capital - allotted, called up and fully paid		
Ordinary share of £1 Balance as at 1 April and as at 31 March: 1 share	1	1

12 Capital commitments

The company had capital commitments contracted as at 31 March 2017 of £nil (2016: £nil).

13 Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly and severally liable with MSC Property Intermediate Holdings Limited and fellow subsidiaries for all monies falling due under the group VAT registration.

14 Subsequent events

There have been no significant events since the year end.

15 Immediate parent and ultimate holding company

The immediate parent company is Meadowhall Shopping Centre Property Holdings Limited.

The ultimate holding company is MSC Property Intermediate Holdings Limited, a joint venture between The British Land Company PLC and NBIM Victoria Partners LP.

MSC Property Intermediate Holdings Limited is the smallest and largest group for which group accounts are available and which include the company.

The accounts of MSC Property Intermediate Holdings Limited can be obtained from York House, 45 Seymour Street, London W1H 7LX.