Company Registration No. 04252744

RBSSAF (27) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2009

Group Secretariat
The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc
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Gogarburn
P O Box 1000
Edinburgh
EH12 1HQ

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COMPANIES HOUSE

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS S Caterer

P Sullivan R Warren J Rogers

SECRETARY C Whittaker

REGISTERED OFFICE The Quadrangle

The Quadrangle The Promenade Cheltenham Gloucestershire GL50 1PX

AUDITORS Deloitte LLP

Bristol

Registered in England and Wales

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

This directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to Companies entitled to the small companies exemption

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of fixed asset finance usually involving individually structured facilities. The Company has no active leases at present and will be guided by its parent company in looking for future opportunities.

The retained profit for the period was £1 (2008 £943) and this was transferred to reserves. The directors do not recommend that a dividend be paid (2008 £nil)

The directors do not anticipate any material change in either the type or level of activities of the Company including regarding the continued availability of sufficient resources from the group

The directors, having made such enquiries as they considered appropriate, including regarding the continued availability of sufficient resources from Group, have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. They considered the financial statements of The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc for the year ended 31 December 2009, approved on 24 February 2010, which were prepared on a going concern basis.

DIRECTORS' AND SECRETARY

The present directors and secretary, who have served throughout the year except where noted below, are listed on page 1

From 1 January 2009 to date the following changes have taken place

	Appointed	Resigned
Directors		
l Shephard		10 February 2009
J Rogers	16 March 2009	

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, International Accounting Standard 1 requires that directors.

- properly select and apply accounting policies,
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information,
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance, and
- make an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern

DIRECTORS' REPORT - continued

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES - continued

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- a) so far as he/she is aware there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware and
- b) the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and shall be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006

AUDITORS

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

S Caterer

Director

Date 29 June 2010

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RBSSAF (27) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of RBSSAF (27) Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement, the statement of changes in equity and the related Notes 1 to 15. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended.

have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or

the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or

certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or

we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or

the directors are not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors report

Simon Cleveland (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Bristol, United Kingdom

30 June 2010

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the year ended 31 December 2009

CONTINUING OPERATIONS	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Finance income	5	1	1,320
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		1	1,320
Tax charge	6		(377)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	13	1	943
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Other comprehensive income after tax			<u> </u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		1	943

2009

2008

2,492

BA	ALANCI	SHEET
as	at 31 D	ecember 2009

		2000	2000
	Note	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS			
CORRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	8	-	2,491
Cash and cash equivalents	9	-	1

		
TOTAL ASSETS	<u> </u>	2,492

CURRENT LIABILITIES		

Trade and other payables	10	(1,129)	(376)
Borrowings	11	(24,360)	(27,606)
		(25,489)	(27,982)

TOTAL LIABILITIES	(25,489)	(27,982)

NET LIABILITIES	(25,489)	(25,490)

DEFICIT

Share capital	12	100	100
Retained losses	13	(25,589)	(25,590)

TOTAL DEFICIT	(25,489)	(25,490)
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The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 June 2010 and signed on its behalf by

S J Caterer Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 31 December 2009

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	14	3,245	5,904
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayments of borrowings		(3,246)	(37,394)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(3,246)	(37,394)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(1)	(31,490)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		1	31,491
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	9	-	1

- STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY as at 31 December 2009

	Share Capital £	Retained Earnings £	Total Equity £
BALANCE AT 1 JANUARY 2008 Total comprehensive income for the year	100	(26,533) 943	(26,433) 943
BALANCE AT 1 JANUARY 2009 Total comprehensive income for the year	100	(25,590)	(25,490) 1
BALANCE AT 31 DECEMBER 2009	100	(25,589)	(25,489)

· NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted for use in the EU. The Company in addition to complying with its legal obligation to comply with IFRS as adopted for use in the European Union, also complies with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The principal accounting policies are set out below

The directors do not believe the adoption of any Standards or Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective will have any material impact on the financial statements of the Company

