GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT,
REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020
FOR
ACTIVATE SOLUTIONS GROUP LIMITED

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#### **ACTIVATE SOLUTIONS GROUP LIMITED**

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

DIRECTORS:

M J Cottman

P Spicer J P Cordy

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

2-4 Packhorse Road Gerrards Cross Buckinghamshire SL9 7QE

REGISTERED NUMBER:

08039617 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

Nunn Hayward LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor 2-4 Packhorse Road Gerrards Cross Buckinghamshire

SL9 7QE

#### GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The directors present their strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The principal activity of the group in the year under review was that of a range of services to brands, from brand design, direct consumer engagement, field marketing and outsourced sales services

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

Consolidated group financial statements are prepared in order to reflect the financial performance and position of the group. The results of the subsidiary undertakings are reflected in these consolidated group accounts. As shown in the group's consolidated profit and loss account, the group's sales in continuing operations have fallen to £23.2 million from £27.2 million in the previous year. The group generated an overall profit before tax of £1.558,363 this year, compared with £1,636,763 in the previous year.

The directors consider a key measure of the group's performance to be the commonly used measure 'Earnings' Before Interest, Taxation, Depreciation and Amortisation' (EBITDA). EBITDA for the group for 2020 was £1,705.343 (2019: ££1,790,541)

The directors are pleased with the strong performance during the year given the impact of COVID-19 on the industry and global markets. The directors are optimistic of achieving growth in turnover and profitability for the next financial year.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The directors consider the principal business risk to the group would be the loss of business that would result should significant clients transfer their custom elsewhere.

The directors continue to identify COVID-19, that emerged globally in the early part of 2020 and continues to impact the global economy into 2021, as the most significant economic event for the group. Communications with the group's clients continue to be constructive and provide some comfort for the continued demand for the group's business activities. There remains uncertainty around how the economy will emerge, however, it is the belief of management that the demand for the group's various services will continue to be strong, particularly with the group's larger clients, and management believe that the group will be able to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future

#### **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

Key performance indicators are used to measure the company's performance. The director considers the key measure of the company's performance to be revenue operating profit and EBITDA as follows.

	2020	2019	2018	2017
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Turnover	23,178	27,174	22,417	20715
Operating (loss)/profit	1,551	1,623	530	(262)
EBITDA	1,705	1,791	687	(7)
			======	

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

P Spicer - Director

22 February 2021

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

Total dividend distribution in the year amounted to £nil (2019 £500,003).

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The directors intend to continue with the current business strategies undertaken by the group and to continue to support the group companies for the foreseeable future.

#### **EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR**

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2020 to the date of this report.

M J Cottman P Spicer J P Cordy

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The group experiences exposure to credit, cash flow and liquidity risk. The financial risk management objectives, and policies of the group with respect to these risks are disclosed in note 24 of the financial statements.

#### POLITICAL DONATIONS AND EXPENDITURE

The group did not make any political donations during the year to 31 December 2020, nor for the 2019 year.

#### **EMPLOYEE INVOLVEMENT**

The group's policy is to consult and discuss with employees at meetings, matters likely to affect employees' interests

Information of matters of concern to employees is given through information bulletins and reports which seek to achieve a common awareness on the part of all employees of the financial and economic factors affecting the group's performance.

#### **DISABLED PERSONS**

The group's policy is to recruit disabled workers for those vacancies that they are able to fill. All necessary assistance with initial training courses is given. Once employed, a career plan is developed so as to ensure suitable opportunities for each disabled person. Arrangements are made, wherever possible, for retraining employees who become disabled, to enable them to perform work identified as appropriate to their aptitudes and abilities.

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent:
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors. Nunn Hayward LLP, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

#### ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

P Spicer - Director

22 February 2021

### REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF ACTIVATE SOLUTIONS GROUP LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Activate Solutions Group Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement. Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income. Consolidated Balance Sheet. Company Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Company Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement. Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable taw. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

## REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF ACTIVATE SOLUTIONS GROUP LIMITED

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

#### The extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

The objectives of our audit in respect of fraud are to identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud; to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud, through designing and implementing appropriate responses; and to respond appropriately to fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rest with those charged with governance and management.

