Registere	d number: (	)4255878
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# **UNAUDITED**

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# ROCK INSURANCE SERVICES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 04255878

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note		2017 £		2016 £
Fixed assets	14010		~		2
Intangible assets	4		284,217		391,128
Tangible assets	5		187,225		208,899
Investments	6		430		430
		-	471,872	_	600,457
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	934,958		502,273	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,661,601		1,621,633	
		3,596,559		2,123,906	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(2,511,212)		(1,770,383)	
Net current assets			1,085,347		353,523
Total assets less current liabilities		-	1,557,219	_	953,980
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(12,423)		(61,600)
Net assets		-	1,544,796	_	892,380

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# ROCK INSURANCE SERVICES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 04255878

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

Capital and reserves	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Called up share capital	11	200	200
Profit and loss account		1,544,596	892,180
		<u>1,544,796</u>	<u>892,380</u>

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 14 September 2018.

## A J Martin

Director

The notes on pages 5 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	share capital £	Profit and loss account	Total equity
At 1 January 2017	200	892,180	892,380
Comprehensive income for the year			
Profit for the year	-	652,416	652,416
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	652,416	652,416
Total transactions with owners			
Total Calibactions with Owners			
At 31 December 2017	200	1,544,596	1,544,796

The notes on pages 5 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	share capital £	Profit and loss account	Total equity £
At 1 January 2016	200	597,761	597,961
Comprehensive income for the year			
Profit for the year	-	294,419	294,419
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		294,419	294,419
Total transactions with owners	-	-	-
At 31 December 2016	200	892,180	<u>892,380</u>

The notes on pages 5 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 1. General information

Rock Insurance Services Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England under registered number 04255878. Its registered office is at 135 High Street, Crawley, West Sussex RH10 1DQ.

#### 2. Accounting policies

### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

### 2.2 Associates and joint ventures

Associates and Joint Ventures are held at cost less impairment.

#### 2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover includes revenue earned from sales of insurance products to mainly travel clients and is recognised on the date of booking basis.

## 2.4 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Software development - 4 years Website copyright - 4 years

## 2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

## 2.5 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings - 25% Computer equipment - 25%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

#### 2.6 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

Investments in unlisted Company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

#### 2.7 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

## 2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

# 2.9 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

## 2.9 Financial instruments (continued)

rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2.10 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 2.11 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

## 2.12 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account using the effective interest method.

## 2.13 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

## 2.14 Research and development

In the research phase of an internal project it is not possible to demonstrate that the project will generate future economic benefits and hence all expenditure on research shall be recognised as an expense when it is incurred. Intangible assets are recognised from the development phase of a project if and only if certain specific criteria are met in order to demonstrate the asset will generate probable future economic benefits and that its cost can be reliably measured. The capitalised development costs are subsequently amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic lives, which range from 3 to 6 years.

If it is not possible to distinguish between the research phase and the development phase of an internal project, the expenditure is treated as if it were all incurred in the research phase only.

## 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

	2017 No.	2016 No.
Sales	44	45
Administration	15	13
Technical	5	5
	64	63

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 4. Intangible assets

	Caffeering days	Website	T-4-1
	Software devel. £	copyright £	Total £
•			
Cost			
At 1 January 2017	843,114	2,160	845,274
Additions	92,158	•	92,158
At 31 December 2017	935,272	2,160	937,432
Amortisation			
At 1 January 2017	452,616	1,530	454,146
Charge for the year	198,529	540	199,069
At 31 December 2017	651,145 ————	2,070	653,215
Net book value			
At 31 December 2017	<u>284,127</u>	90	284,217
At 31 December 2016	390,498	630	391,128

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 5. Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2017	192,163	234,164	426,327
Additions	•	72,051	72,051
Disposals	(3,055)	(1,640)	(4,695)
At 31 December 2017	189,108	304,575	493,683
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2017	110,900	106,528	217,428
Charge for the year on owned assets	38,757	61,694	100,451
Disposals	(7,935)	(3,486)	(11,421)
At 31 December 2017	141,722	164,736	306,458
Net book value			
At 31 December 2017	47,386	139,839	187,225
At 31 December 2016	81,263	127,636	208,899

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

### 6. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies £	Investments in associates	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2017	380	50	430
At 31 December 2017	380	50	430
Net book value			
At 31 December 2017	380	50	430
At 31 December 2016	380	50	430

# Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
Rock Cover Services Limited	England	Ordinary	90 %	Insurance intermediary
Rock (SFC) Cover Services Limited	England	Ordinary	100 %	Dormant

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 December 2017 and of the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertakings were as follows:

Aggregate of	
share capital	
and reserves	Profit/(loss)
£	£
36,330	(6,308)
(8,319)	(429)
28,011	(6,737)
	share capital and reserves £ 36,330 (8,319)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 6. Fixed asset investments (continued)

D	T 41	14
Partic	ibatina	interests

Prepayments and accrued income

## **Associates**

7.