The company has within it balances owed to fellow group companies, the directors believe that there have been no significant judgements and assumptions involved in the Company's accounting policies

The accounts, which should be read in conjunction with the Directors' Report, are prepared on a going concern basis and in accordance with IFRS

b ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS

The company has adopted the revisions to IAS 1 "Presentation of financial statements" which introduced a single performance statement "Statement of Comprehensive Income" and extended the "Statement of Changes in Equity" no items were restated or reclassified

c BORROWING COSTS

All borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred

d TAXATION

Provision is made for taxation at current enacted rates on taxable profits

Deferred taxation is accounted for in full for all temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability for accounting purposes and its carrying amount for tax purposes. Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered.

e FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial asset categories are loans and receivables. Loans and receivables comprise 'trade and other receivables' and 'cash and cash equivalents' in the balance sheet.

The Company's financial liabilities are all categorised as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost. This comprises 'borrowings' and 'trade and other payables' in the balance sheet.

The Company does not account for any financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

f TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables are measured on initial recognition at fair value, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Trade and other receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value.

q CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value

h BORROWINGS

Borrowings are initially recorded at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method

· NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Trade and other payables are not interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value.

OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated before charging or crediting investment income and finance costs

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

a INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have any interest bearing borrowings.

b CURRENCY RISK

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company has no currency risk

c CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk arising from the possibility that the Company will incur losses from the failure of counterparties to meet their obligations. Credit risk is managed through The Royal Bank of Scotland plc Group Credit Risk Management Framework to enable the Group to achieve appropriate risk versus reward performance whilst maintaining credit risk exposure in line with approved risk appetite on a Group basis. The Framework encompasses credit risk assessment prior to the approval of any credit exposure, and the control and monitoring of these exposures against approved limits.

d LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due

Any maturity mis-match within the overall long-term structure of the Company's assets and liabilities is managed to ensure that term asset commitments may be funded on an economic basis over their life. The short-term maturity structure of the Company's liabilities and assets is managed on a daily basis to ensure that all cash flow obligations can be met as they arise. Any shortfall in cash flows will be met by a capital contribution from the parent company

e CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company is a member of a group with regulatory disciplines over the use of its capital. Although the Company itself is not regulated it aims to maintain capital resources commensurate with the nature, scale and risk profile of its business. It regards its capital as the total equity as shown on the balance sheet.

· NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 AUDIT COSTS

Costs incurred in respect of audit services to the Company have been borne by Royal Bank Leasing Limited in 2009 and 2008. No recharge was made to the company. The amounts that would have been recharged are

		2009 £	2008 £
	Auditors' remuneration - for audit services	564	564
4	STAFF COSTS		
	All directors are employed and remunerated by The Royal Bank of Scotland plc, recharge to the Company in the year (2008 nil)	which did not make a	
	The average monthly number of employees was nil (2008 nil)		
5	FINANCE INCOME	2009 £	2008 £
	Interest receivable from group undertakings	1	1,320
6	TAXATION	2009	2008
а	ANALYSIS OF TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR	£	£
	Current tax charge		
	- Group relief payable on profit for the year - Adjustment in respect of prior periods	<u> </u>	376 1
	Deferred tax - origination and reversal of timing differences	-	377
	 Current year Impact of rate change from 30% to 28% Adjustment in respect of prior periods 	- -	-
	Tax charge	-	377
b	FACTORS AFFECTING THE TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Profit before tax	1_	1,320
	Tax on profit at the rate of 28% (2008) blended rate 28.5%) Adjustment to tax charge in respect of prior periods	-	376 1
	Tax charge	-	377
	The standard corporation tax rate changed from 30% to 28% effective from 1 An	ril 2008	

The standard corporation tax rate changed from 30% to 28% effective from 1 April 2008

. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a CARRYING VALUE AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT BY CATEGORY