#### Our approach was as follows:

- Based on our understanding of the company, group and business, supported by making enquiries of those charged with governance, we obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that are applicable to the company and group and determined that the most significant are those that relate to the reporting framework (FRS102 and the Companies Act 2006), the relevant tax compliance regulations in the UK and the EU General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR).
- Based on our understanding of the business, we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations including making enquires of those charged with governance; testing journal entries, with a focus on manual, large or unusual transactions.
- We considered the controls established to address the risks identified, to prevent, deter or detect fraud, and how management and those charged with governance monitor those controls. Our audit included work to test that the systems and controls in place were as described and fit for purpose
- ~ We assessed the susceptibility of the group's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur. Given this assessment, we reviewed samples of sales, purchases, expenses and bank transactions for any evidence of fraud or irregularities.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

# REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF ACTIVATE SOLUTIONS GROUP LIMITED

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members, those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest, extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Daniel Palmer (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Nunn Hayward LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor 2-4 Packhorse Road Gerrards Cross Buckinghamshire SL9 7QE

22 February 2021

# CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
TURNOVER	3	23,178,243	27,174.115
Other operating income		2,447.896	-
		25,626,139	27,174,115
Staff costs Depreciation Other operating expenses	4	(17,120,223) (154,637) (6,800,573)	(16.997,239) (167.472) (8,386,335)
OPERATING PROFIT	5	1.550,706	1,623,069
Interest receivable and similar incom	ė	7,657	13,694
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		1.558,363	1,636.763
Tax on profit	6	(238.718)	(269,956)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEA	R	1.319,645	1,366,807
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent		1,319,645	1.366,807

# CONSOLIDATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		1.319.645	1,366.807
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			_
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FO THE YEAR	PR	1,319,645	1,366,807
Total comprehensive income attributable of the parent	to.	1.319.645	1.366,807

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2020

			2020		2019
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	9		219,613		292,817
Tangible assets	10		187.468		190,998
Investments	11				
			407,081		483,815
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	12	3.018,411		3,482,255	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,259,998		2,928.785	
		8.278,409		6,411,040	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	13	5,064,075		4,511,530	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			3,214.334		1,899,510
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			3,621,415		2.383,325
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	14		18,231		99,786
•					
NET ASSETS			3,603,184		2,283,539
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	4.7		10.600		40.600
Called up share capital Share premium	17 18		12,698 59,263		12.698 59,263
Capital redemption reserve	18		1,930		1,930
Other reserves	18		4,054		4,054
Retained earnings	18		3,525,239		2,205,594
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			3.603.184		2,283,539

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 22 February 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

P Spicer - Director

# COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Notes	£	2020 £	£	2019 £
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	<i>-</i>	7-	7_	_
ntangible assets	9		-		_
Tangible assets	10		-		-
hvestments	11		936.332		936.332
			936,332		936,332
CURRENT ASSETS Cash at bank		10			
Jash at bank		10		-	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	13	838.650		838.625	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(838,640)		(838,625)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			<del></del>		
JABILITIES			97,692		97,707
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	17		12,698		12,698
Share premium	18		59,263		59,263
apital redemption reserve	18		1,030		1,030
Other reserves	18		4,054		4,054
Retained earnings	18		20,647		20,662
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			97,692		97,707
Company's (loss)/profit for the financial ye	ar		(15)		499,988

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 22 February 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

P Spicer - Director

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Share premium £
Balance at 1 January 2019	12,702	1,338,790	59,263
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Dividends Total comprehensive income	(4)	(500,003) 1,366,807	- - -
Balance at 31 December 2019	12,698	2,205,594	59.263
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		1.319.645	
Balance at 31 December 2020	12.698	3,525,239	59,263
	Capital redemption reserve £	Other reserves £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2019	1,930	4,054	1,416.739
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Dividends Total comprehensive income		- - -	(4) (500,003) 1,366,807
Balance at 31 December 2019	1,930	4 054	2,283,539
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income			1,319.645
Balance at 31 December 2020	1,930	4.054	3,603,184
		=	

# COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Share premium £
Balance at 1 January 2019	12.702	20,677	59.263
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Dividends Total comprehensive income	(4)	(500.003) 499.988	- - -
Balance at 31 December 2019	12,698	20,662	59,263
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		(15)	
Balance at 31 December 2020	12,698	20,647	59,263
	Capital redemption reserve	Other reserves £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2019	1,030	4.054	97,726
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Dividends Total comprehensive income	- -	- - -	(4) (500,003) 499,988
Balance at 31 December 2019	1,030	4.054	97,707
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income			(15)
Balance at 31 December 2020	1.030	4,054	97,692

# CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

N	otes	2020 £	2019 £
Cash flows from operating activities	Oles	2	_
Cash generated from operations Tax paid	1	2,787,410 (377,880)	1,314,187 15,827
Net cash from operating activities		2,409,530	1,330,014
Cash flows from investing activities		(85,974)	(180,021)
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets		(85,974)	10.725
Interest received		7,657	13,694
Net cash from investing activities		(78,317)	(155,602)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Share buyback Equity dividends paid		- -	(4) (500,003)
Net cash from financing activities		-	(500,007)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning		2,331,213	674,405
of year	2	2,928,785	2,254,380
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	5.259,998	2,928,785

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH	1 GENERA I EU	2020	2019
		£	£
Profit before taxation		1,558,363	1,636,763
Depreciation charges		162,708	178.197
Profit on disposal of fixed assets		-	(10,725)
Finance income		(7.657)	(13.694)
		1,713,414	1.790.541
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors		463,844	(93,506)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors		610 152	(382,848)
Cash generated from operations		2,787,410	1,314,187
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respectivese Balance Sheet amounts:	ct of cash and c	ash equivalents	are in respect
areac balarioc oriect arribarita			
Year ended 31 December 2020		31 12 20	1 1 20
Year ended 31 December 2020		31 12 20 £	1.1 20 £
Year ended 31 December 2020  Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents		£	£
		£ 5,259,998	2,928,785
Cash and cash equivalents		£ 5,259,998 31.12 19	2,928,785 ————————————————————————————————————
Cash and cash equivalents  Year ended 31 December 2019		£ 5,259,998 31.12 19 £	2,928,785 1 1 19 £
Cash and cash equivalents		£ 5,259,998 31.12 19	2,928,785 ————————————————————————————————————
Cash and cash equivalents  Year ended 31 December 2019		£ 5,259,998 31.12 19 £	2,928,785 1119 £
Cash and cash equivalents  Year ended 31 December 2019  Cash and cash equivalents	At 1 1 20	£ 5,259,998 31.12 19 £	2,928,785 
Cash and cash equivalents  Year ended 31 December 2019  Cash and cash equivalents	At 1 1 20 £	\$ 5,259,998 31.12 19 \$ 2.928,785	2,928,785 1 1 19 £ 2,254,380
Cash and cash equivalents  Year ended 31 December 2019  Cash and cash equivalents	£	£ 5,259,998  31.12 19 £ 2.928,785  Cash flow £	£ 2,928,785 1 1 1 19 £ 2,254,380 At 31.12.20 £
Cash and cash equivalents  Year ended 31 December 2019  Cash and cash equivalents  ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS		£ 5,259,998 31.12 19 £ 2.928,785 Cash flow	£ 2,928,785 1 1 1 19 £ 2,254,380 At 31.12.20
Cash and cash equivalents  Year ended 31 December 2019  Cash and cash equivalents  ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS  Net cash	£	£ 5,259,998  31.12 19 £ 2.928,785  Cash flow £	£ 2,928,785 1 1 1 19 £ 2,254,380 At 31.12.20 £

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 1 STATUTORY INFORMATION

Activate Solutions Group Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page

#### 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial information is presented in pounds sterling, rounded to the nearest £1.

#### Basis of consolidation

The group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 31 December each year

Acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of the business combination is measured at the aggregate of the fair values (at the date of exchange) of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquiree plus costs directly attributable to the business combination

Any excess of the cost of the business combination over the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities is recognised as goodwill. If the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities exceeds the cost of the business combination the excess is recognised separately on the face of the consolidated balance sheet immediately below goodwill

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of their acquisition, being the date on which the group obtains control and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. Control comprises the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the investee so as to obtain benefit from its activities. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated fully on consolidation.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment in the individual financial statements

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued** 2.