Associates					
Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity	
MGA Cover Services Limited	England	Ordinary	50%	Managing general agency	
The aggregate of the share ca for the associate undertaking w		s at 31 December 2017 ar	nd of the profit	or loss for the year en	ded on that date
				Aggregate of share capital and reserves	Profit/(loss)
				£	Ĺ
MGA Cover Services Limited				82,316	480,067
				82,316	480,067
Debtors					
				2017	2016
				£	£
Trade debtors				349,826	354,941
Amounts owed by group under	taking-Rock Service	es Holdings Ltd		462,038	-
Amounts owed by group under	taking-Rock (SFC) (	Cover Services Ltd		30,049	27,900
Other debtors	- , ,			7,948	39,965
dobtoro				-,	22,230

79,467

502,273

85,097

934,958

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	598,332	1,195,702
	Amounts owed to group undertaking-Rock Cover Services Ltd	1,412,645	175,495
	Other taxation and social security	42,795	44,551
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	47,079	48,011
	Other creditors	91,631	33,168
	Accruals and deferred income	318,730	273,456
		2,511,212	1,770,383
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	12,423	61,600
		12,423	61,600
10.	Hire purchase and finance leases  Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Within one year	58,000	58,000
	Between 1-5 years	795	58,795
		58,795	116,795
11.	Share capital		
		2017	2016
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid	£	£
	102 A Ordinary shares of £1 each	102	102
	98 B Ordinary shares of £1 each	98	98
		200	200
	<del>-</del>	<del></del> -	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 12. Pension commitments

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held seperately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £32,687 (2016: £36,998). Outstanding contributions amounted to £9,662 (2016: £3,635) at the year end

## 13. Related party transactions

**Mr M J Cheetham** - a director, provided consultancy services to the company during the year amounting to £20,136 (2016: £19,913).

**Spark LLP** - business owed by the spouse of director and shareholder Mr A J Martin, provided PR services to the company during the year amounting to £33,000 (2016: £32,220). Amount due to the related party, at the year end (included in creditors due witin 1 year) amounted to £2,750 (2016: £3,060).

**Electric Farm Limited** - business owned by the spouse of director Ms K Vyse, provided marketing and consultancy services to the company during the year amounting to £36,449 (2016: £25,504).

Rock Services Holdings Limited - parent company holding 100% of the issued share capital in the company. Inter company balance due from the related party, at the year end (included in debtors due within 1 year) amounted to £462,038.

Rock (SFC) Cover Services Limited - a subsidiary company of which the company owns 100% of the issued share capital.Inter company balance due from the related party, at the year end (included in debtors due within 1 year) amounted to £30,049 (2016: £27,900).

**Rock Cover Services Limited** - a subsidiary company of which the company owns 90% of the issued share capital.Inter company balance due to the related party, at the year end (included in creditors due within 1 year) amounted to £1,412,645 (2016: £175,495).

MGA Cover Services Limited - 50% owned joint venture with Advantage Financial Services Limited. Commissions payable to MGA Cover Services Limited in respect of insurance declarations amounted to £54,816 (2016: £77,714). Management fees receivable from MGA Cover Services Limited amounted to £99,908 (2016: £81,796) Amount due to the related party amounted to £24,108 (2016: £23,032) at the year end. The company also received £340,000 as dividends from MGA Cover Services Limited for the year ending 31 December 2017 (2016: £150,000).

## 14. Controlling party

The company is a 100% owned subsidiary of Rock Services Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, whose registered office is situated at 135 High Street, Crawley, West Sussex, England, RH10 1DQ. Rock Services Holdings Limited is the ultimate parent undertaking in the group.

# 15. Debenture charge

A debenture charge was registered on 5 February 2018 in favour of Clydesdale Bank Plc.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.