	Carrying value 2009 £	Fair value 2009 £	Carrying value 2008 £	Fair value 2008 £
Loans and receivables				
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	-	- -	2,491 1	2,491 1
Financial assets			2,492	2,492
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost				
Trade and other payables Borrowings	1,129 24,360	1,129 24,360	376 27,606	376 27,606
Financial liabilities	25,489	25,489	27,982	27,982
b FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT - CARRYING AMOU	NT BY MARKET	RISK EXPOSURE	2009	2008
Interest rate risk			£	£
Financial assets				
- variable rate - non-interest bearing		-	<u>-</u> _	1 2,491
			<u> </u>	2,492
Financial liabilities				
- non-interest bearing		-	25,489	27,982
		=	25,489	27,982
If market interest rates had been 2% (2008 not have been materially affected (2008 £5.			and equity of the Con	npany would
c FINANCIAL ASSET - CREDIT QUALITY AND C	ONCENTRATION	OF CREDIT RISK	2009 £	2008 £
Maximum credit exposure and neither past	due nor impaired		2	4
Group undertakings				2,492
Based on counterparty payment history the including past due to be of good credit quali		ers all the above fina	ncial assets	
d LIQUIDITY RISK				
Contractual cash flows payable to maturity of	on financial liabilit	ies on an undiscount	ed basis	
			2009	2008
All amounts due in less that 1 year			£	£
Trade payables Borrowings			1,129 24,360	376 27,606
		- -	25,489	27,982

• NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			2009 £	2008 £
	Amounts due from group undertakings		-	<u>-</u>	2,491
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			2009 £	2008 £
	Bank account with group undertakings				1
10	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			2009 £	2008 £
	Amounts due to group undertakings		=	1,129	376
11	BORROWINGS			2009 £	2008 £
	Borrowings repayable on demand or within or	ne year		_	_
	Loan amount due to group undertakings		_	24,360	27,606
	A right of set-off exists over the Company's bank account with The Royal Bank of Scotland plc against advances made to the Company's immediate holding company and its subsidiaries				
	The effective interest rate on the loan is 0% (2	2008 0%) p a			
12	SHARE CAPITAL	2009	2008	2009	2008
	Ordinary shares of £1	Number of	shares	£	£
	Authorised	100	100	100	100
	Issued, called up and fully paid	100	100	100	100
	The Company has one class of ordinary voting shares which carry no right to fixed income				
13	RETAINED EARNINGS			£	
	Balance at 1 January 2008 Profit for the financial year		_	(26,533) 943	
	Balance at 1 January 2009 Profit for the financial year		_	(25,590) 1	
	Balance at 31 December 2009		==	(25,589)	

* NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14 NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT	2009 £	2008 £
Profit before tax	1	1,320
Adjustments for		
Interest income	-	(1,320)
Decrease in receivables	2,491	
Cash generated by operations	2,492	-
Income taxes received	753	7,287
Interest paid		(1,383)
Net cash from operating activities	3,245	5,904

15 RELATED PARTIES

On 1 December 2008, the UK Government through HM Treasury became the ultimate controlling party of The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc The UK Government's shareholding is managed by UK Financial Investments Limited, a company wholly owned by the UK Government

The Group's ultimate holding company is The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc and its immediate parent company is Royal Bank Leasing Limited Both companies are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in Scotland

As at 31 December 2009, The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc heads the largest group in which the Group is consolidated and The Royal Bank of Scotland plc heads the smallest group in which the Group is consolidated. Copies of the consolidated accounts of both companies may be obtained from The Secretary, The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, Gogarburn, PO Box 1000, Edinburgh EH12 1HQ

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Royal Bank Leasing Limited	2009 £	2008 £
Transactions during the period		
Interest on loan paid to related party Group relief received from related party Loan repaid to related party	753 3,246	1,320 7,287 37,394
Balances at year end		
Group relief owed to related party Outstanding balance owed to related party	(1,129) (24,360)	(25,492)
The Royal Bank of Scotland plc		
Balances at year end		
Bank account with group undertakings		1

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given or received No provisions have been made for doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties. Both The Royal Bank of Scotland pic and Royal Bank Leasing Limited are fellow subsidiaries of the ultimate holding company The Royal Bank of Scotland Group pic.