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means, that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates 
The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

At each balance sheet date non-financial assets not carried at fair value are assessed to determine whether there is an indication that the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) may be impaired. If there is such an indication the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is impaired to the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit).

The recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

#### Goodwill and intangible assets

The group establishes a reliable estimate of the useful life of goodwill and intangible assets arising on business combinations. This estimate is based on a variety of factors such as the expected use of the acquired business. the expected useful life of the cash generating units to which the goodwill is attributed, any legal, regulatory or contractual provisions that can limit useful life and assumptions that market participants would consider in respect of similar businesses.

Positive goodwill acquired on each business combination is capitalised, classified as an asset on the consolidated balance sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its expected useful life. Where the group is unable to make a reliable estimate of useful life, goodwill is amortised over a period not exceeding 10 years. Goodwill is assessed for impairment when there are indicators of impairment and any impairment is charged to the income statement. Reversals of impairment are recognised when the reasons for the impairment no longer

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each cash generating unit that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

If a subsidiary, associate or business is subsequently sold or discontinued, any goodwill arising on acquisition that has not been amortised through the profit and loss account is taken into account in determining the profit or loss on sale or discontinuance.

The directors have identified the COVID-19 pandemic as a significant economic event for the global economy and hence for the group. The directors made enquiries of its significant customers and considered the financial position of the parent company and its group undertakings. The conclusion of this review supports the decision to continue to trade as a going concern and to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements

Turnover consists of amounts receivable for field marketing and out-sourced sales services and is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of VAT and trade discounts. Revenue is recognised as the service is performed.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life

Short leasehold Plant and machinery

20% on cost

Fixtures and fittings

Computer equipment

20% on cost
25% on cost and 20% on cost
50% on cost, 33% on cost and 25% on cost

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Taxation**

Current tax is recognised for the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the current or past reporting periods using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date, except as otherwise indicated.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is recognised when income or expenses from a subsidiary have been recognised, and will be assessed for tax in a future period, except where:

- the group is able to control the reversal of the timing difference; and
- it is probable that the timing difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

A deferred tax liability or asset is recognised for the additional tax that will be paid or avoided in respect of assets and liabilities that are recognised in a business combination. The amount attributed to goodwill is adjusted by the amount of deferred tax recognised

Deferred tax is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference

With the exception of changes arising on the initial recognition of a business combination, the tax expense or income is presented either in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity, depending on the transaction that resulted in the tax expense or income

Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if the group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities or which are intended to be realised and settled simultaneously

#### Operating lease commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the group's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

#### Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. They do not carry any interest.

#### Creditor

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 3 TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the group

#### 4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

	2020	2019
	£	£
Wages and salaries	15,245,598	15,212,854
Social security costs	1,424.144	1.371,005
Other pension costs	450,481	413,380
	<del></del>	
	17,120,223	16,997,239
	<del></del>	=====

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued		
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:	2020	2019
	Head office Field staff	94 473 567	87 444 531
	Directors' remuneration Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	2020 £ 498,875 60.717	2019 £ 411,560 61,714
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follows:		
	Money purchase schemes	2	2
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:	2020	2019
	Emoluments etc Pension contributions to money purchase schemes	£ 172,905 12.100	£ 157,871 11,733
5.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Other operating leases Depreciation - owned assets Profit on disposal of fixed assets Goodwill amortisation Auditors' remuneration Other non- audit services Foreign exchange differences Formation costs	2020 £ 103,717 89,504 73,204 13,000 12,600 6,899 4,410	2019 £ 117,170 104,993 (10,725) 73,204 12,600 8,266 (7,835)
6	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows.	2020 £	2019 £
	Current tax. UK corporation tax Corporation tax adjustment re previous year	239.500 (782)	269.840 116
	Tax on profit	238,718	269,956

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 6 TAXATION - continued

#### Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit before tax	2020 £ 1,558,363	2019 £ 1,636.763
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%)	296,089	310,985
Effects of: Disallowable (income)/expenses	24,022	-
Other adjustments	(81,393)	(41,029)
Total tax charge	238.718	269,956

#### 7. INDIVIDUAL INCOME STATEMENT

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements

#### 8 DIVIDENDS

	2020 £	2019 £
A Ordinary shares of 1p each Interim B Ordinary shares of 1p each	-	202,147
Interim  D Ordinary shares of 1p each	-	202,148
Interim E Ordinary shares of 1p each	-	17,100
Interim F Ordinary shares of 1p each	<del>-</del>	56,488
Interim		22,120
	<del></del>	500,003

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

9	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
	Group					
				Goodwill	Other intangibles	Totals
	COST			£	£	£
	At 1 January 2020					
	and 31 December 2020			820,091	22,212	842,303
	AMORTISATION At 1 January 2020			527.274	22,212	549,486
	Amortisation for year			73.204	-	73.204
	At 31 December 2020			600.478	22,212	622,690
	NET BOOK VALUE					
	At 31 December 2020			219,613		219,613 
	At 31 December 2019			292.817	-	292,817
10.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
	Group					
		Short	Plant and	Fixtures and	Computer	
		leasehold £	machinery £	fittings £	eguipment £	Totals £
	COST			43,188	308,339	558,555
	At 1 January 2020 Additions	195,303 -	11,725 -	-	85.974	85,974
	Disposals			(2.799)	(8,306)	(11,105) ————
	At 31 December 2020	195.303	11,725	40,389	386,007	633,424
	<b>DEPRECIATION</b> At 1 January 2020	61.440	11,725	15,593	278,799	367,557
	Charge for year	35.373	-	11.646	42,485	89,504
	Eliminated on disposal	<del>-</del>		(2,799)	(8,306)	(11,105)
	At 31 December 2020	96.813	11,725	24,440	312.978	445,956
	NET BOOK VALUE	00.400		45.040	72.020	407.468
	At 31 December 2020	98,490		15.949	73,029	187,468 ———
	At 31 December 2019	133,863		27,595	29,540	190,998
11	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS					
	Company					Shares in
						group
						undertakıngs £
	COST At 1 January 2020					
	and 31 December 2020					936,332
	NET BOOK VALUE					
	At 31 December 2020					936,332
	At 31 December 2019					936,332

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 11. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

The group or the company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

#### **Subsidiaries**

Field Sales Solutions Limited Registered office: 2-4 Packhorse Road, Gerrards Cross, Bucks SL9 7QE Nature of business: Field Marketing	%	
Class of shares: Ordinary	holding 100.00 2020 £	2019 £
Aggregate capital and reserves Profit for the year	3,943,829 1,270,644	2,673.185 1.081,073
Field Sales Solutions Tactical Limited Registered office: 2-4 Packhorse Road, Gerrards Cross, Bucks SL9 7QE Nature of business: Field Marketing	%	
Class of shares: Ordinary	holding 100.00 2020	2019
Aggregate capital and reserves Profit for the year	£ 71,745 47,327 ————	£ 24.418 8,934
Fieldology Limited Registered office 2-4 Packhorse Road. Gerrards Cross, Bucks SL9 7QE Nature of business Field Marketing	n/	
Class of shares. Ordinary	% holding 100.00 2020	2019
Aggregate capital and reserves Profit for the year	£ 29,516 19,342	£ 10,174 170,590
Box Marketing Limited Registered office. 2-4 Packhorse Road, Gerrards Cross, Bucks, SL9 7QE Nature of business: Field Marketing	0.4	
Class of shares: Ordinary	% holding 100 00 2020	2019
Aggregate capital and reserves Profit for the year	£ 177,120 55,556	£ 121,564 176,337 <del>≈ ≥ ≥ ≃</del>

Subsidiary undertakings Box Marketing Limited, Field Sales Solutions Tactical Limited and Fieldology Limited have claimed audit exemption under Companies Act 2006 Section 479A with respect to the year ended 31 December 2020. The group parent company, Activate Solutions Group Limited, has given a statement of guarantee under Companies Act 2006 Section 479C, whereby Activate Solutions Group Limited will guarantee all outstanding liabilities to which the respective subsidiary companies are subject as at 31 December 2020.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 $\,$

12	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WIT	HIN ONE YEAR			
				Gı	oup
				2020	2019
	Trade debtors			£ 2.003,222	£ 2,540.740
	Other debtors			8,962	60.413
	Prepayments and accrued income			1.006,227	881,102
				3,018,411	3,482,255
13	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE W	JITHIN ONE YEAR			
10	CREDITORS, AMOUNTS FALLING DUE N		roup	Con	трапу
		2020	2019	2020	2019
		£	£	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	- 	701 160	-	5
	Trade creditors  Amounts owed to group undertakings	594,447	721,162 -	838,650	838.620
	Corporation tax	130,678	269,840	-	-
	Social security and other taxes	1,925,324	1,056,925	-	-
	Other creditors	66,469	133,481	-	-
	Accruals and deferred income	2,347,157	2,330,122 ————		
		5,064,075	4,511,530	838,650	838.625
14	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE A	FTER MORE THAN	ONE YEAR		
				Gr	Oup
				2020	2019
	Accruals and deferred income			£ 18.231	£ 99,786
	Accruais and deferred income			====	=====
15.	LEASING AGREEMENTS				
	Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:				
	Group			No	n eenselishis
					n-cancellable erating leases
				2020	2019
				£	£
	Within one year			103,742 394,373	103,742 405,815
	Between one and five years In more than five years			394.373 -	50.346
	in more than aye years				

498,115

559,903

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		
The carrying amount of the group's financial instruments are as follows:		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Financial assets		
Measured at amortised cost:	5.259,998	2.928.785
-Cash at bank Trade debters (note 12)	2,003,222	2,540,740
-Trade debtors (note 12) -Other debtors (note 12)	2.003,222 8.962	60.41
-Accrued income (note 12)	273,519	125,17
-Accided moonie (note 12)		
	7,545,701	5,655,112
	<del></del>	
Financial liabilities		
Measured at amortised cost:		
-Bank loans and overdrafts (note 12)	-	
-Trade creditors (note 12)	594,447	721,16
-Other creditors (note 12)	66.469	133,48
-Accruals and deferred income (note 12 & 13)	2,365,388	2,429,90
	3.026.304	3.284.55

The total interest income for financial assets that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss was £7.657 (2019: £13,694).

#### 17 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

16.

Allotted issu	ued and fully paid			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2020	2019
		value:	£	£
455.000	A Ordinary	1p	4,550	4,550
455,000	B Ordinary	1p	4.550	4,550
38,490	D Ordinary	1p	385	385
127,144	E Ordinary	1p	1,271	1,271
49,789	F Ordinary	1p	498	498
2,764	G Ordinary	1p	28	28
2.328	H Ordinary	60p	1.397	1,397
1,455	1 Ordinary	1p	14	14
500	J Ordinary	1p	5	5
			12,698	12,698

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 17. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL - continued

As determined in the company's Articles of Association, available from the Companies House, the share rights of the different classes are as follows

A, B and C ordinary shares are non-redeemable, have the right to receive notice of and attend and vote at any general meeting of the company.

H ordinary shares are non-redeemable, have the right to receive notice of and attend and vote at any general meeting of the company. Each holder of H ordinary shares present in person or by proxy shall be entitled to 45 votes for each H ordinary share held.

D. E. F. G. I, and J ordinary shares are non-redeemable, have no right to receive notice of, attend or vote at any general meeting of the company.

EBITDA is required to exceed £1.5 million in any financial year of the company before dividends can be declared or paid to holders of G, H, I and J ordinary shares. Dividends are paid as if all shares were constituted as one class unless otherwise directed by a shareholders' resolution, the directors' decision to pay a dividend or the terms on which shares are issued. Dividends are paid by reference to each shareholder's holding on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it.

The distribution of assets on a liquidation or a return of capital (other than a conversion, redemption, or purchase of shares), shall be paid as follows:

- 1. £1 to the holders of deferred share, if any:
- 2. The first £11,104,986 shall be paid out, pari passu, to the holders of A, B, C, D, E and F ordinary shares;
- 3. The next £2,895,014 shall be paid out, pair passu, to the holders of A, B, C, D, E and F ordinary share where the allocation to the B and F ordinary shares are reduced by 4 below.
- 4. To G. H and I ordinary shares calculated as a proportion of the payment to B and F ordinary shares calculated in 3 above.

Assets available for distribution in excess of £14 million shall be paid as follows

- 5. To the holders of A, B, C, D, E and F ordinary shares, pari passu, where the allocation to the B and F ordinary shares are reduced by 6 below.
- 6. To G, H and I ordinary shares calculated as a proportion of the payment to B and F ordinary shares calculated in 5 above.
- 7. To A ordinary shares calculated in 5 above but reduced by the payment to J ordinary shares as calculated in 8 below,
- 8. To J ordinary shares calculated as a proportion of the payment to A ordinary shares calculated in 5 above.

#### 18. RESERVES

#### Group

o.cup	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Capital redemption reserve £	Other reserves £	Totals £
At 1 January 2020 Profit for the year	2,205.594 1,319,645	59,263	1.930	4,054	2,270,841 1,319,645
At 31 December 2020	3,525,239	59,263	1,930	4,054	3,590,486
Company	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Capital redemption reserve £	Other reserves £	Totals £
At 1 January 2020 Deficit for the year	20,662 (15)	59,263	1,030	4.054	85,009 (15)
At 31 December 2020	20.647	59,263	1,030	4.054	84,994

25 continued...

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 18. RESERVES - continued

Other reserves comprise the share-based payment reserve, which arose on the granting of 45,039 "E" ordinary shares to the employees of subsidiary undertaking Field Sales Solutions Limited on 30 April 2012. These shares were awarded and vested on 30 April 2012 and their fair value has been determined based on a valuation of 10 pence per "E" ordinary share and was accounted for as an equity-settled share-based payment transaction. A weighted average fair value of the shares was not calculated as there were no vesting conditions.

#### 19. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The group operates defined contribution pension schemes. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the group in independently administered funds. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the group into the funds. The contributions payable by the group for the year amount to £450,481 (2019: £413,380).

#### 20. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has given guarantees and charges over its assets in favour of other group companies in support of certain borrowings of those companies. At the balance sheet date there was no amount outstanding under these borrowings.

#### 21. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Balances and transactions between the company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the company, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of the transactions between the group and other related parties are disclosed below

During the year, Field Sales Solutions Limited paid £45.561 (2019 £99,740) for the rent of the business premises owned by S P McQuillan's and M J Cottman's Self Invested Personal Pension Plans. Included in prepayments is an amount of £nil (2019, £39,246) relating to future rental periods

#### 22 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The COVID-19 pandemic has been identified as a relevant event, having arisen in March 2020 and continued to impact global markets throughout 2020 and into 2021. The event is deemed to be a non-adjusting post balance sheet event as markets continue to be affected after the balance sheet date. The final impact of the pandemic on the industry and wider economic markets is not known at this stage and it is therefore difficult to predict how the group will be affected. However, the performance of the group throughout FY20 along with positive communication with the group's main customers indicate a demand for the group's services and signal the essential nature of the services offered. The strength of the group's financial position along with the support from its customers, in the short term, supports the decision to prepare accounts on the going concern basis.

#### 23 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling parties of the group are S P McQuillan and M J Cottman.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks which include credit risk, cash flow risk and liquidity risk

The group uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. For the purposes of financial statements disclosures, these methods include ageing analysis for credit and liquidity risks as well as regular budget reviews and cashflow forecasting for cash flow risk.

#### Credit risk

The group may offer credit terms to its customers which allow payment of the debt after goods have been transported and services utilised. The group is at risk to the extent that a customer may be unable to pay the debt on the specified due date. This risk is mitigated by the strong on-going customer relationships developed and the fact that deferred terms are only granted to customers who demonstrate an appropriate payment history and satisfy credit worthiness procedures.

#### Cash flow risk

Cash flow risk is the risk that inflows and outflows of cash and cash equivalents will not be sufficient to finance the day to day operations. The group manages cash flow risk by careful negotiation of terms with customers and suppliers.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The group aims to mitigate liquidity risk by managing cash generation and cash collection